

## HISTORY INFORMATION FOR THE FOLLOWING MANUAL:

# *SERVICE MANUAL (COMMON)*

---

GN3TR *CHASSIS*

Segment: KF

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Subject</b>
1	10/2016	1 <sup>st</sup> Issue.
2	02/2017	Add 49in and 55in models

LCD TV  
**SONY**<sup>®</sup>

9-888-720-02

For SM - Unique , please refer :

9-888-720-Ax ( America )

9-888-720-Cx ( China )

9-888-720-Ex ( Europe )

9-888-720-Px ( Pan Asia )

# *SERVICE MANUAL (COMMON)*

---

GN3TR *CHASSIS*

Segment: KF

LCD TV  
**SONY**<sup>®</sup>

# MODEL LIST

THIS SERVICE MANUAL CONTAINS COMMON INFORMATION FOR BELOW REGIONS AND MODELS:

## REGION

ASIA

AMERICA

EUROPE

CHINA

JAPAN

## MODEL

FW-43XE8\*

FW-49XE8\*

FW-55XE8\*

KD-43XE8\*

FW-49X8\*E

FW-55X8\*E

KD-43X8\*E

KD-49XE8\*

KD-55XE8\*

KJ-43X8\*E

KD-49X8\*E

KD-55X8\*E

XBR-43X8\*E

KJ-49X8\*E

XBR-55X8\*E

XBR-49X8\*E

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

---

<u>Section Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
1. SAFETY NOTES	5
2. SELF DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION	14
3. TROUBLE SHOOTING	18
4. SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS	124
5. DIAGRAMS	135

Please refer to Service Procedure for Panel , Board and Software Change / Upgrade Manual , part number 9-888-719-0x in TISS .


Please refer Service Manual – Unique for below information :

- Safety Warnings
- Wire Dressing
- Circuit Board Location
- Disassembly and Exploded View.

Note: Pictures provided in this Service Manual might have slight difference from the actual sets.

## SECTION 1 SAFETY NOTES

### 1-1. Warnings and Caution

- 1) These servicing instructions are for use by qualified service personnel only.
- 2) To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the operating instructions unless you are qualified to do so.
- 3) An isolation transformer should be used during any service to avoid Possible shock hazard, because of live chassis. The chassis of this receiver is directly connected to the ac power line.
- 4) Be sure to follow these guidelines to protect your property and avoid causing serious injury :
  - Carry the TV with an adequate number of people; larger size TVs require two or more people.
  - Correct hand placement while carrying the TV is very important for safety and to avoid damages.
- 5) Components identified by shading and  mark on the exploded views, and in the parts list are critical for safe operation. Replace these components with Sony parts whose part numbers appear as shown in this manual or in supplements published by Sony. Circuit adjustments that are critical for safe operation are identified in this manual. Follow these procedures whenever critical components are replaced or improper operation is suspected.

### 1-2. Caution Handling of LCD Panel

When repairing the LCD Panel, make sure you are grounded with a wrist band. When repairing the LCD Panel on the wall, the panel must be secured using the 4 mounting holes on the rear cover.

- 1) Do not press the panel or frame edge to avoid the risk of electric shock.
- 2) Do not scratch or press on the panel with any sharp objects.
- 3) Do not leave the module in high temperature or in areas of high humidity for an extended period of time.
- 4) Do not expose the LCD panel to direct sunlight.
- 5) Avoid contact with water. It may cause short circuit within the module.
- 6) Disconnect the AC power when replacing the backlight (CCFL) or inverter circuit. (High voltage occurs at the inverter circuit at 650Vrms)
- 7) Always clean the LCD panel with a soft cloth material.
- 8) Use care when handling the wires or connectors of the inverter circuit.  
Damaging the wires may cause a short circuit.
- 9) Protect the panel from ESD to avoid damaging the electronic circuit (C-MOS).
- 10) During the repair, DO NOT leave the Power On or Burn-in period for more than 1 hour while the TV is face down on a cloth.

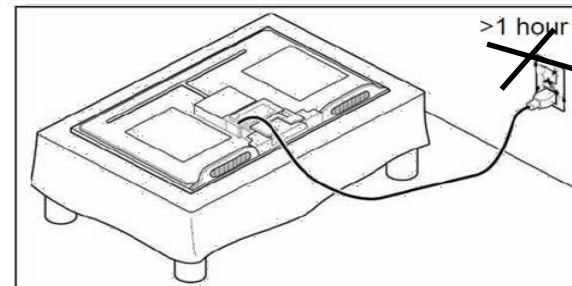


Figure 1. TV is faced down on a cloth during repair.

### 1-3. Caution About the Lithium Battery

- 1) Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type.
- 2) Outer case broken battery should not contact to water.

### 1-4. Safety Check-Out

After correcting the original service problem, perform the following safety checks before releasing the set to the customer:-

- 1) Check the area of your repair for unsoldered or poorly soldered connections. Check the entire board surface for solder splashes and bridges.
- 2) Check the inter board wiring to ensure that no wires are pinched or contact high-wattage resistors.
- 3) Check all control knobs, shields, covers, ground straps and mounting hardware have been replaced. Be absolutely certain you have replaced all the insulators.
- 4) Look for unauthorized replacement parts, particularly transistors that were installed during a previous repair. Point them out to the customer and recommend their replacement.
- 5) Look for parts which, though functioning show obvious signs of deterioration. Point them out to the customer and recommend their replacement.
- 6) Check the line cords for cracks and abrasion. Recommend the replacement of any such line cord to the customer.
- 7) Check the antenna terminals, metal trim, metalized knobs, screws and all other exposed metal parts for AC leakage. Check leakage test as described next.
8. For safety reasons, repairing the Power board and/or Inverter board is prohibited.

### 1-5. Leakage Test

(To protect electric shock when customer touch the terminal.)

Leakage current can be measured by V: Voltmeter or oscilloscope (r.m.s. or peak reading)

Stabilized power supply instrument and isolated voltage transformer:

Use too much current capacity and isolated voltage transformer does not need to use stabilized power supply equipment.

Specification of RMS volt meter: Input resistance > 1 Mohm, Input capacitance < 200 pF, Frequency range: 15 Hz – 1MHz . Refer Figure 1.

Isolated type volt -meter (FLUKE 8921A etc \*1)

\*1 Not use FLUKE 8920A that connected to protective earth by diode

# Leakage current of measurement instrument is less than 10µArms when under test equipment AC plug is opened

# Set up the following condition and turn on the set. Applied voltage:

Nominal input voltage (Description on Nameplate)

# Measure the leakage current between one phase conductor and neutral for terminal 1 and terminal

2. Read rms value, and then calculate to peak value PEAK VALUE =  $\sqrt{2}$  RMS VALUE

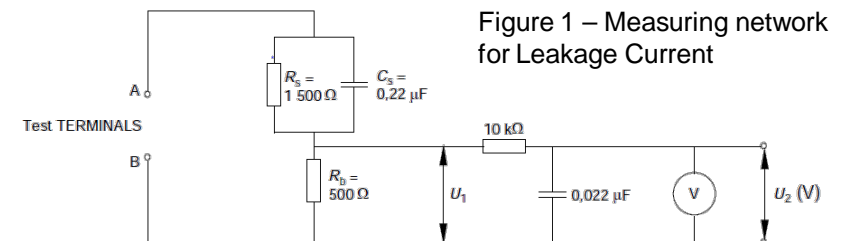
Comply with the following requirement

Class II equipment (2-pin plug): for each terminal, the worst value of measurement must not exceed AC 283uA peak).

Note: including AC adaptor, AC adaptor/DC operated unit combination

Note: Products which are always used in touch with human body: 141uA (peak)

Note: As for products destined for Southeast Asia (Rod Antenna is accessory. Or it is packed with a product.), the worst value must not exceed AC 141uA (peak).



## 1-6. How to Find a Good Earth Ground

- 1) A cold-water pipe is a guaranteed earth ground; the cover-plate retaining screw on most AC outlet boxes is also at earth ground.
- 2) If the retaining screw is to be used as your earth ground, verify that it is at ground by measuring the resistance between it and a cold-water pipe with an ohmmeter. The reading should be zero ohms.
- 3) If a cold-water pipe is not accessible, connect a 60- to 100-watt trouble-light (not a neon lamp) between the hot side of the receptacle and the retaining screw. Try both slots, if necessary, to locate the hot side on the line; the lamp should light at normal brilliance if the screw is at ground potential (see Figure 3).

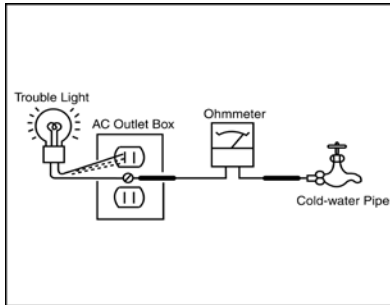


Figure B. Checking for earth ground.

Figure 3. Checking for earth ground.

## 1-7. Lead Free Information

The circuit boards used in these models have been processed using Lead Free Solder. The boards are identified by the LF logo located close to the board designation.



Figure 4: LF Logo

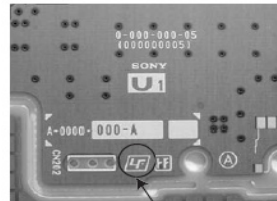
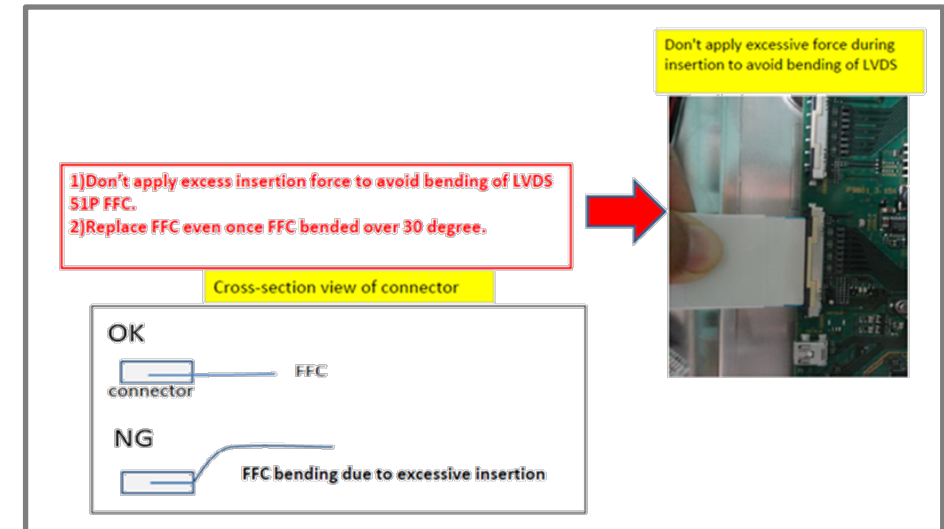


Figure 5: LF logo on circuit board

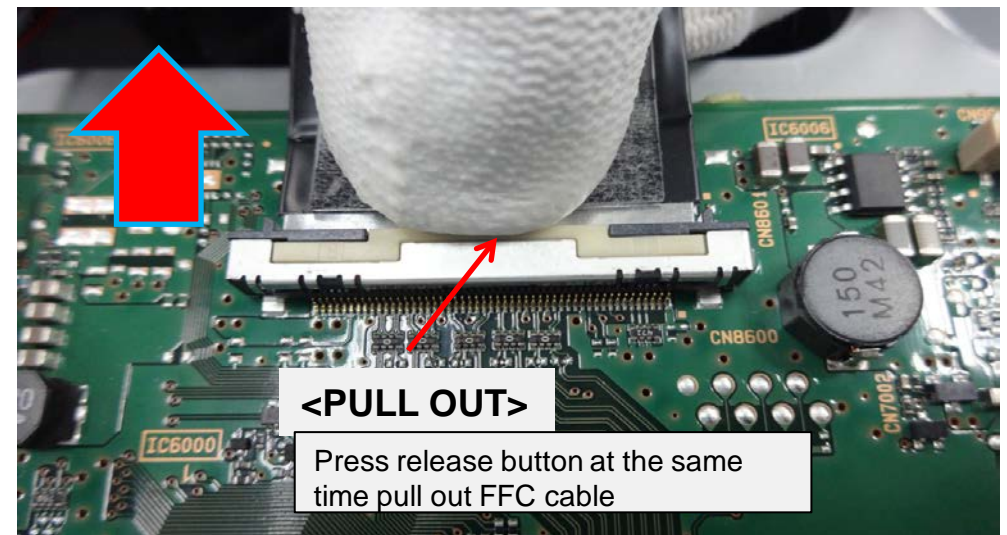
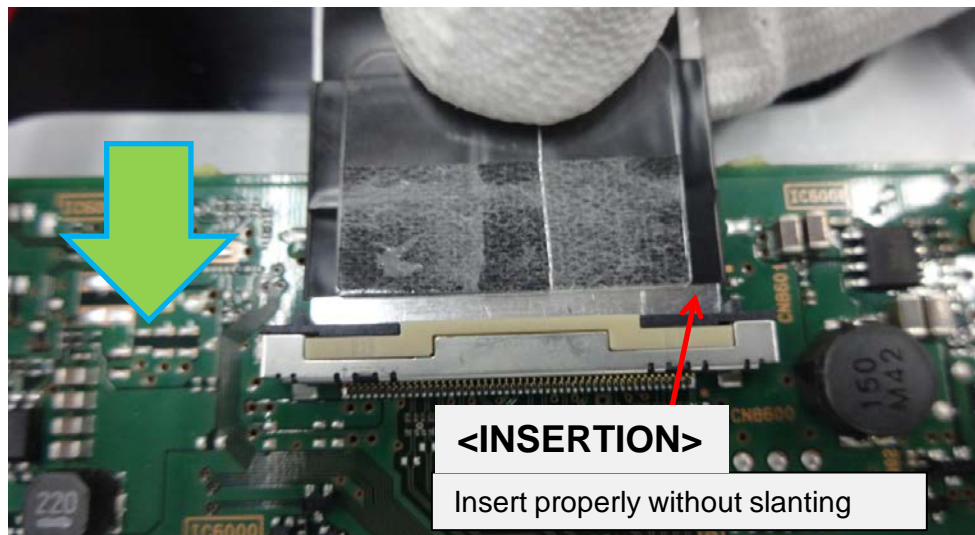
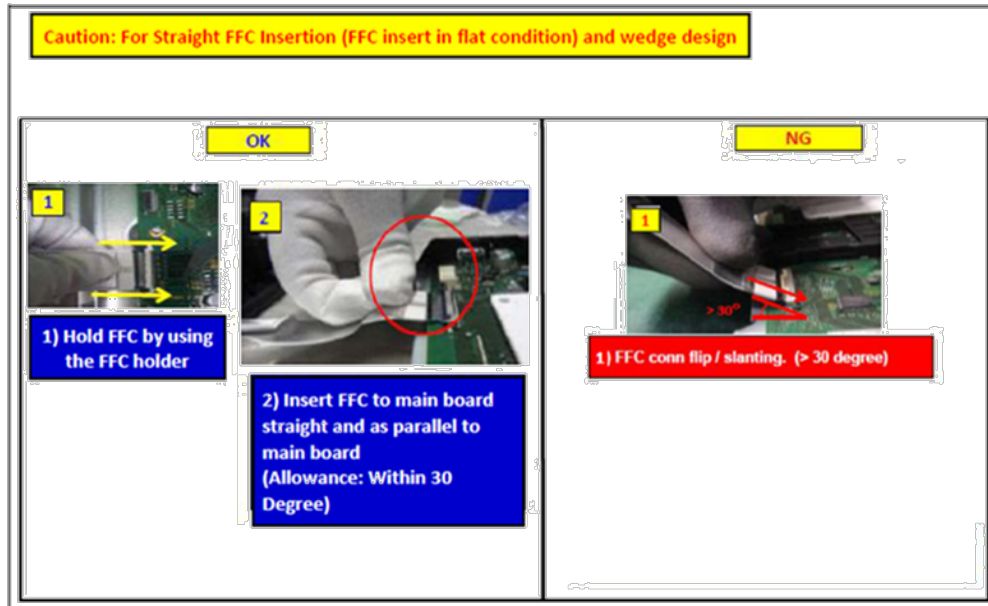
The servicing of these boards requires special precautions. It is strongly recommended to use Lead Free Solder material in order to guarantee optimal quality of new solder joints.

## 1-8. Handling the FLEXIBLE FLAT CABLE (FFC)

- When you insert / pull out FFC, please grasp a reinforcement board and main body of FFC.



## 1-8. Handling the FLEXIBLE FLAT CABLE (FFC) ( continue )

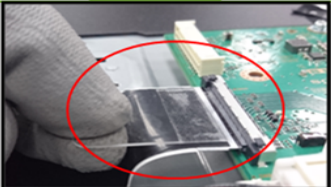




## 1-8. Handling the FLEXIBLE FLAT CABLE (FFC) ( continue )

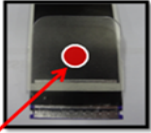
**Caution: For Straight FFC Side Insertion**

OK




Hold FFC using one hand by FFC holder only

Holding position reference :  
Center of the reinforcement board  
For reinforcement board length:  
(32±3mm)




Please hold the reinforcement board at the  
Highlighted area only during FFC insertion


NG



Do NOT hold FFC reinforcement board together with the FFC body



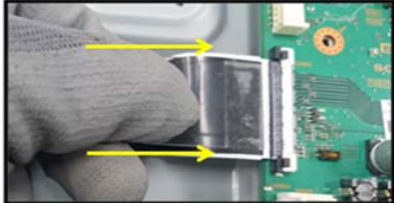
Do NOT hold FFC by using two hand



Do NOT hold FFC at the edge of reinforcement board

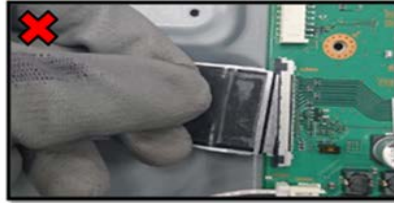
Caution : Follow sequence & Avoid NG conditions

OK



Insert FFC to main board connector  
straight and parallel to the connector

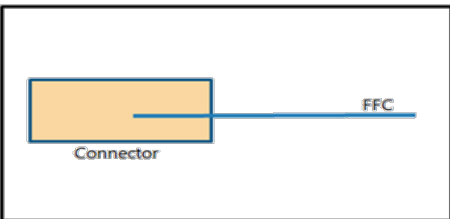
NG



Do not insert FFC in slanting condition

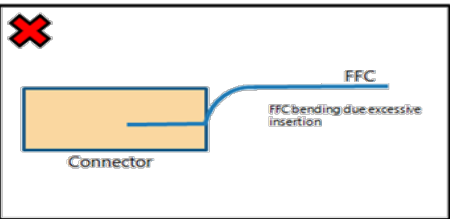
Caution : Follow sequence & Avoid NG conditions

OK



After insertion make sure FFC in straight  
condition

NG

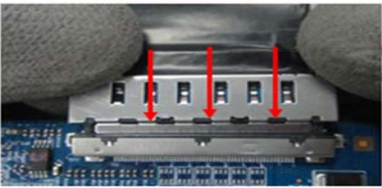


Do not apply excess insertion force  
to avoid bending of FFC


Caution : Follow sequence & Avoid NG conditions

Caution for FFC with connector installation at panel side



OK



NG



Abnormal handling will cause contact shifted & foreign particles issue as picture below:

\*Note: FFC connector housing as in image is only for reference purpose. Actual connector may vary by each vendor

## 1-8. Handling the FLEXIBLE FLAT CABLE (FFC) ( continue )

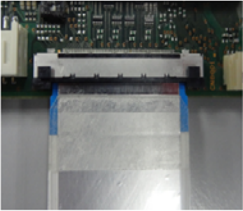
< Application > Withdrawal of FFC using Non-ZIF (IPEX connector)

< Connector location > Main board side


< Method > See as follows

< Caution > See as follows

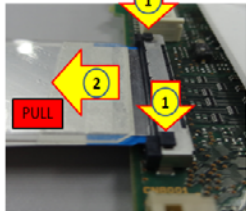
Initial condition



Step 1



Step 2



- 1 Press the release lock button downward at same time (highlighted in red).
- 2 Pull FFC in straight direction while pressing both release lock button at the same time.

**Note:** FFC as in image is only for reference purpose. Actual FFC outlook may vary by each vendor.

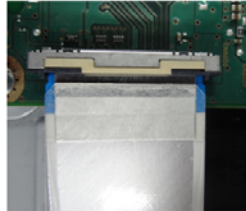
< Application > Withdrawal of FFC using Non-ZIF (Yamaichi connector)

< Connector location > Main board side

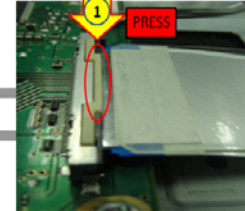
< Method > See as follows

< Caution > See as follows

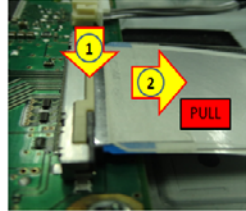
Initial condition



Step 1



Step 2



- 1 Press the release lock button downward (highlighted in red).
- 2 Pull FFC in straight direction while pressing release lock button at the same time.

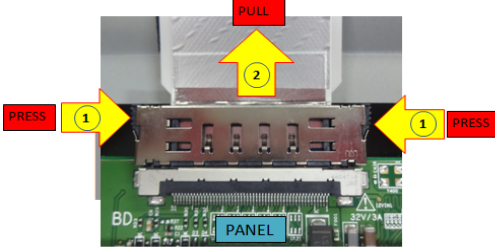
**Note:** FFC as in image is only for reference purpose. Actual FFC outlook may vary by each vendor.

< Application > Withdrawal of 51P FFC using plug type from panel side

Connector location > Panel side

< Method > See as follows

< Caution > See as follows



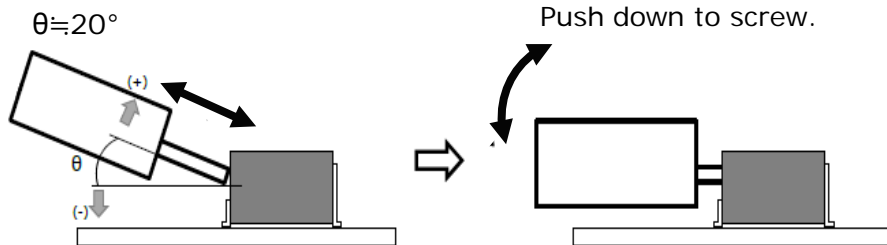
- 1 Please press on both lock release button
- 2 Pull FFC in straight direction while holding both lock release button at the same time

**Note:** FFC as in image is only for reference purpose. Actual FFC outlook may vary by each vendor.

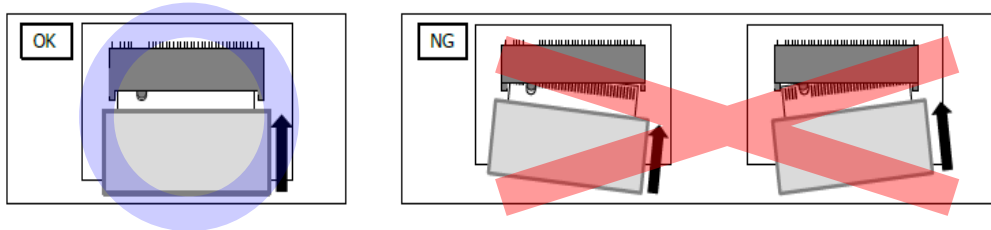
## 1-9. Solder-less tuner replacement procedure

### Mounting Method

- ① The insertion & extraction angle of the module is permitted to specified degree for connector



- ② Please insert or extract the module straightly toward the connector. Do NOT insert or extract the module with an angle.



### Service manual operation (agreed by service member):

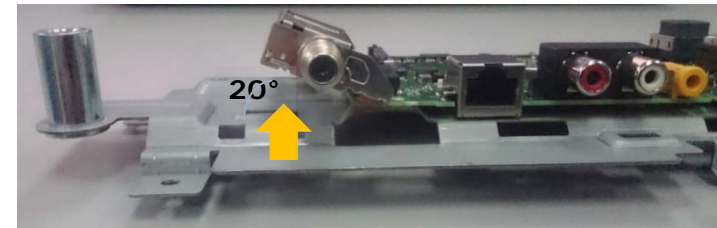
Not using insertion jig. Due quantity not many as production.

SC can control by:

1) Issue service manual for WW ASC.

2) Give training/lecture how to assemble tuner. Will be handle by SOEM service

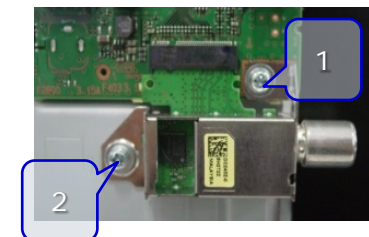
- For removing Tuner Module, In the case of small type Tuner module. After un screwed, Automatically the Module will float to correct degree. So please extract it with keeping this degree.



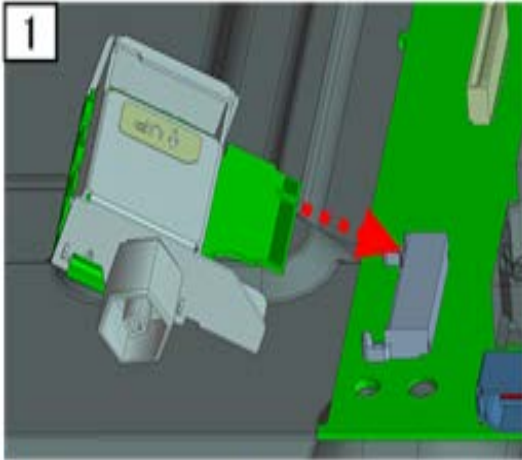
- Please confirms whether no dust and no bend on terminal of connector(CN2800) and card-edge connector

- Attachment order of screw.

1. Side of antenna terminal (W/BFX board).
2. Rear side of Tuner module.

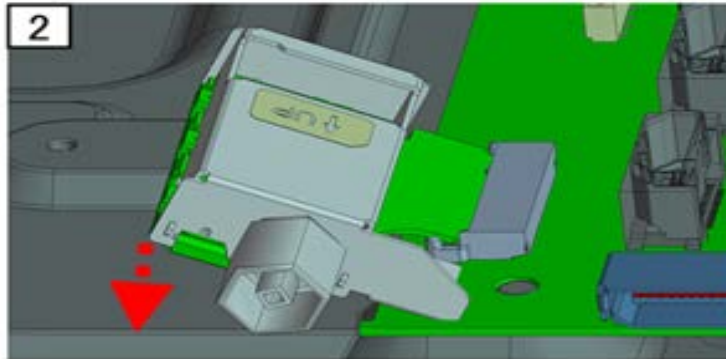
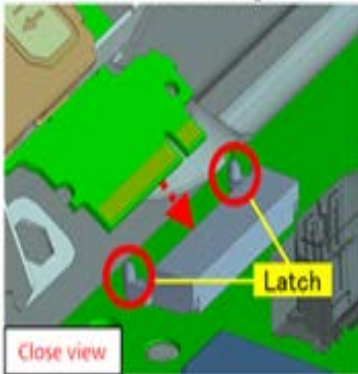


## 1-9. Solder-less tuner replacement procedure (Cont.)



1). Insert Tuner carefully in straight condition (cannot slanting) to card edge connector.

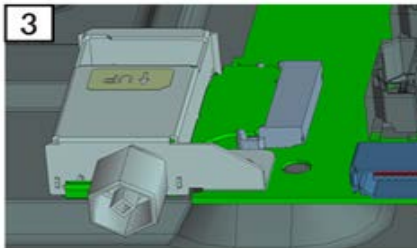
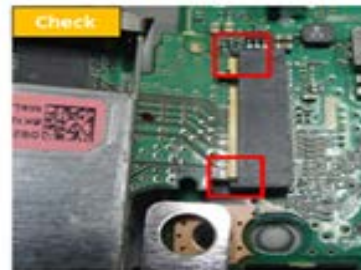
- Do not hit latch during insertion (do not insert 0 degree condition )



2). Confirm Tuner can insert to connector correctly.

→ Check Tuner card not hitting to Left/Right edge.

→ Ensure that Tuner is fully insert ( Terminal cannot be seen )



3). Make sure, tuner is easy to press down.

If it is hard to press down the tuner, do not force the Tuner.  
Repeat step 1 & 2.



Tuner fully inserted.  
1. Both pin connector can see inside the tuner board  
2. Terminal cannot be seen



Tuner half inserted.  
1. Both pin connector cannot be seen inside the tuner board.  
2. Terminal can be seen.

## 1-9. Solder-less tuner replacement procedure ( Cont. )

### Caution Point during Insertion

Carefully slot in the Tuner. Ensure the terminal directly insert to the housing.  
Wrong insertion will damage the terminal.



**NG**

Terminal at below housing



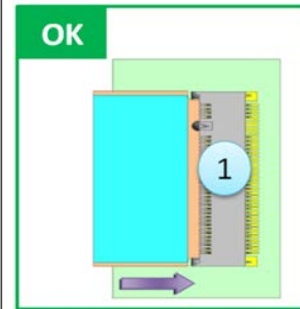
**NG**

Terminal at upper housing  
Terminal at 0 degree  
insertion

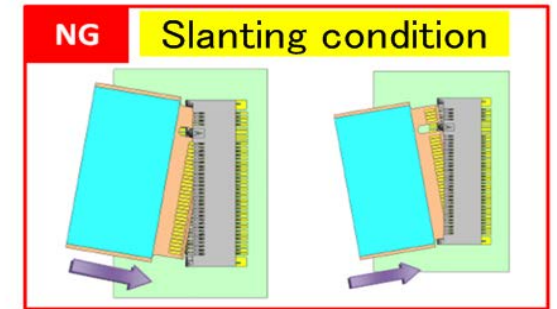


**OK**

Terminal slot in directly  
into housing

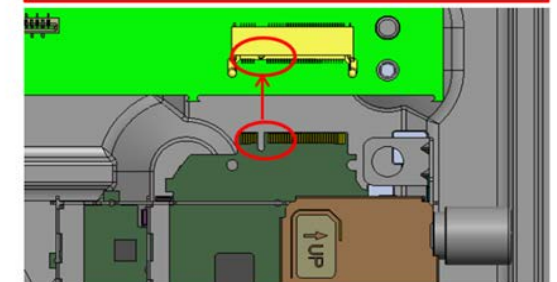


**OK**



**NG**

**Slanting condition**



## SECTION 2 SELF DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

The units in this manual contain a self-diagnostic function. If an error occurs, the Smart Core Red LED will automatically begin to flash.

The number of times the LED flashes translates to a probable source of the problem.

A definition of the Smart Core Red LED flash indicators is listed in the instruction manual for the user's knowledge and reference.

If an error symptom cannot be reproduced, the remote commander can be used to review the failure occurrence data stored in memory to reveal past problems and how often these problems occur.

### DIAGNOSTIC TEST INDICATORS

When an error occurs, the Smart Core Red LED will flash a set number of times to indicate the possible cause of the problem.

If there is more than one error, the LED will identify the first of the problem areas.

Result for all of the following diagnostic items are displayed on screen.

If the screen displays a "0", no error has occurred .

Smart Core RED LED blinking count	Detection Items
2x	<B/G/A/LD> Main 12V over voltage [MAIN_POWER]
3x	<B> Main 5.0V failure [DC_ALERT]
	<B/S/K> Audio amp. protection [AUD_ERR]
4x (KP/KPSP/KS only)	<LD/P> LED driver failure/LED voltage protection [LD_ERR] <LD/P> <i>Error detection of the I2C communication between the Main device and the LD IC.[BCM_ERR]</i>
5x	<P/T/G/B> <i>Panel ID EEPROM I2C No ACK (Also panel power failure is a suspect) [P_ID_ERR]</i>
6x	<G/P/B/LD> Backlight failure [BACKLIGHT]
7x	Over temperature protection [TEMP_ERR]
	<B> Temp. sensor I2C No ACK [TEMP_ERR]
8x (KP/KPSP) 8x (KS)	<B> 4KBE Error (4KBE WDT) <B> 4KPQ Error (4KPQ WDT)

*Blue italic:* detect at startup sequence only.

<G> : Power supply board,  
 <B> : Main board,  
 <T> : T-con board,  
 <LD> : LD board (if AC adapter model, it would power supply for Set),  
 <P> : Panel module,  
 <S> : Speaker,  
 <A> : Power Adapter,  
 <Tu> : Tuner board,  
 <K> : Audio board (KFW/KPSP only)

Record Only Item	Detection Items
TU_DEMOD	<B/Tu> Tuner & Demodulator I2C communication failure Tuner board set detect signal monitoring
TCON_ERR (KP/KPSP/KS/KH only)	<T> <i>T-CON device I2C communication failure</i>
FRCTC_I2C (KS/KH)  (KF/KFW/KFC)	<B> <i>FRC device is not finished Initial sequence</i> FRC device I2C communication failure <T/B> <i>FRC device is not finished Initial sequence</i> FRC device I2C communication failure
AUD_ERR_I2C (KP/KPSP/KS/KH only)	<B/K> Audio amp I2C communication failure
4KPQ_ERR_I2C (KS/KH only)	<B> 4KPQ device I2C communication failure

*Blue italic*: detect at startup sequence only.

<G>: Power supply board,

<B>: Main board,

<T>: T-con board,

<LD>: LD board (if AC adapter model, it would power supply for Set),

<P>: Panel module,

<S>: Speaker,

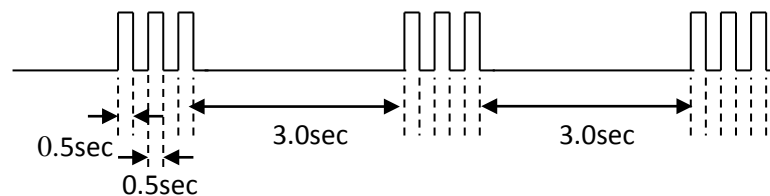
<A>: Power Adapter,

<Tu>: Tuner board,

<K>: Audio board (KFW/KPSP only)

### LED Pattern

When safety shutdown occurs, Standby LED display reports the cause by using the lightning patterns as indicated below.



Example: The figure above shows LED display when SHUTDOWN is caused by Audio Error.

It repeats flashing for a specified number of times in 0.5sec/cycle and has a 3 seconds interval of lighting off.

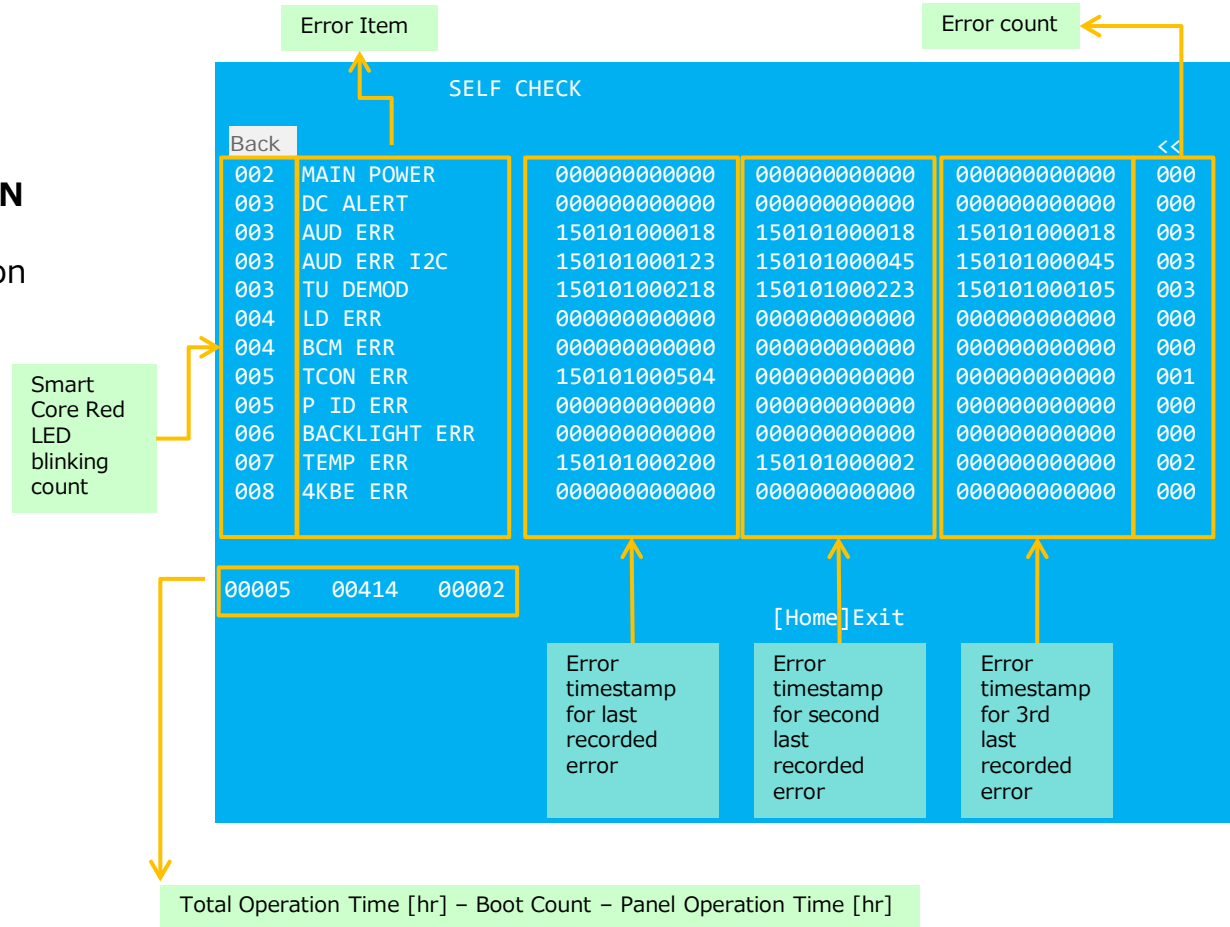
Please note that a 3 seconds interval of lighting off is fixed regardless of abnormal state types.

### Entry (Self Diagnosis Display)

- Go to the standby by a remote.
- Push the buttons sequentially:  
<Display><5><Vol-><Power>

### Exit

- If you want to finish service mode app, do **AC OFF/ON**  
→\*Service mode app is disable perfectly
- if you want to move home menu, push <HOME>button  
→\*Service mode app do background(not disable perfectly)



### Format of error timestamps

YYMMDDhhmmss (in UTC)

Example:

120823132523 -> Aug 23 2012 13:25:23 UTC

- \* Only when time is set, an error timestamp is saved.

### Panel Operation Time clear

<7> -> <0>

### Timestamps and Error Count clear

<8> -> <0>

### Total Operation Time and Boot Count clear

<9> -> <0>

- Panel Operation Time is recorded every 30 min, but Total Operation Time is recorded every 1 hr. Therefore, the panel op. time might become larger than the total op. time.



## Triage Chart

### Before you make the service call...

1. Confirm the symptom from the customer.
2. Select that symptom from the chart.
3. Bring all the boards and cables listed for that symptom.
4. Follow the troubleshooting charts in the technical guides to isolate the board.
5. Chart Color Code

● RED DOT: Most likely defective part

▲ BLUE TRIANGLE: Secondary possible defective part

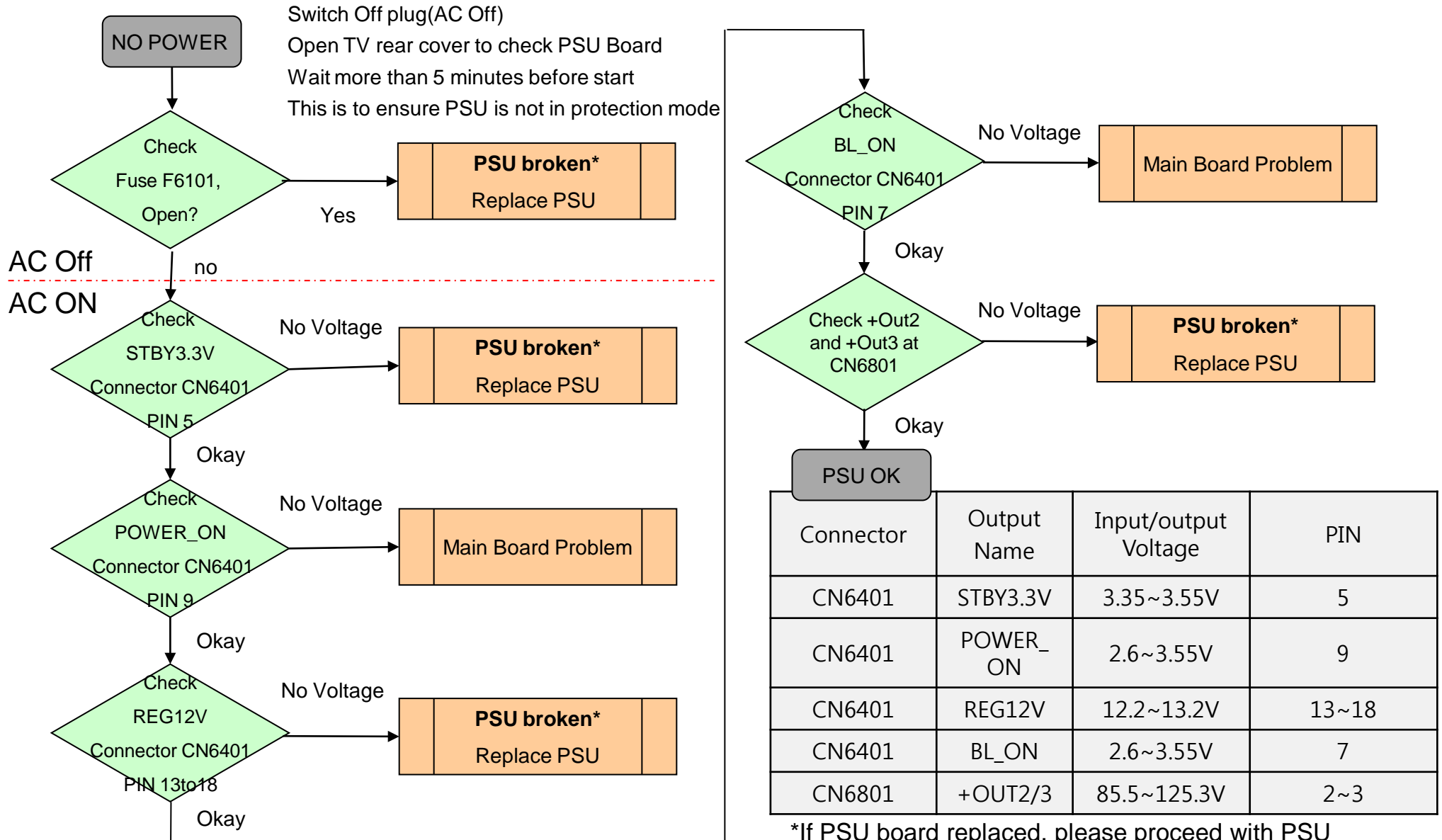
ABC BLACK TEXT: Board that may correct the symptom

GN3 KF segment

Reference	Symptoms - Shutdown. Power LED blinking red diagnostics sequences									No Power	Video - missing or distorted			Remote	Network	Audio	Smart Core	Bluetooth (BT)
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	No White Power LED & does not reponse to remote (Dead Set)	Stationary colored lines or dots	No video One of Inputs	No video all Inputs	No Remote	Wireless can't connect	No Audio	Smart Core no LED (Set is still alive)	Bluetooth / One Step Remote (OSR) can't connect
B* Board	▲	●	▲	▲	▲	●	●			▲	▲	●	●	▲	▲	●	▲	▲
G* Board	●	▲	▲	▲	●					●						▲		
H* Board										▲				●			●	
K* Board		▲														●		
Speaker		▲														●		
Wifi & BT Module							●								●			●
LD* Board			●										▲					
V By One FFC				▲							▲		▲					
Tcon				●					▲		▲		▲					
LCD Panel			▲	●	●	▲					●		▲					

## SECTION 3 TROUBLESHOOTING

### KF/KFW 55" No Power (GL71 PSU board)



\*If PSU board replaced, please proceed with PSU standalone check

## GL71 Broken PSU standalone checking

---

1. Appearance check
2. PSU info checking and confirmation
3. Broken parts checking

Note: PSU board CANNOT be repair(unless requested by design)

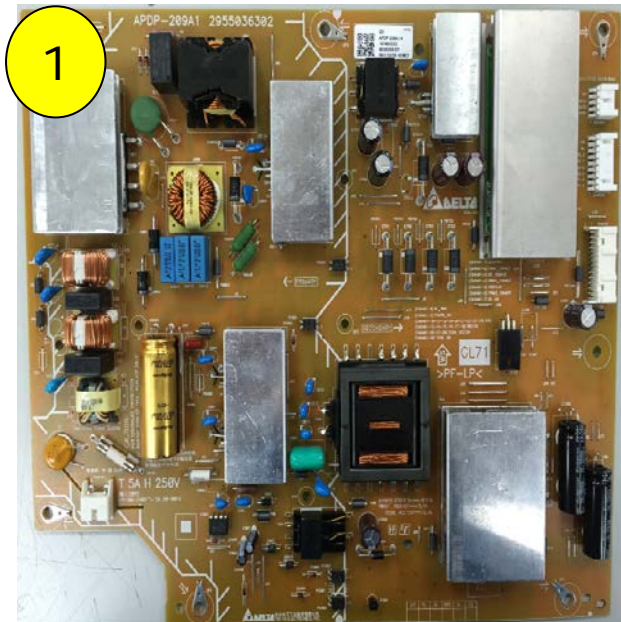
Any request to repair will be instruct.

# Appearance check

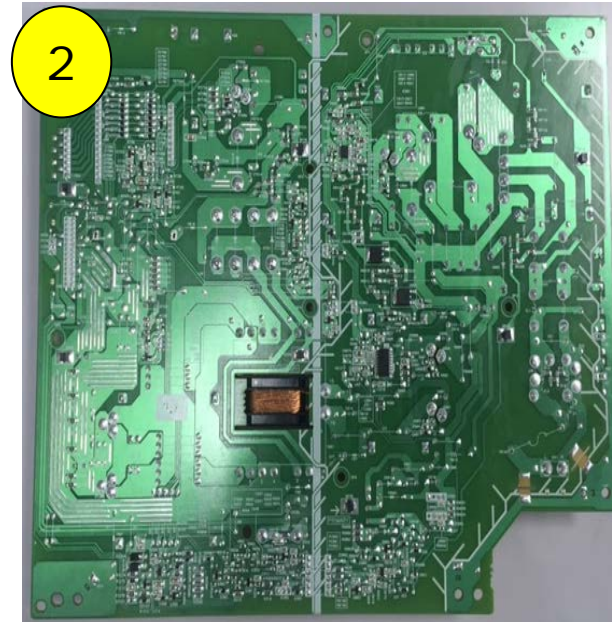
No	Operation	Tool	Remarks
1	Check A-side appearance	Glove	Visual check
	Keep record	PC/Pen/Photo	
2	Check B-side appearance	Glove	Visual check
	Keep record	PC/Pen/Photo	

Criteria: No abnormality

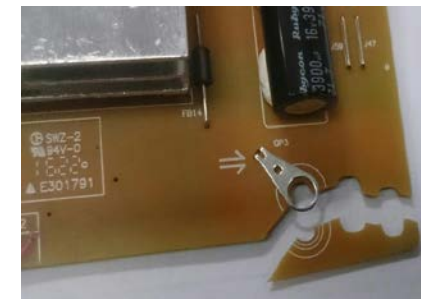
Example: PWB crack/Burn mark



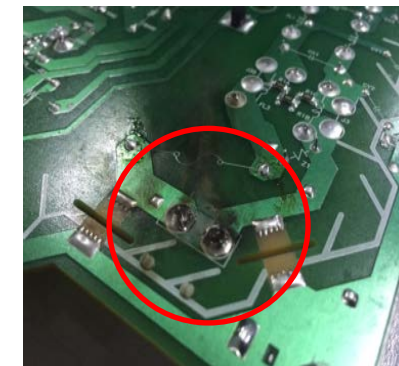
A-side



B-side



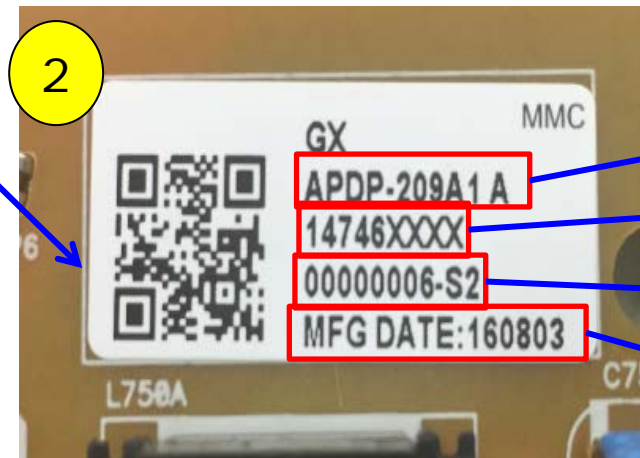
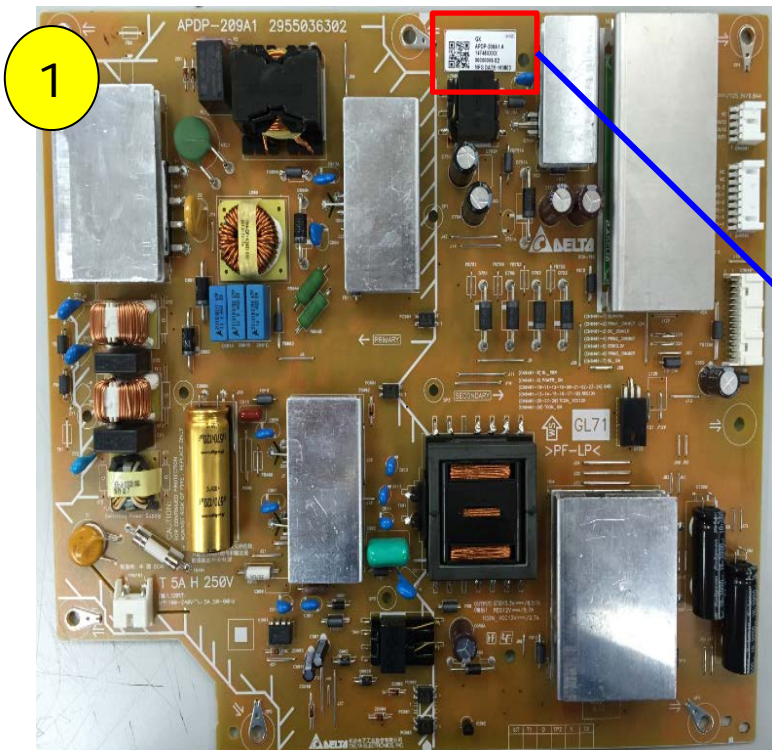
PWB crack



Burn mark at AC inlet PIN(L~N)

# PSU info checking and confirmation

No.	Operation	Tool	Remarks
1	Check label marking	Glove	Visual check
	Keep record	PC/Pen/Photo	
2	Record PN/SN/MFG Date	Glove	Visual check
	Keep record	PC/Pen/Photo	

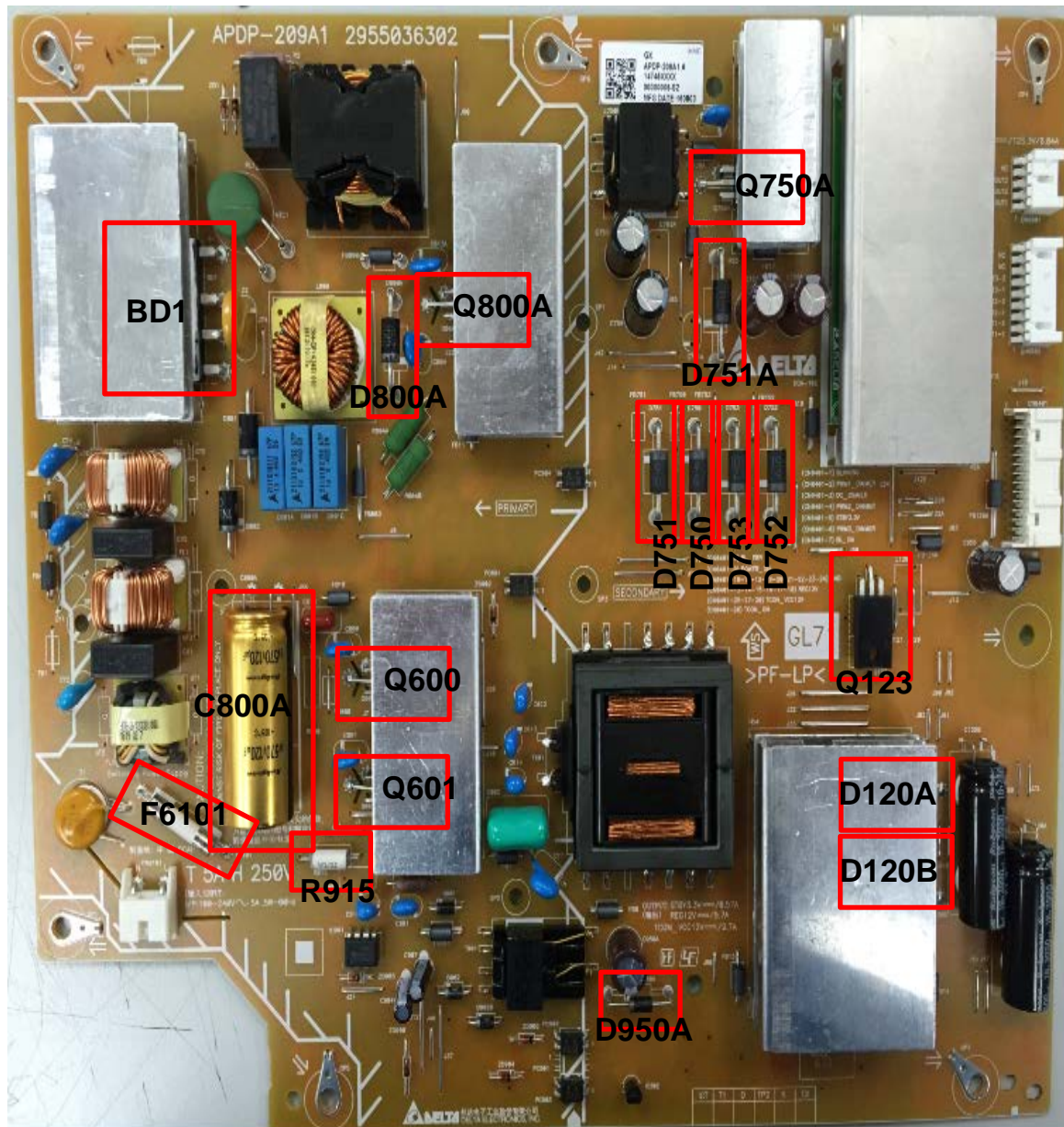


- PSU name
- PSU PN(Part Number)
- PSU SN(Serial Number)
- MFG Date(Manufacturing date)

# Broken parts checking

No.	Parts	Checking	Criteria
1	F6101(Fuse)	Resistance	NG (high impedance)
2	C800A(main cap)	Visual	NG (vent)
3	BD1(Bridge diode)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
4	Q800A(PFC MOSFET)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
5	D800A(PFC diode)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
6	Q600(LLC MOSFET)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
7	Q601(LLC MOSFET)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
8	D120A(LLC Rectifier for 12V)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
9	D120B(LLC Rectifier for 12V)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
10	Q750A(LED boost MOSFET)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
11	D751A(LED boost diode)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
12	D750(LLC Rectifier for LED)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
13	D751(LLC Rectifier for LED)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
14	D752(LLC Rectifier for LED)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
15	D753(LLC Rectifier for LED)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
16	R915(Aux Fusible resistor)	Resistance	NG (high impedance)
17	D950A(Aux Rectifier diode)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)
18	Q123(Tcon12V switch MOSFET)	Resistance	NG (low impedance)

# Broken parts checking(parts location)

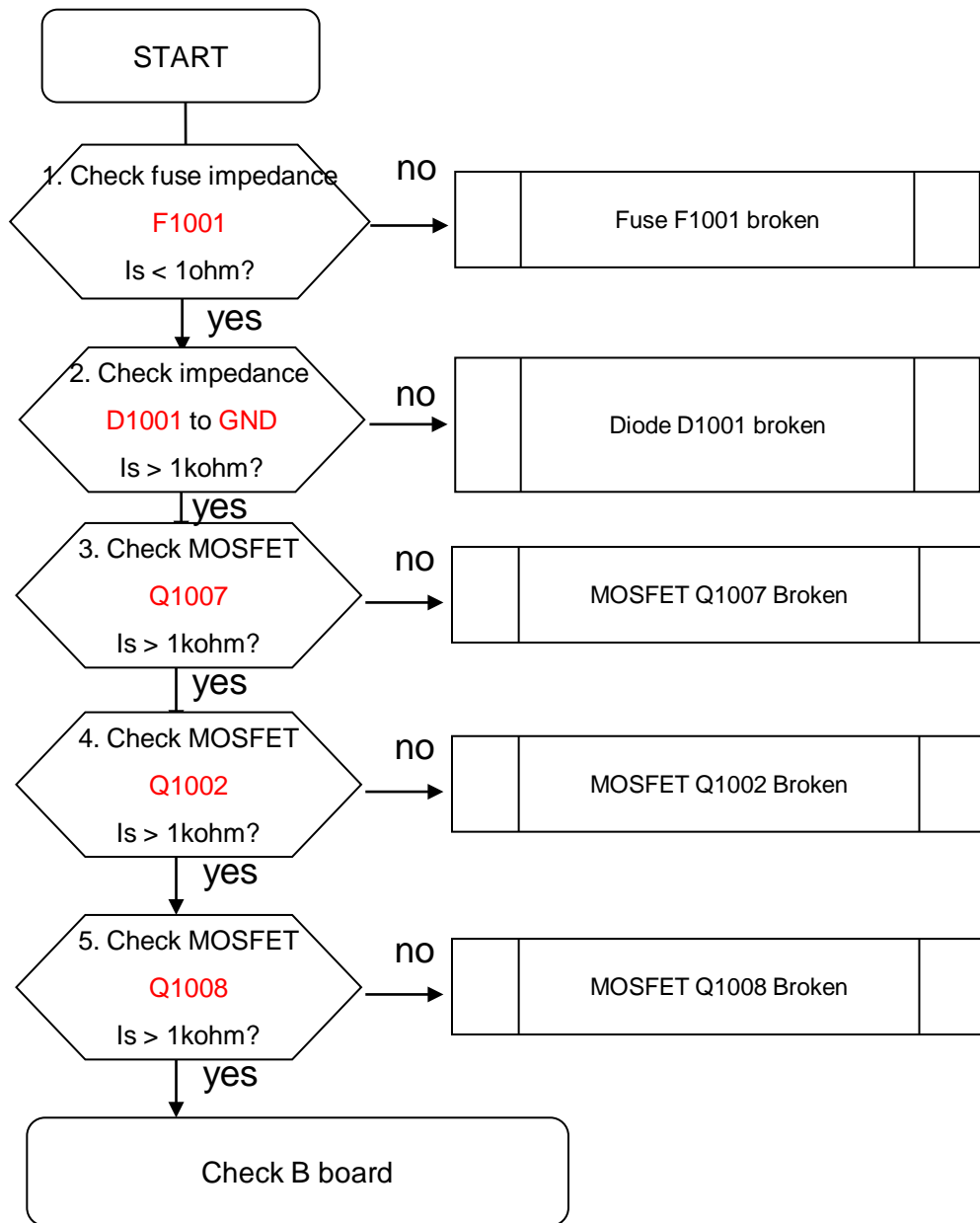


# Escalation Check sheet(Hardware)

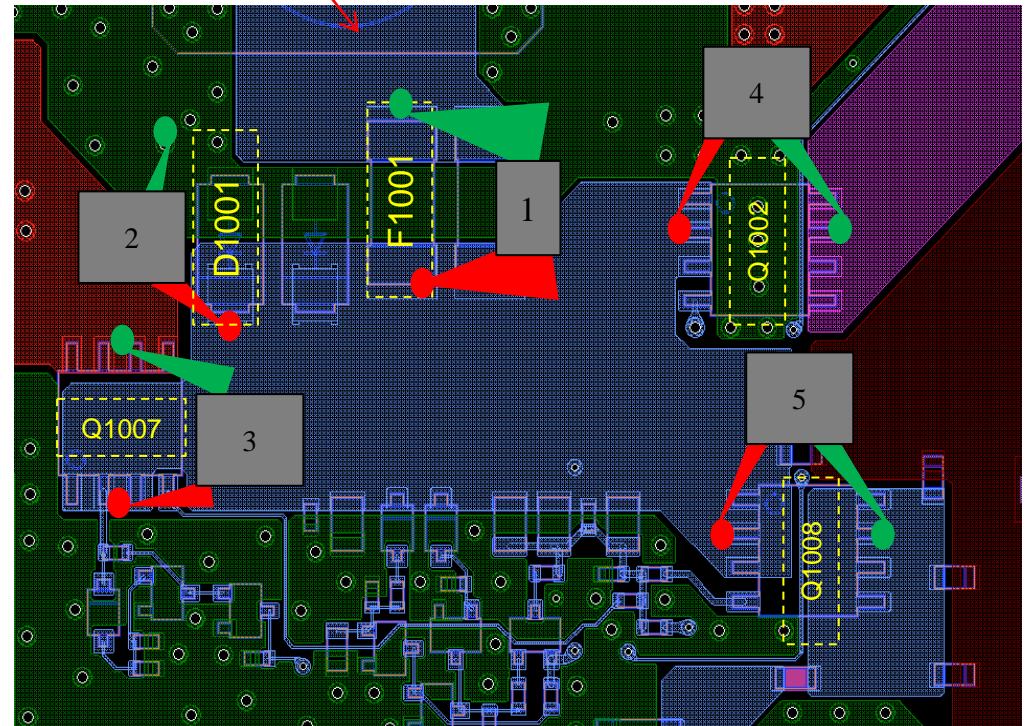
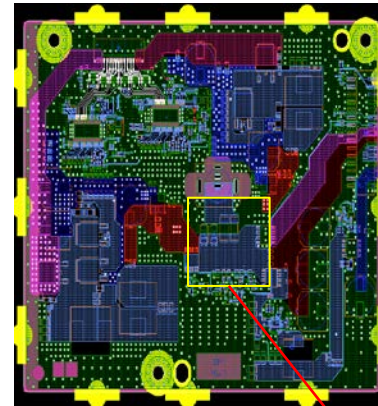
<b>Defect symptom Details</b>				
<b>Does problem occur during first turn on?</b>	Yes:		No:	
<b>Frequency of the symptom</b>	Always:		Intermittently:	
<b>Does the symptom recover by AC Off for more than 5 minutes?</b>	Yes:		No:	
<b>Please describe the recover method (if any)</b>				
<b>Please provide the humidity and temperature condition of the defect area/ Wheater During Problem Occur</b>	<b>Temperature:</b>	____°C	<b>Humidity:</b>	____H
<b>Symptom occur for 1 particular set?</b>	Yes:		No:	(Specify)
<b>Able to duplicate the symptom in workshop</b>	Yes:		No:	
<b>Other comment/Information</b>				
<b>Any LED blink indication</b>	Yes:	____times	No:	
<b>Are there any other equipment or devices broken together?</b>	Yes:		No:	
<b>Is there any burn mark could be notice on the defective board?</b>	Yes:	____parts	No:	
<b>Symptom occur on all input modes (HDMI, Video, Analogue RF, Digital RF)</b>	Yes:		No:	(Specify)
<b>Any other devices connected to TV set</b>	Yes:		No:	
<b>If yes, please provide the device and brand</b>				



# 1.1 No power - LD board

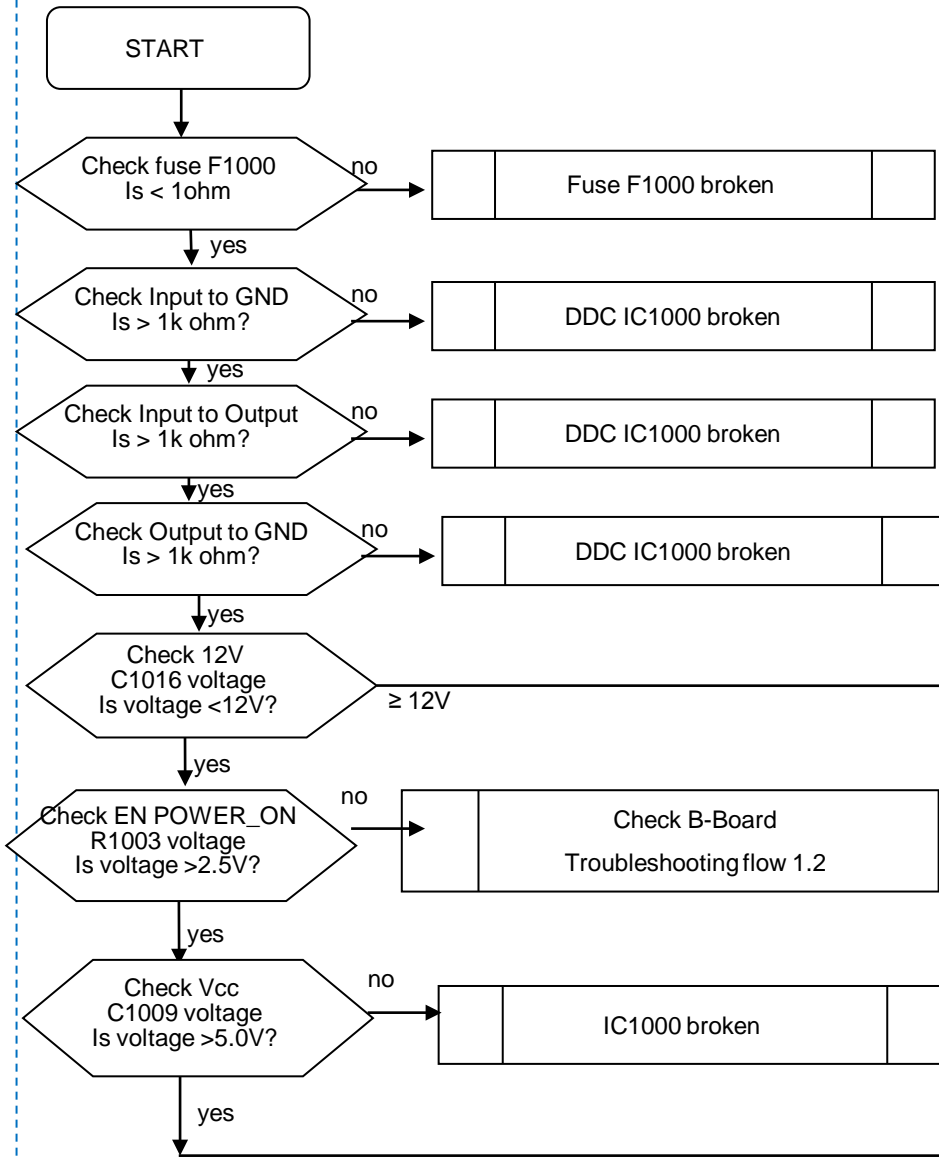


LD board

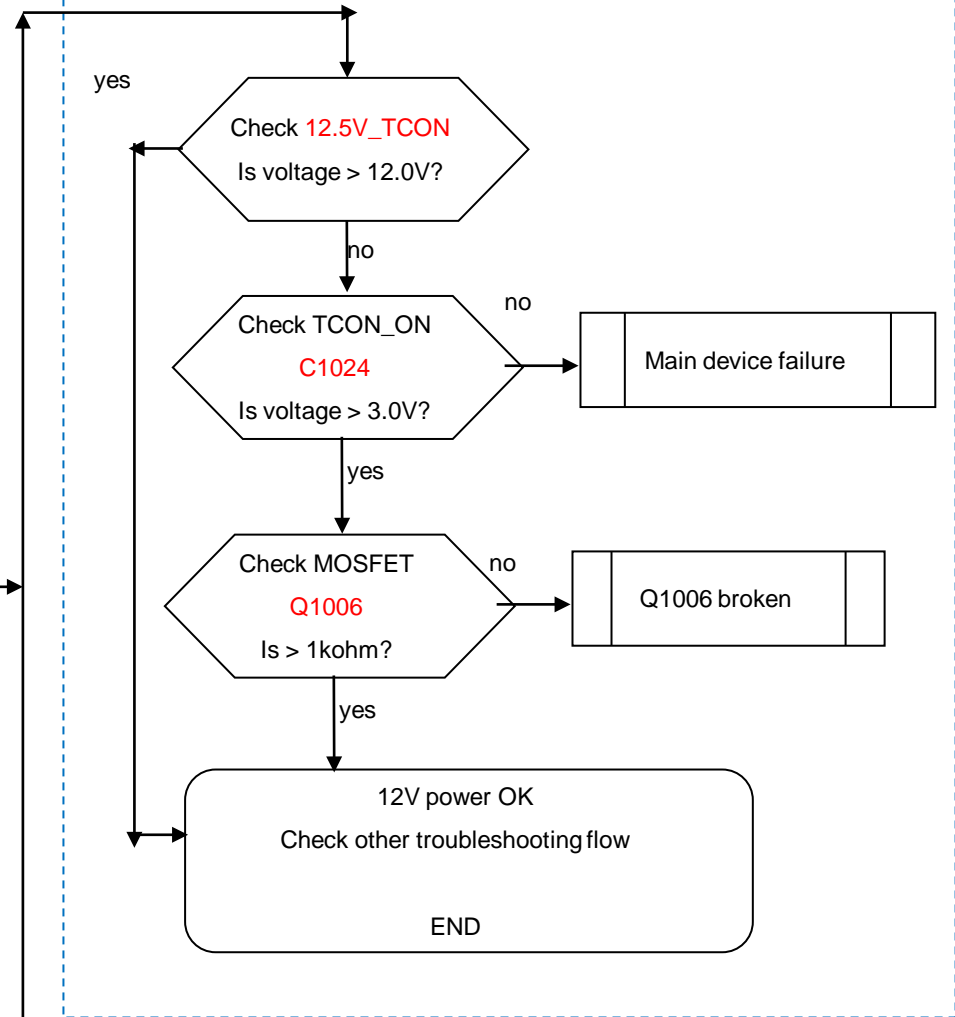


# 1.1 No power - LD board

## 12V DDCON check



## 12V\_TCON check

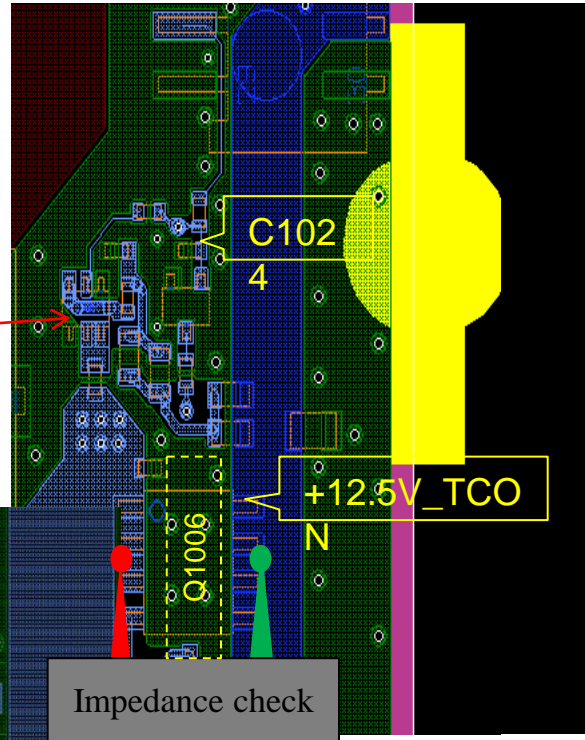


Check point on PWB refer next slide

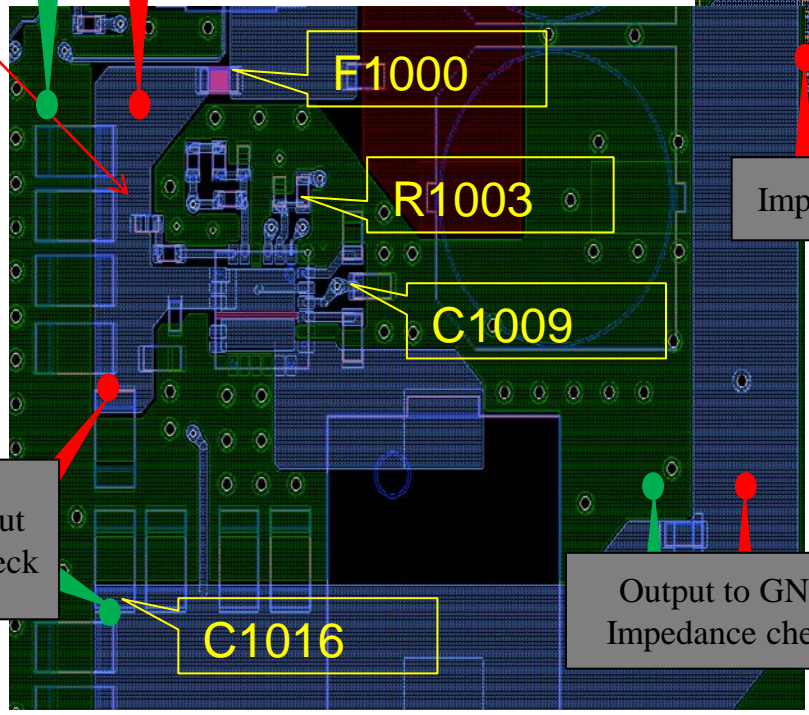
# 1.1 No power - LD board



Input to GND  
Impedance check



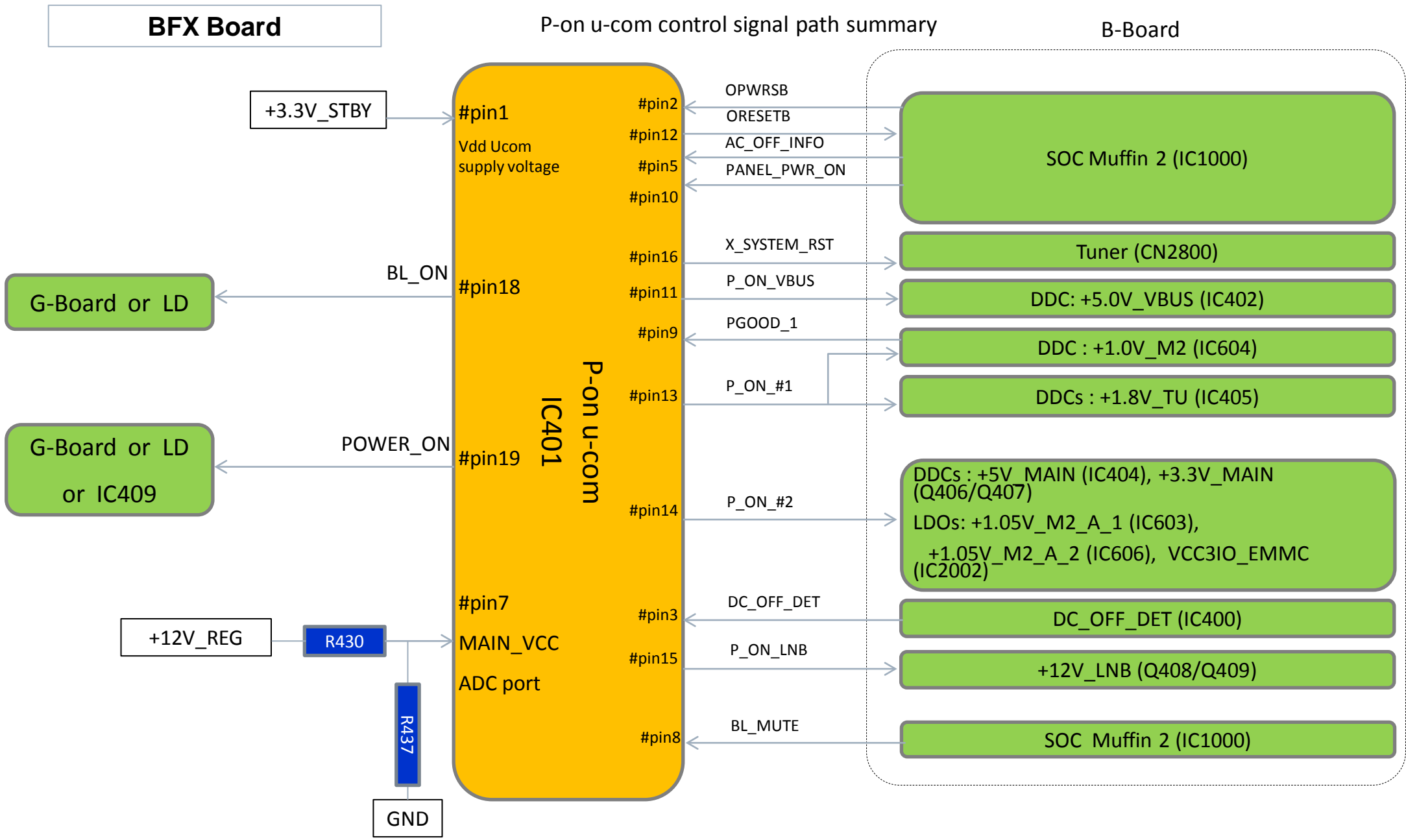
Impedance check



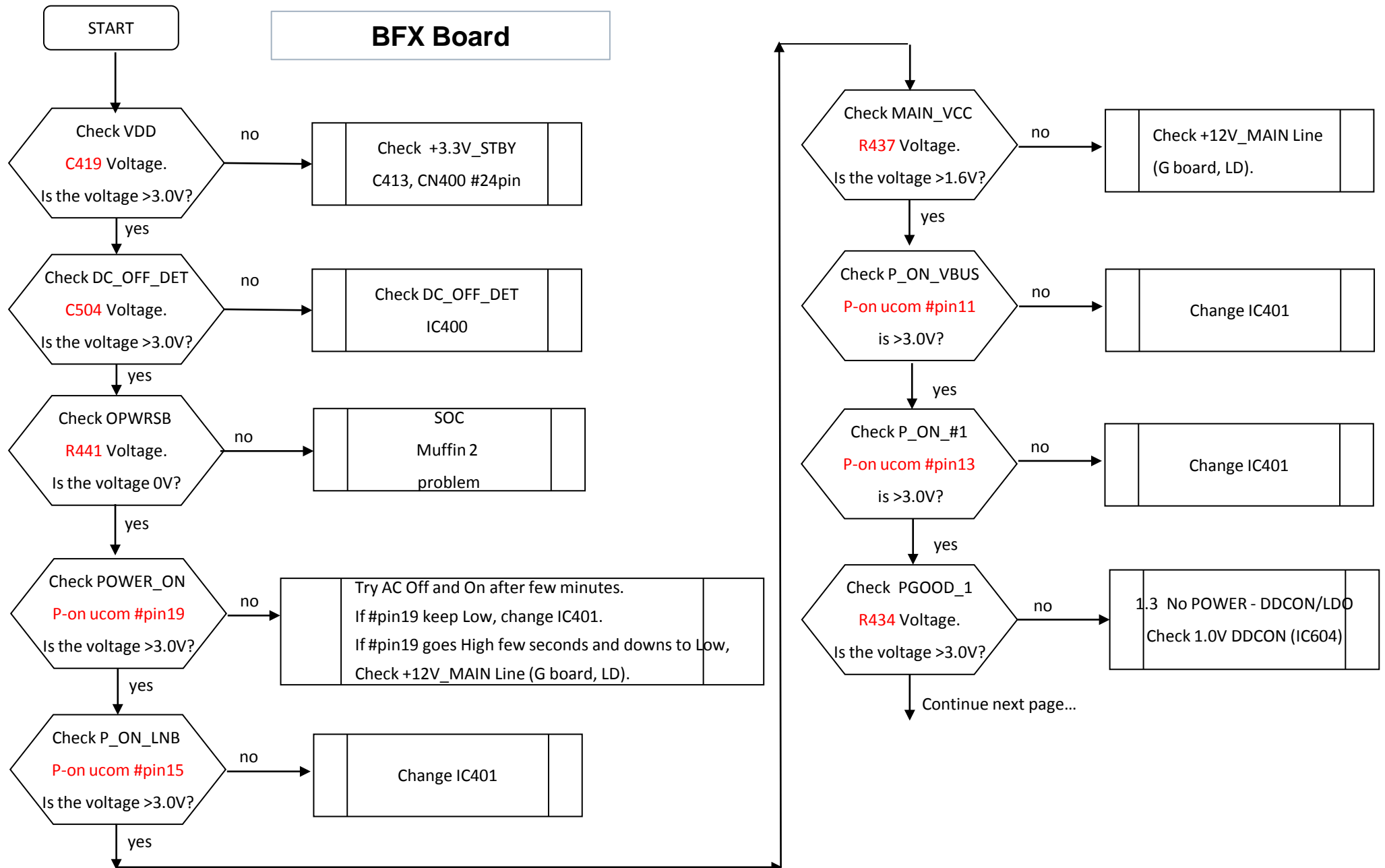
Input to Output  
Impedance check

Output to GND  
Impedance check

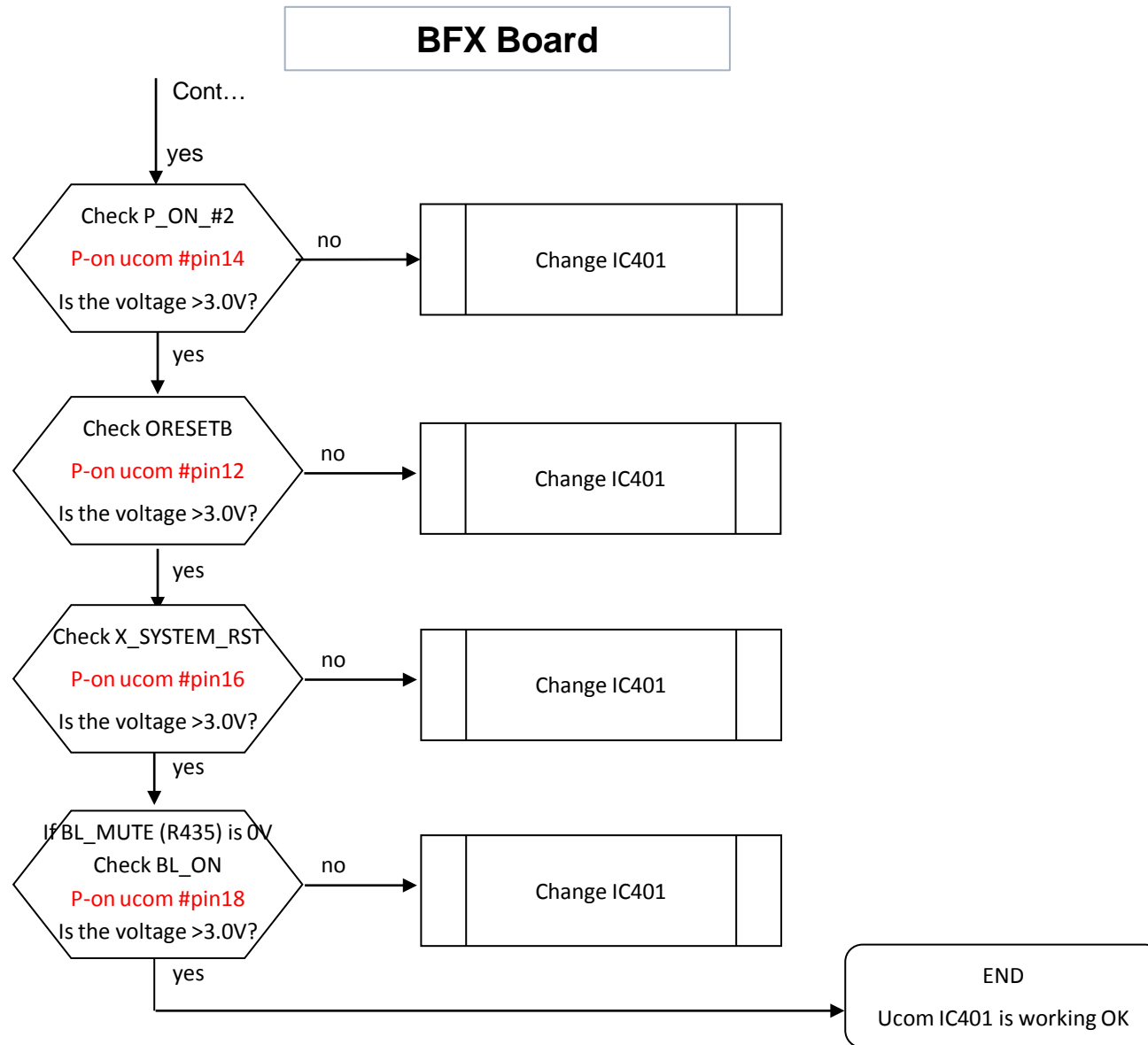
# 1.2 No Power u-com Failure



# 1.2 No Power u-com Failure



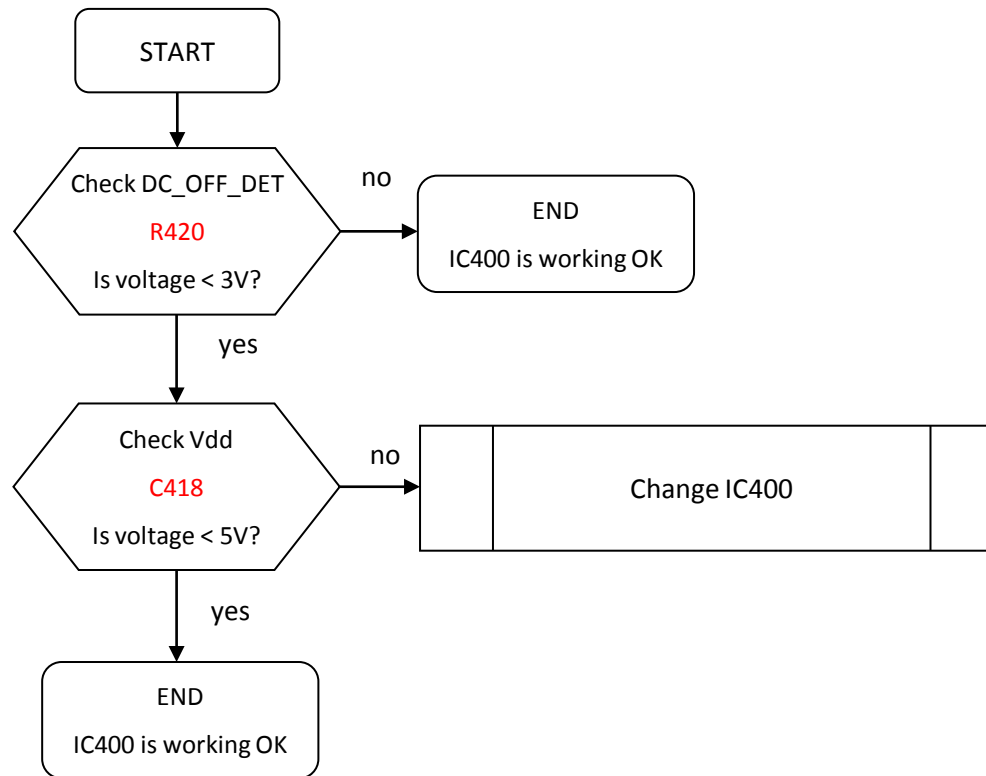
## 1.2 No Power u-com Failure



## 1.2 No Power u-com Failure

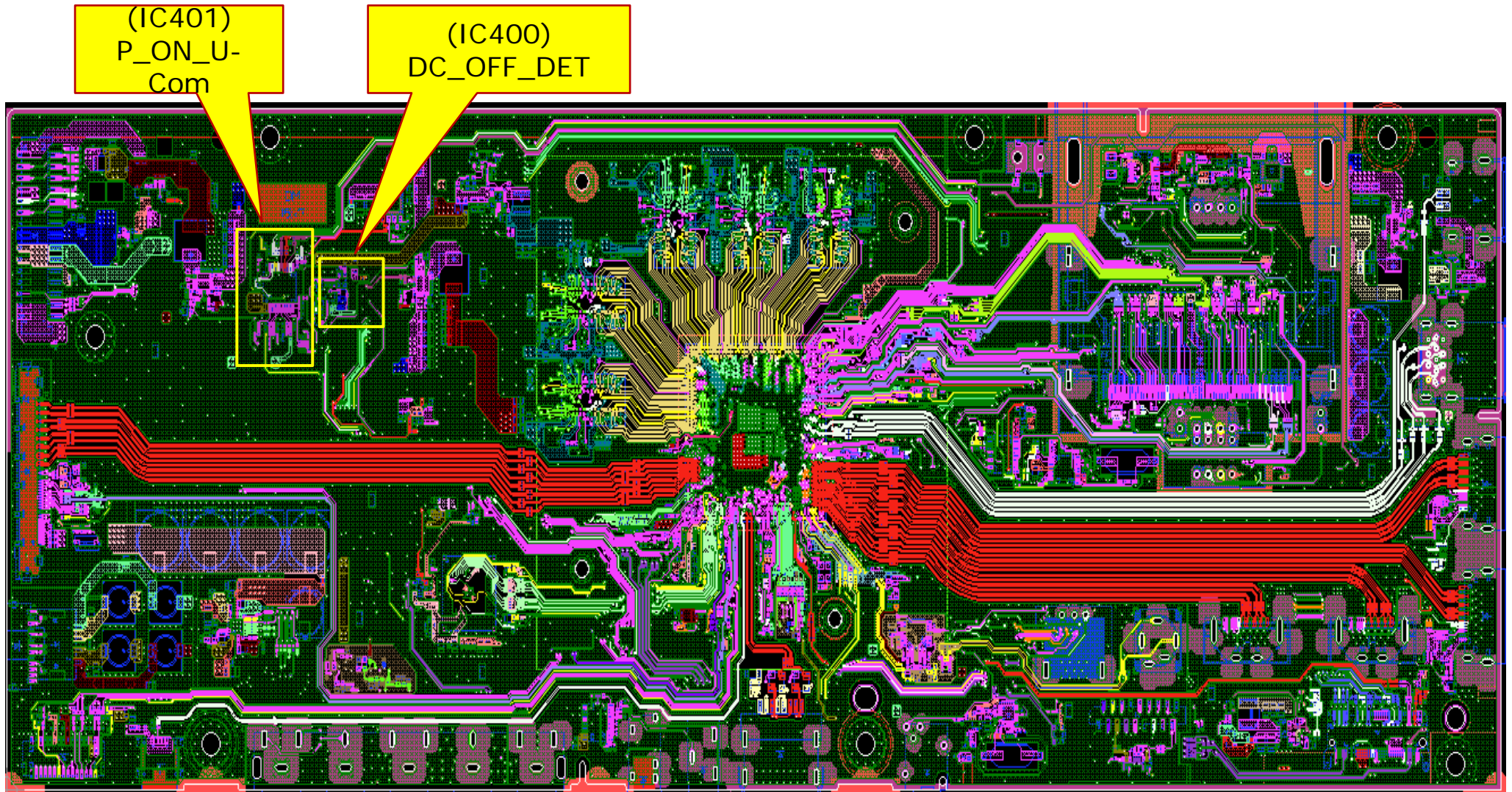
**BFX Board**

### DC\_OFF\_DET check



## 1.2 No Power u-com Failure

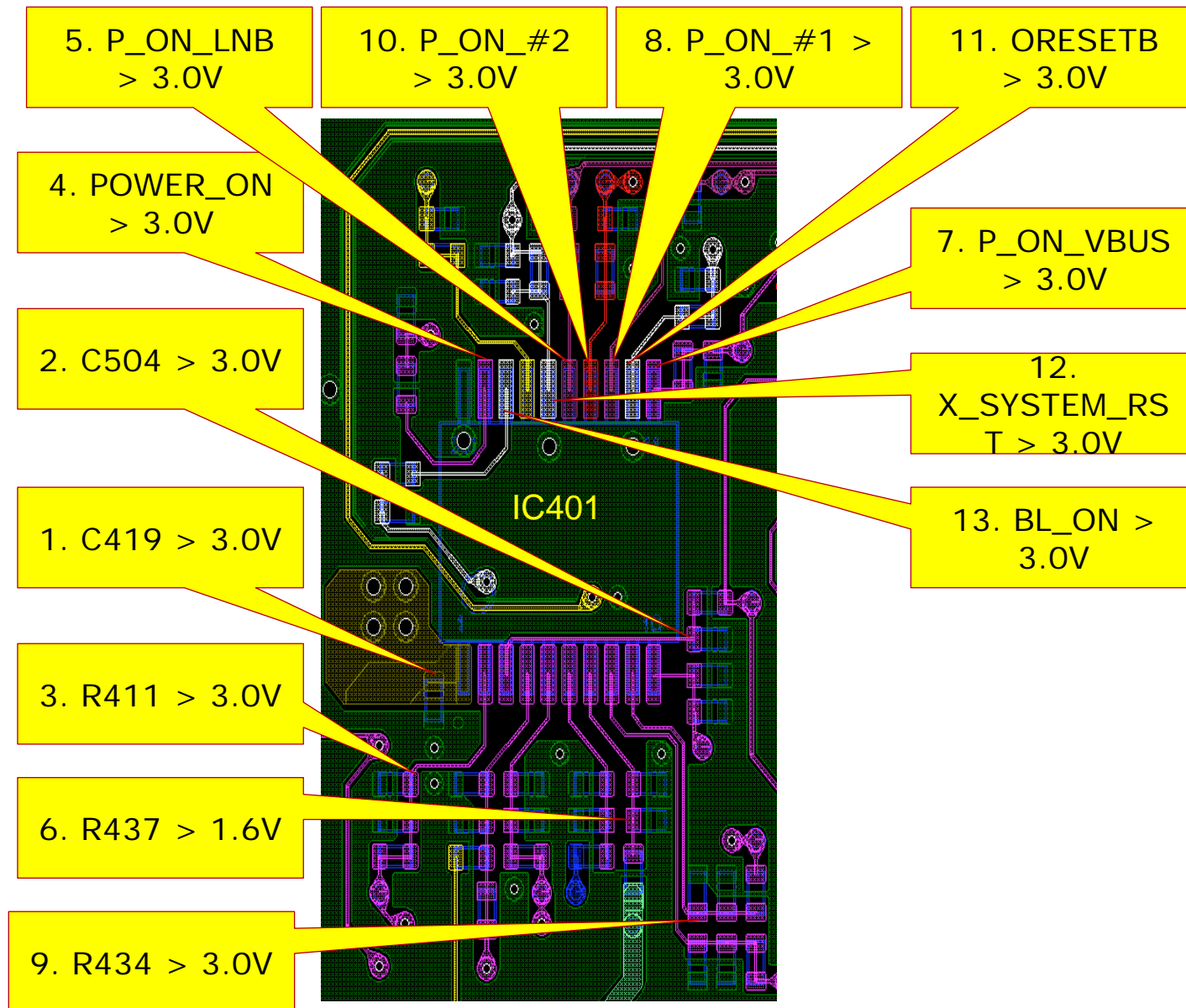
P-on u-com & DC\_OFF\_DET Location





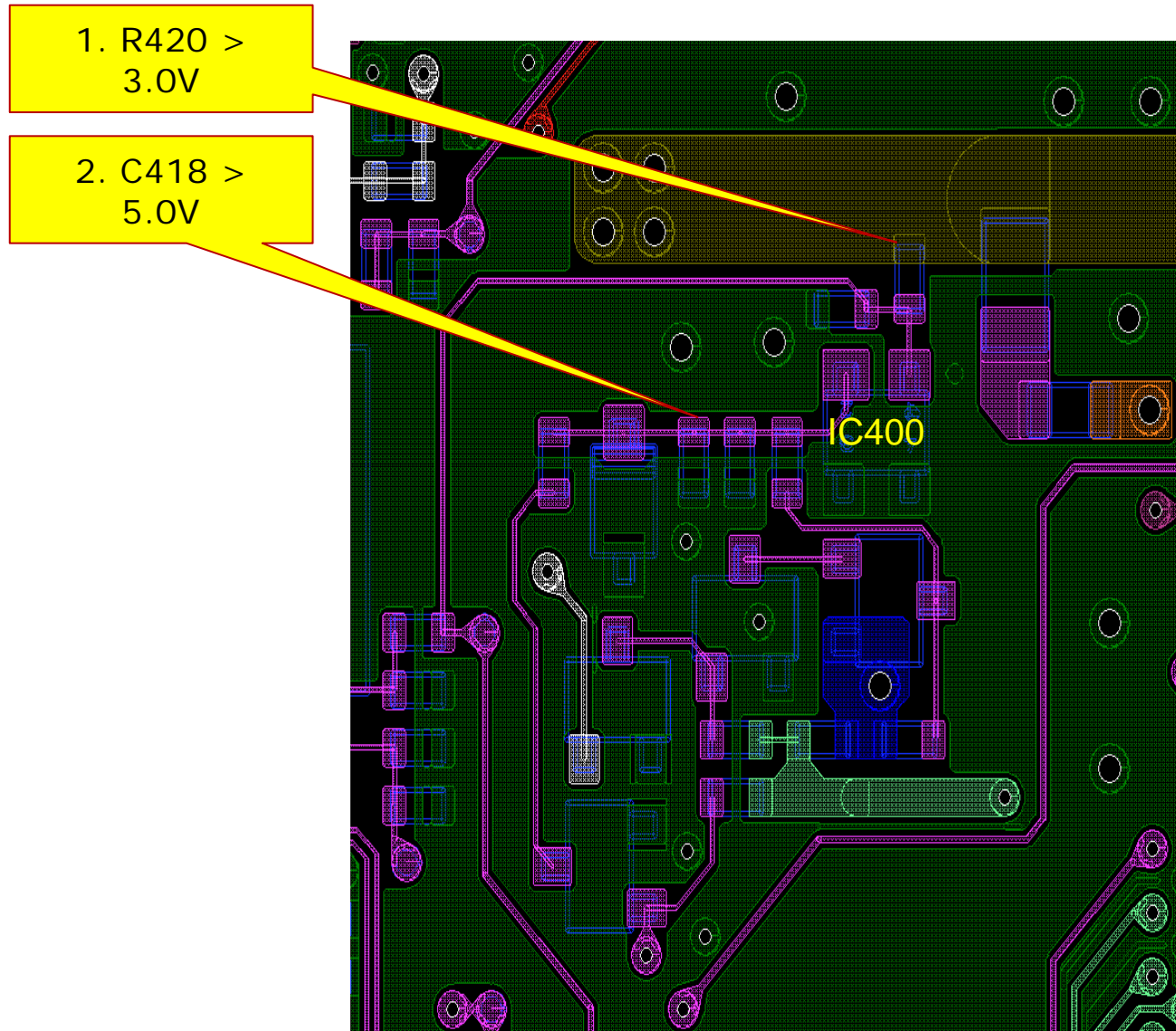
# 1.2 No Power u-com Failure

## P-on u-com & DC\_OFF\_DET Location



## 1.2 No Power u-com Failure

DC\_OFF\_DET component location



## 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

### DC-DC Converter Reference Points

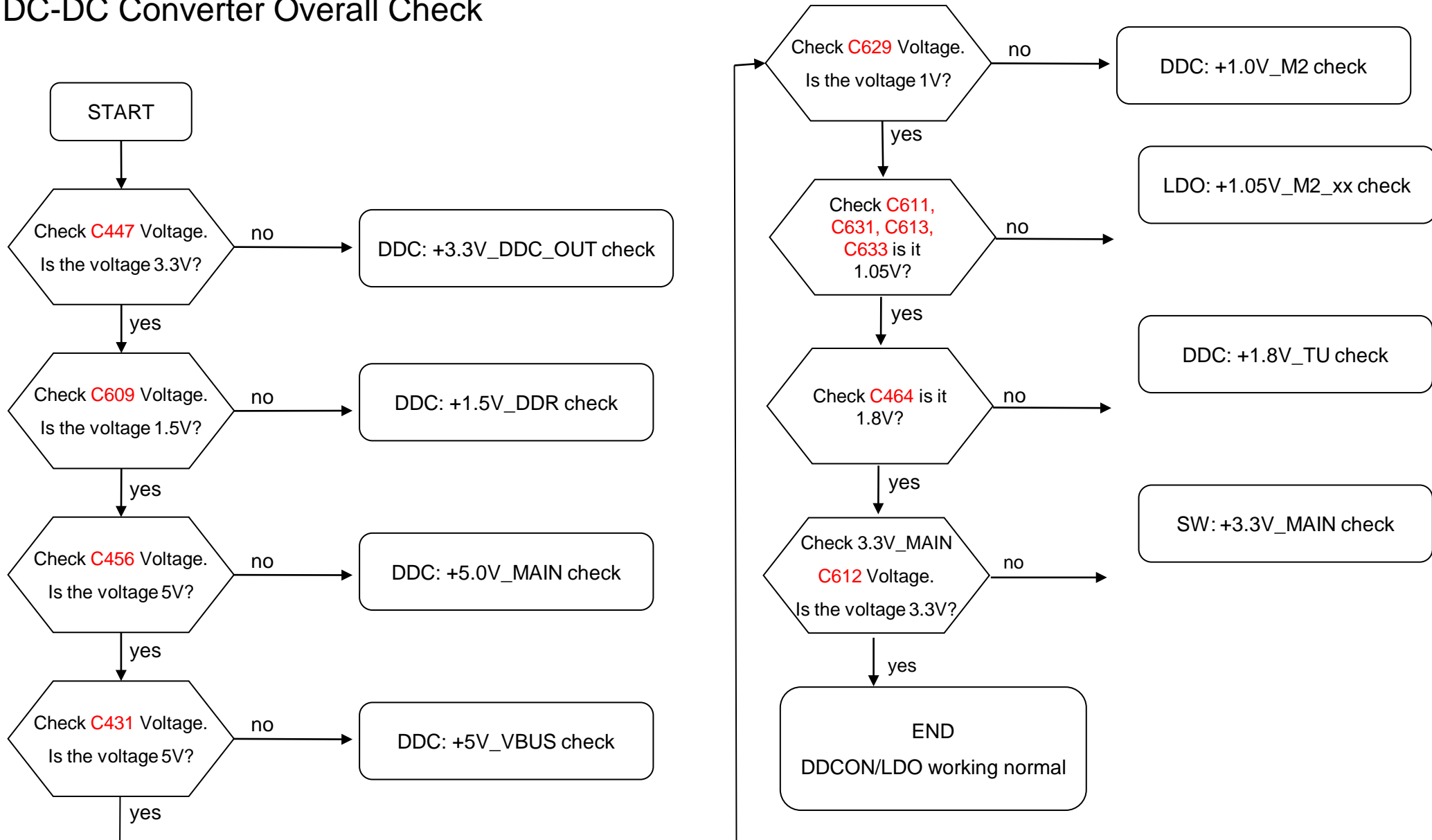
IC Ref	Voltage supply	Output ref.	Enable pin	Enable source	Fuse	Vcc ref.
IC403	+3.3V_STBY	C447	R467	+19.5V_12.5V_MAIN	F401	C443
IC601	+1.5V_DDR	C609	C605	+5V_STBY	-	-
IC404	+5.0V_MAIN	C456	R480	P-on ucom IC401	F402	-
IC402	+5.0V_VBUS	C431	R455	P-on ucom IC401	F400	C428
IC604	+1.0V_M2	C629	R623	P-on ucom IC401	F600	C623
IC405	+1.8V_TU	C464	IC405 #pin4	P-on ucom IC401	F403	-
Q407	3.3V_MAIN	Q407 #pin2	Q407 #pin1	P-on ucom IC401	-	-

### LDO Reference Points

IC Ref	Voltage supply	Output ref.	Enable Pin	Enable source	Fuse	VDD ref.
IC602	+1.05V_M2_STBY	C611	IC602 pin#3	+3.3V_STBY	-	C610
IC605	+1.05V_M2_ST_ET	C631	IC605 pin#3	P-on ucom IC401	-	C630
IC603	+1.05V_M2_A_1	C613	IC603 pin#3	P-on ucom IC401	-	R612
IC606	+1.05V_M2_A_2	C633	IC606 pin#3	P-on ucom IC401	-	R632

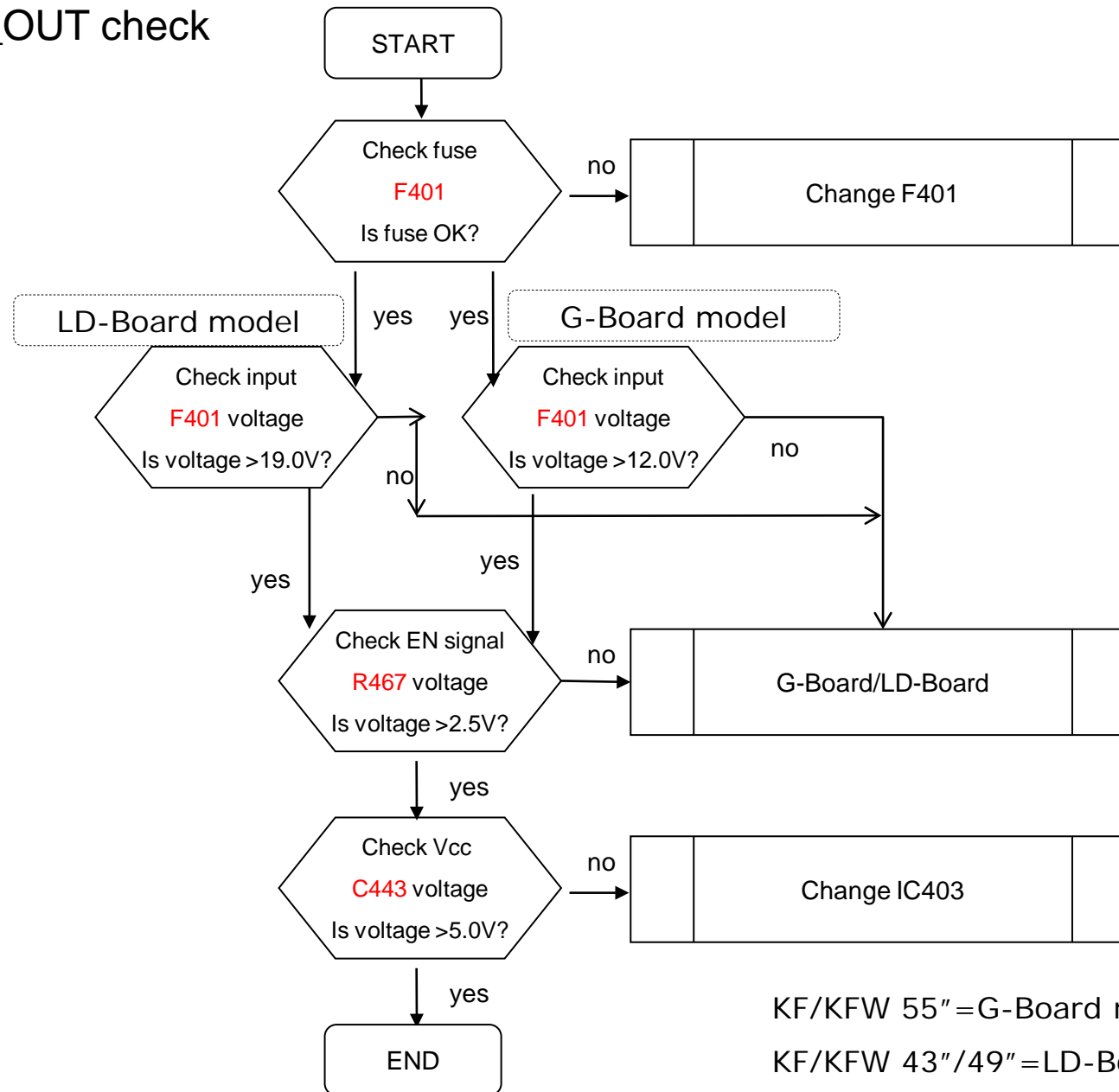
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DC-DC Converter Overall Check



# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC: +3.3V\_DDC\_OUT check

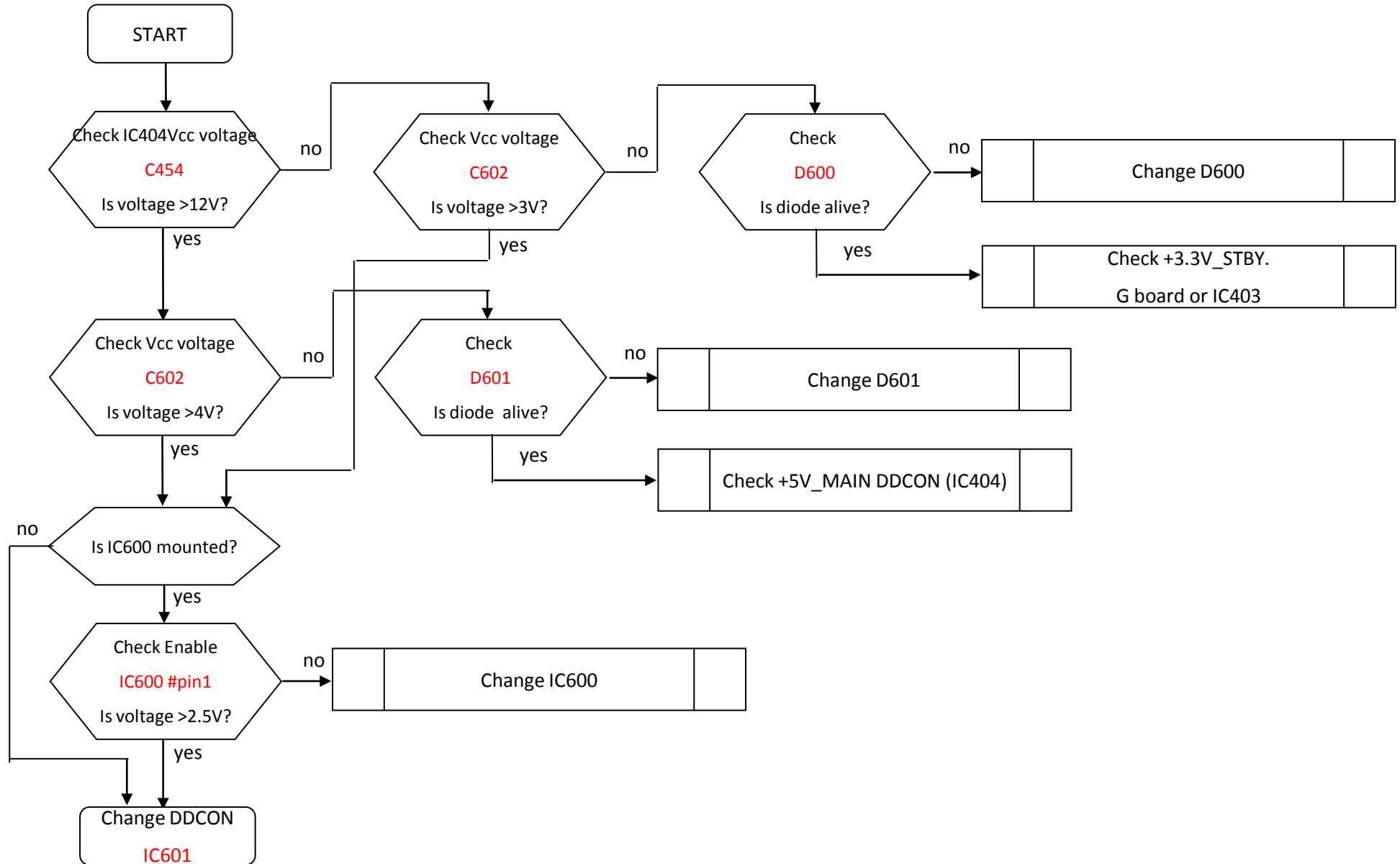


KF/KFW 55" = G-Board model (PSU)

KF/KFW 43"/49" = LD-Board model (ADP)

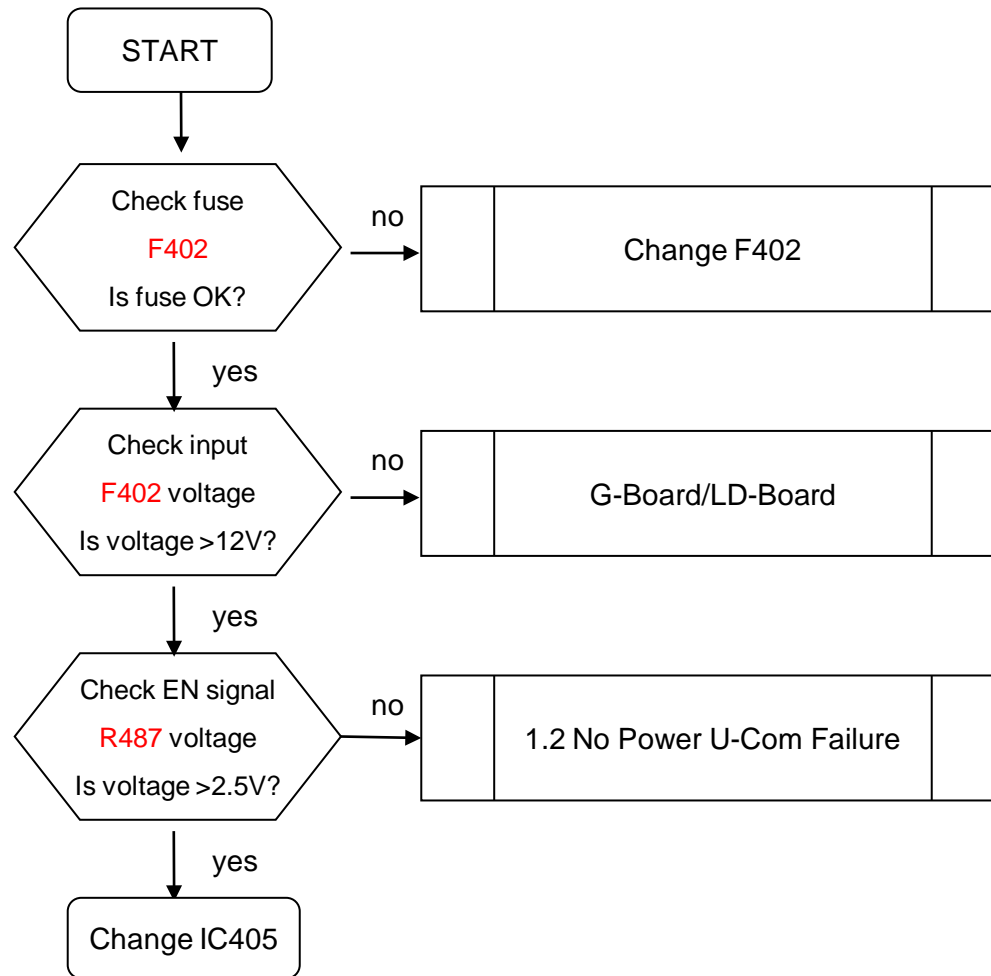
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC: +1.5V\_DDR check



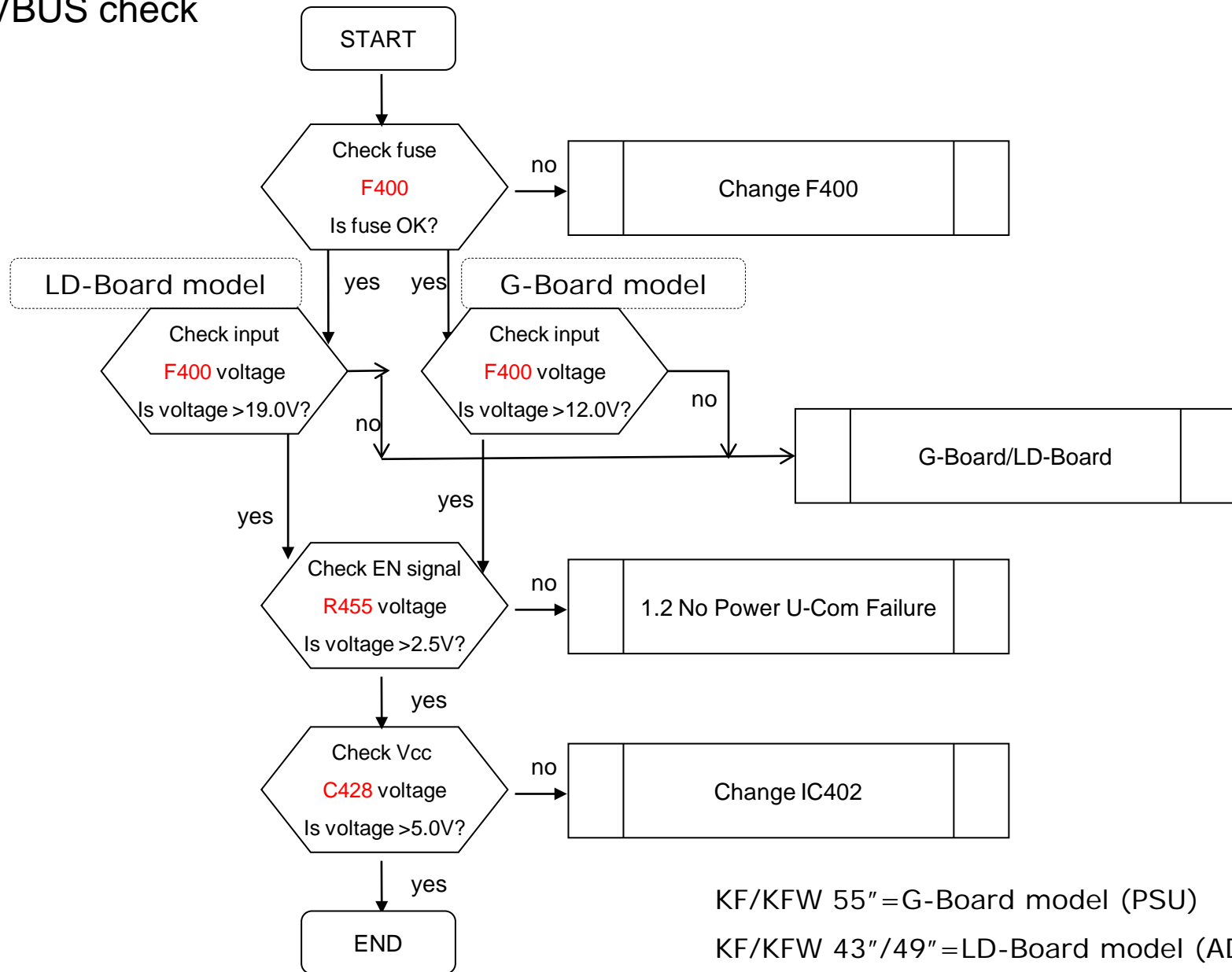
## 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

### DDC: +5V\_MAIN check



# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

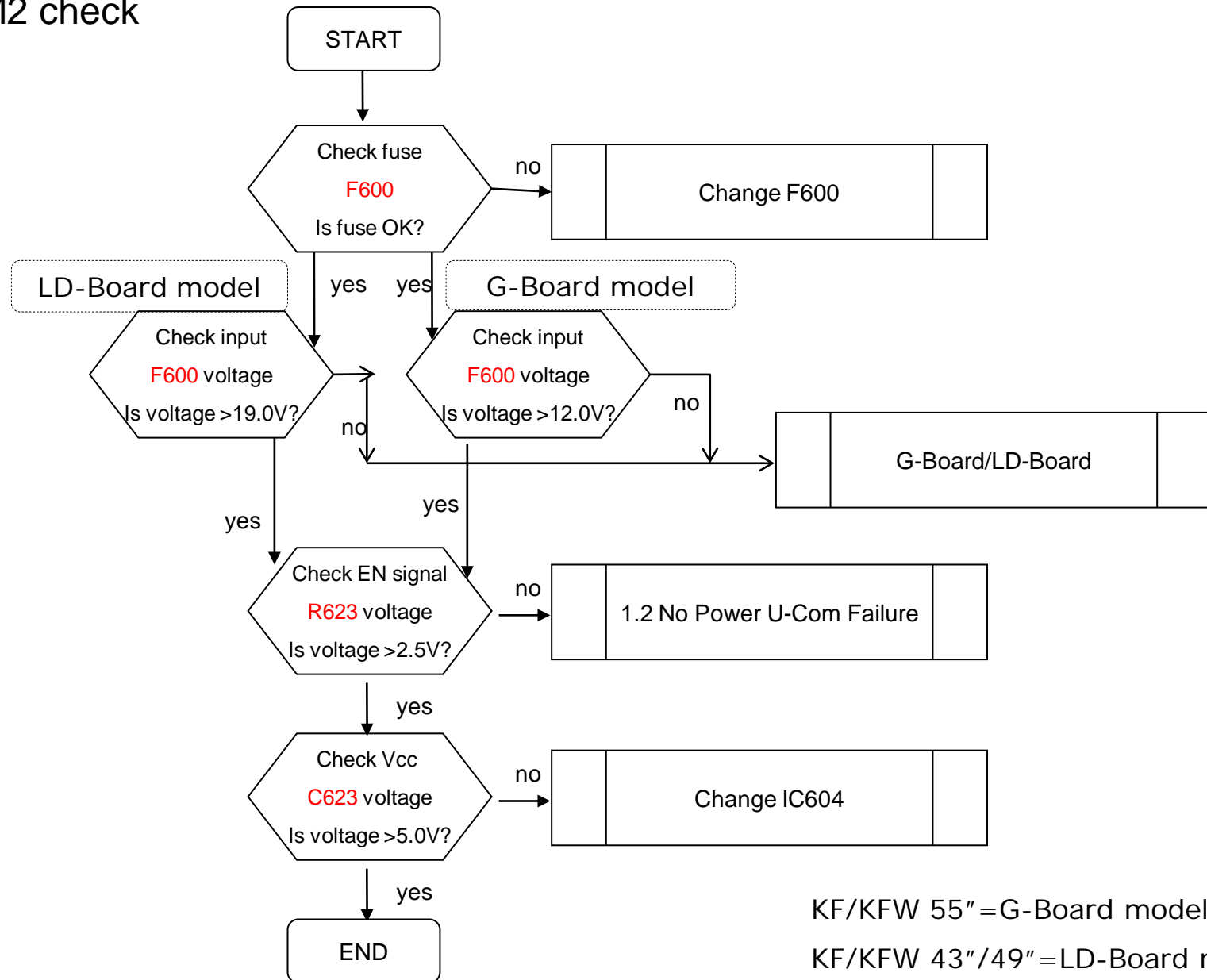
## DDC: +5.0V\_VBUS check





# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC: +1.0V\_M2 check

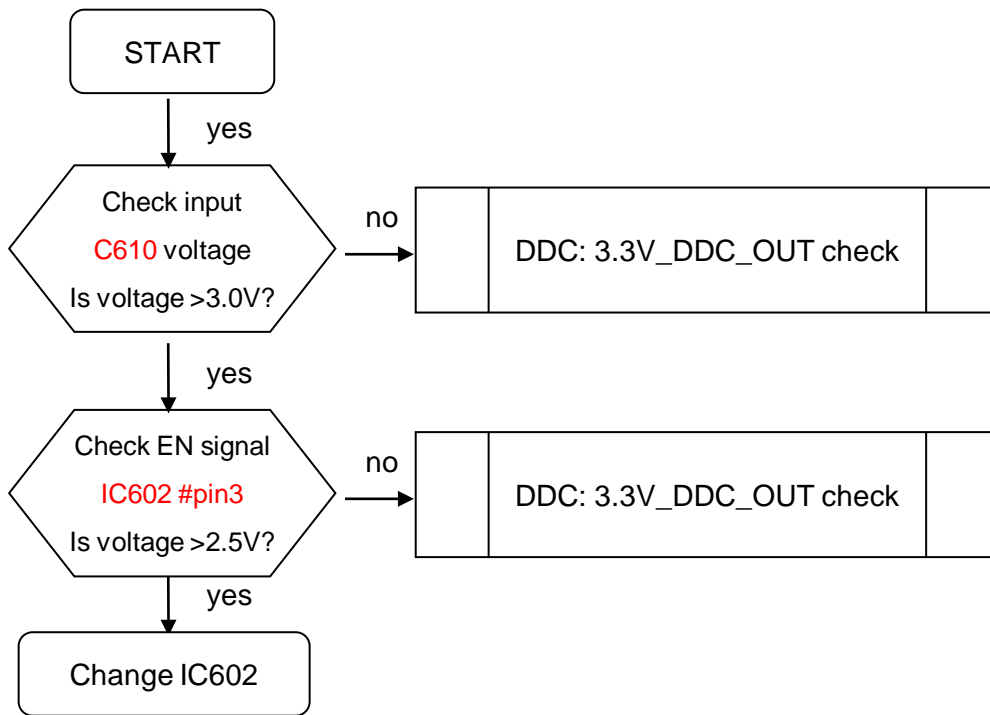


KF/KFW 55" = G-Board model (PSU)  
KF/KFW 43"/49" = LD-Board model (ADP)

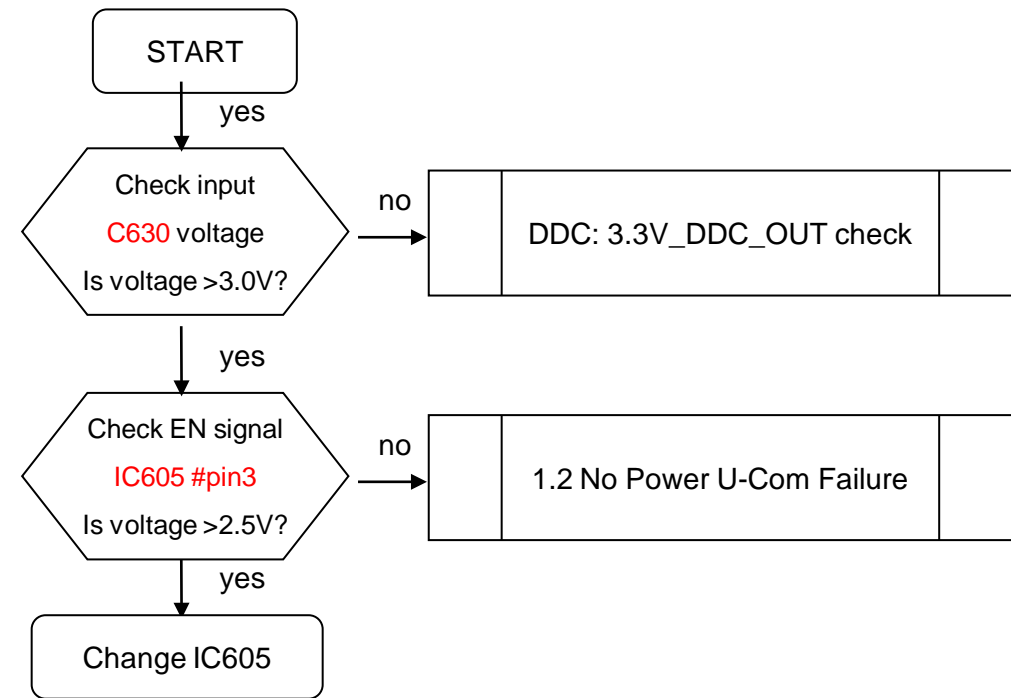
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## LDO: +1.05V\_M2\_xx check

### +1.05V\_M2\_STBY



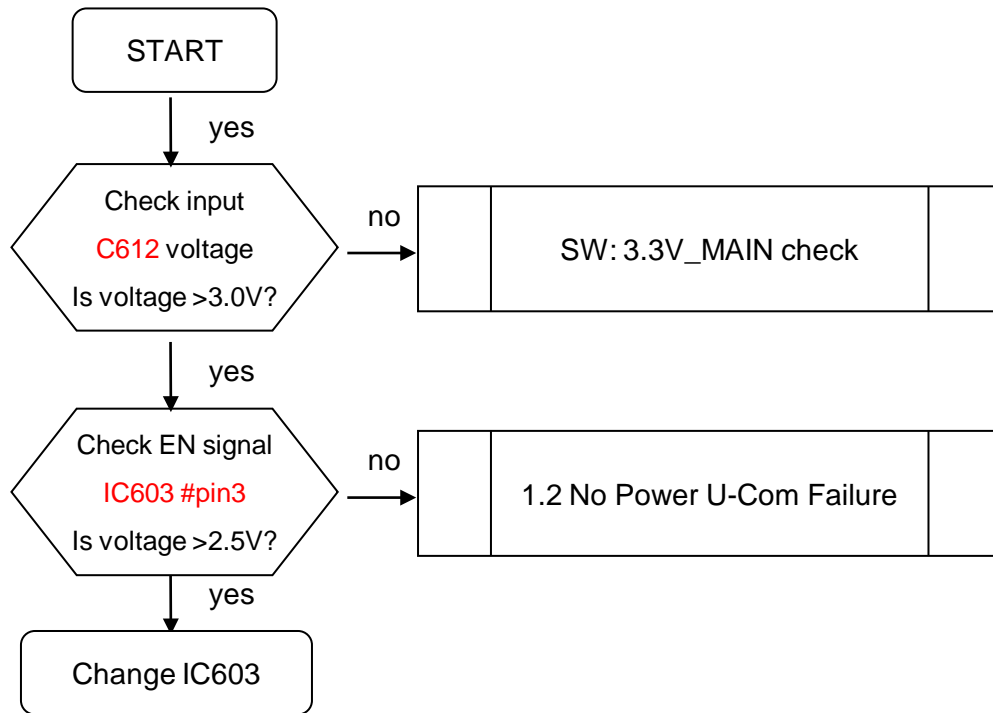
### +1.05V\_M2\_STBY\_ET



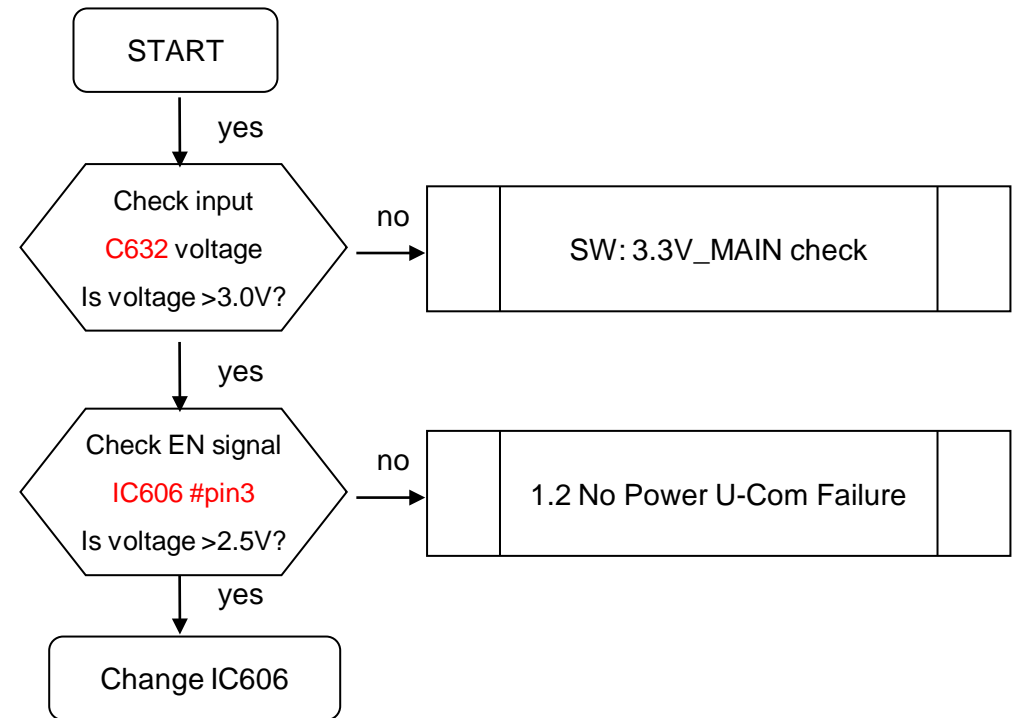
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## LDO: +1.05V\_M2\_xx check

+1.05V\_M2\_A\_1

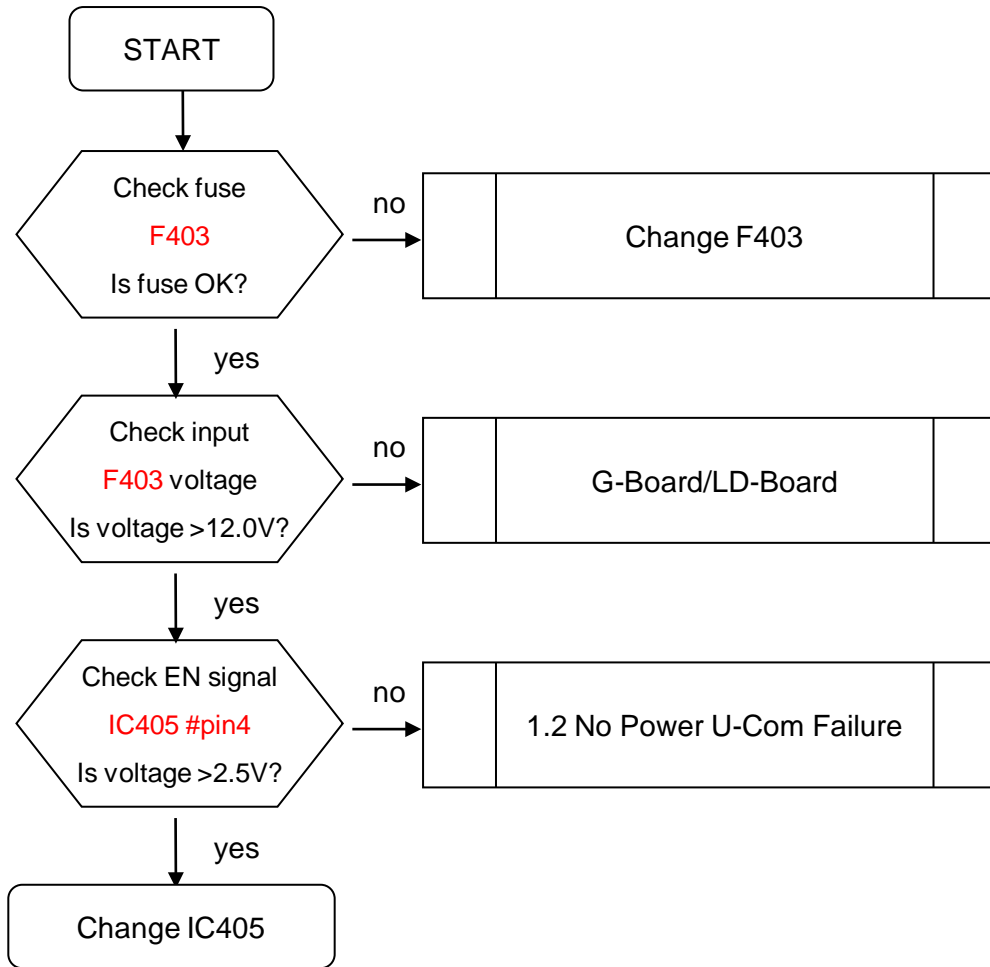


+1.05V\_M2\_A\_2



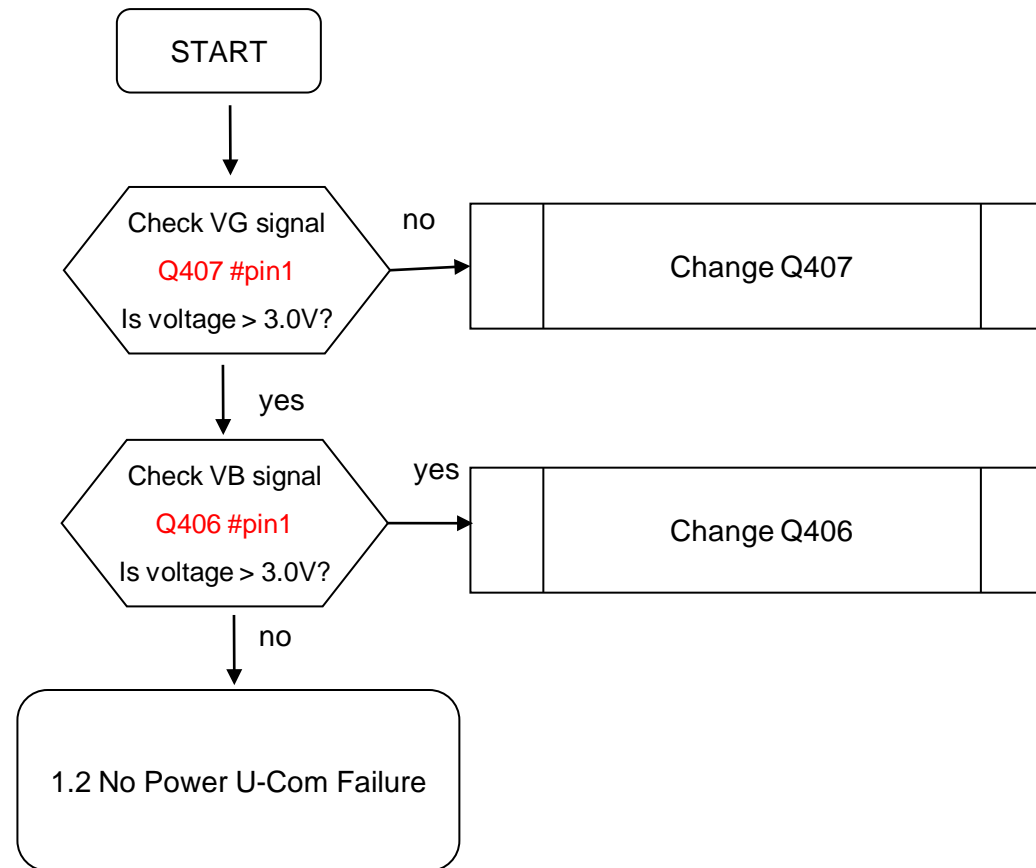
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC: 1.8V\_TU check



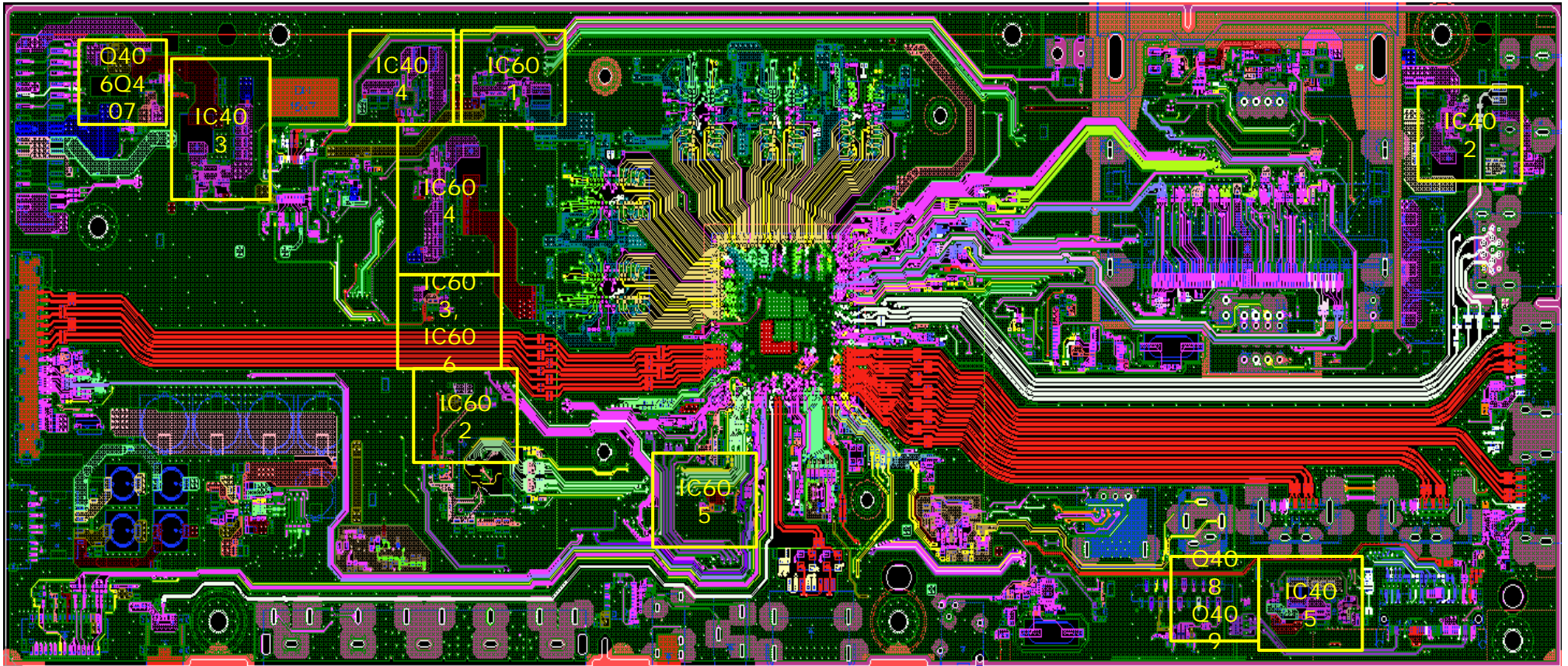
## 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

SW: +3.3V\_MAIN check



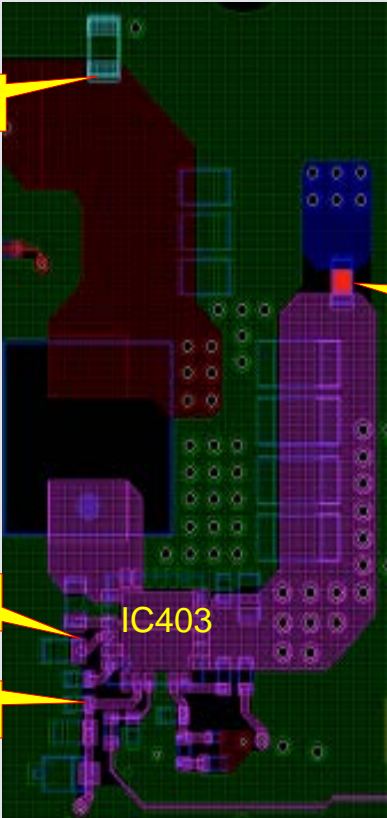
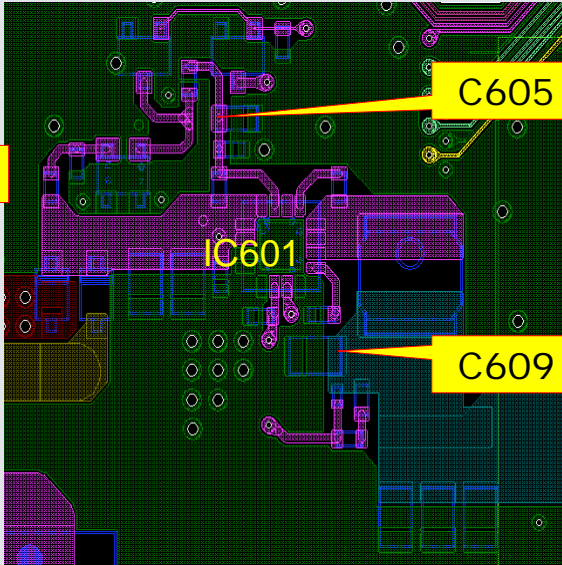
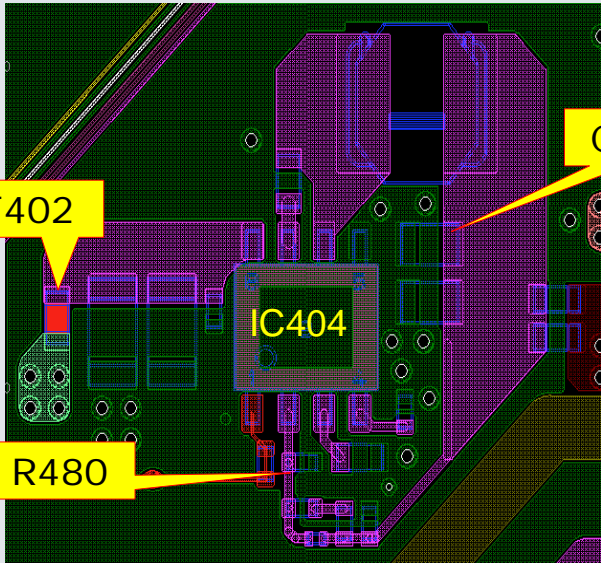
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC & LDO Locations



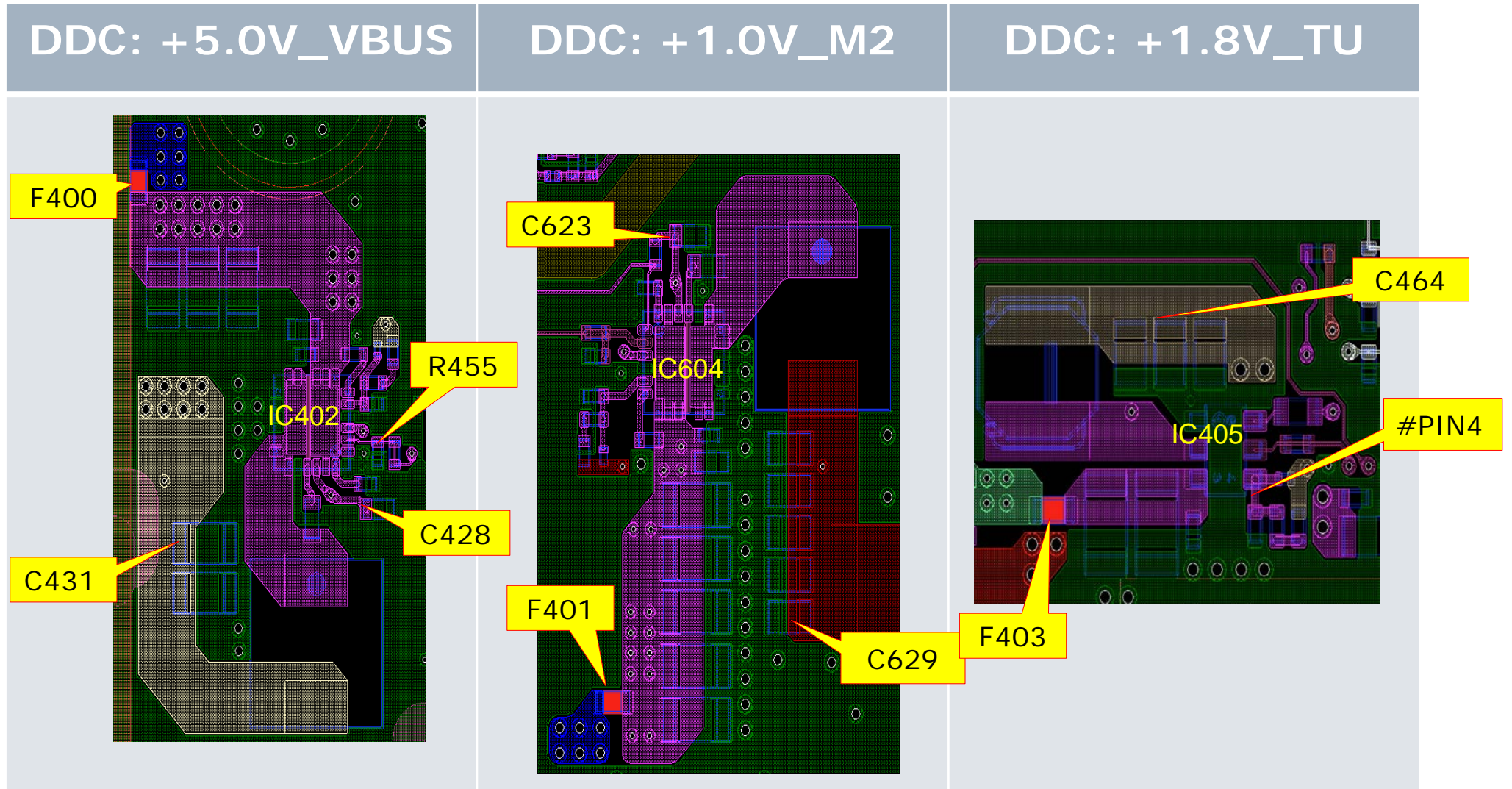
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC & LDO Locations

DDC: +3.3V_DDC_OUT	DDC: +1.5V_DDR	DDC: +5.0V_MAIN
 <p>Circuit board view for +3.3V_DDC_OUT. Components labeled: C447, F401, C443, IC403, R467.</p>	 <p>Circuit board view for +1.5V_DDR. Components labeled: C605, IC601, C609.</p>	 <p>Circuit board view for +5.0V_MAIN. Components labeled: F402, IC404, R480, C456.</p>

# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC & LDO Locations

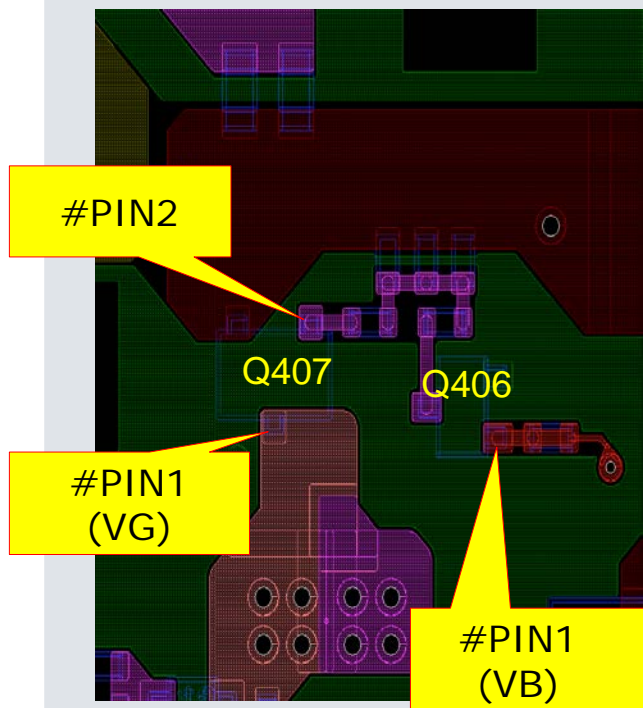




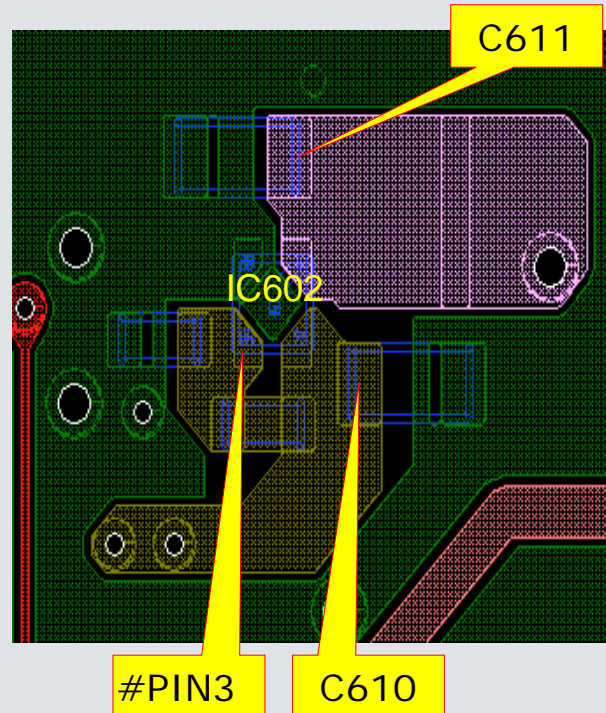
# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC & LDO Locations

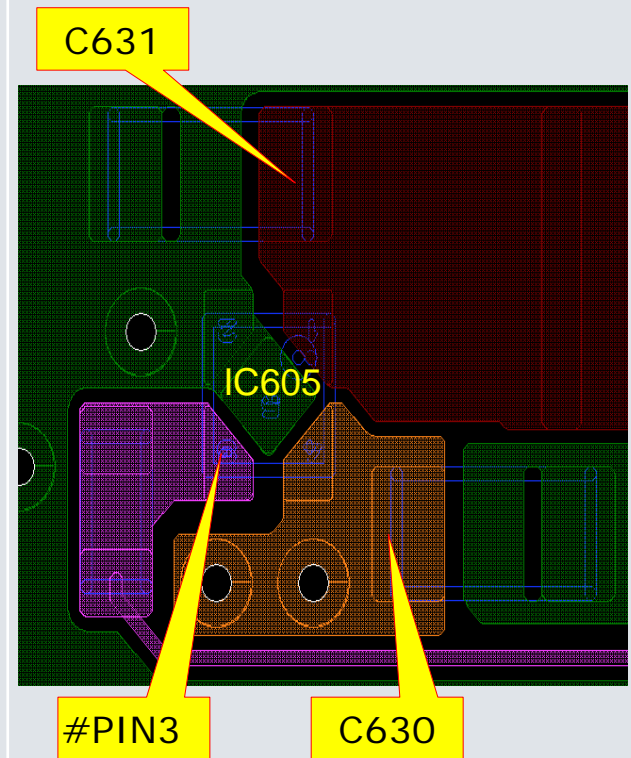
DDC: +3.3V\_MAIN



DDC: +1.05V\_M2\_STBY

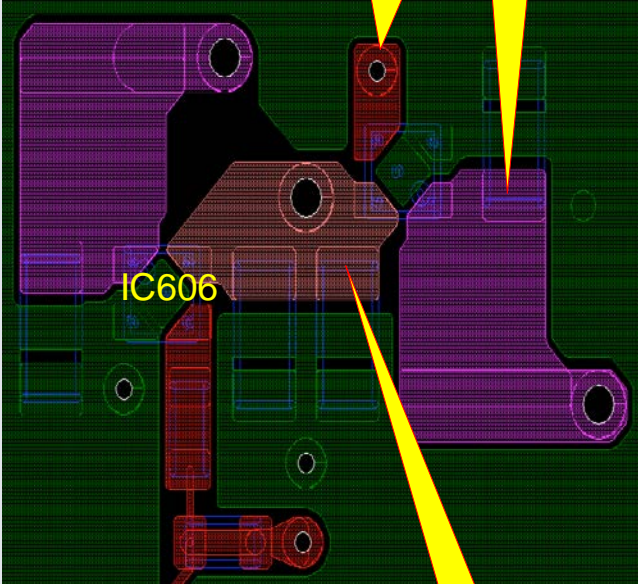
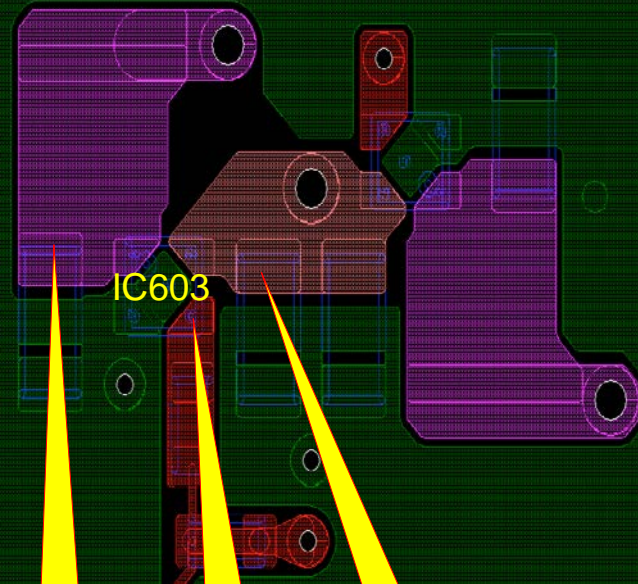


DDC: +1.05V\_M2\_ST\_ET

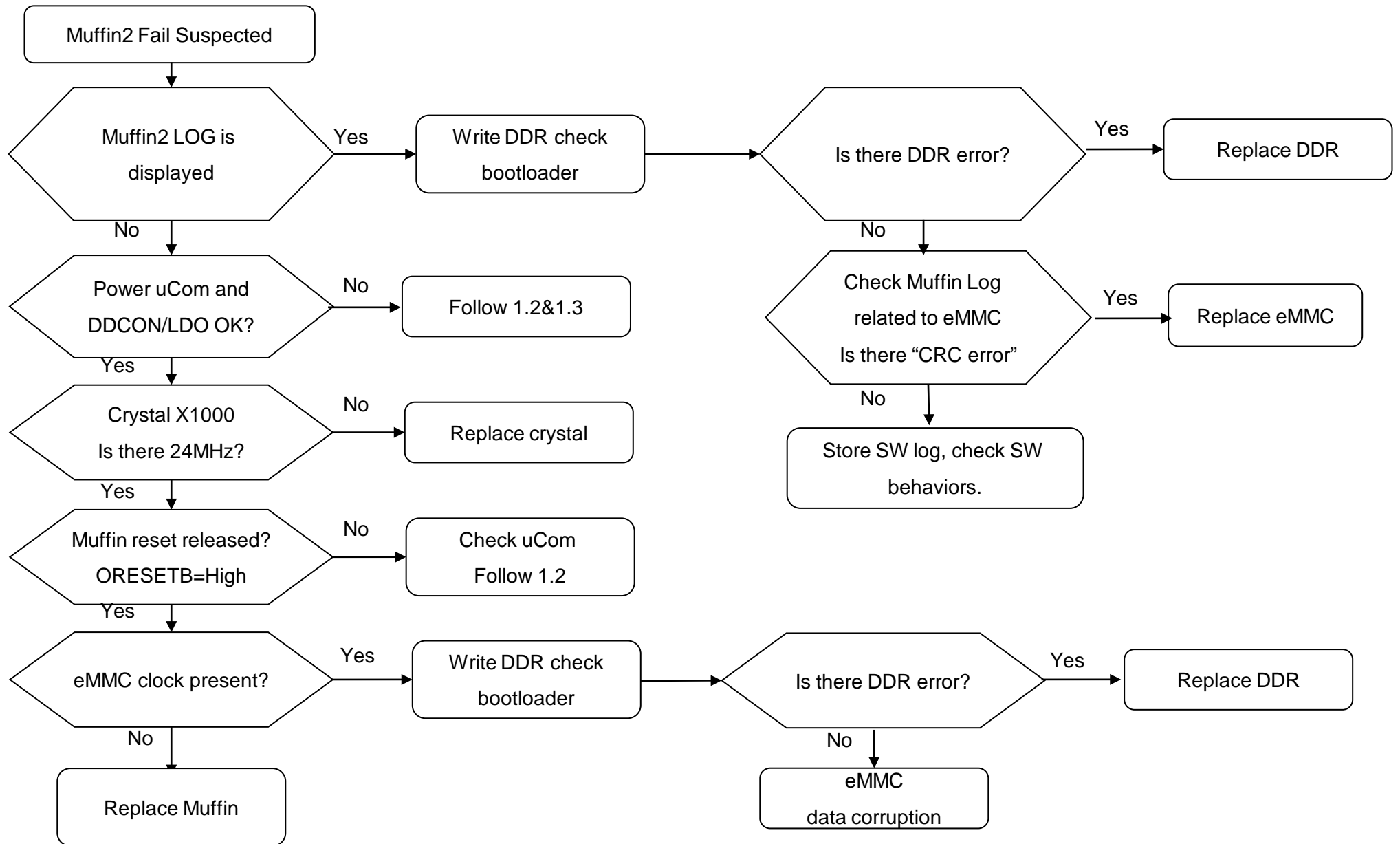


# 1.3 No Power DDCON/LDO

## DDC & LDO Locations

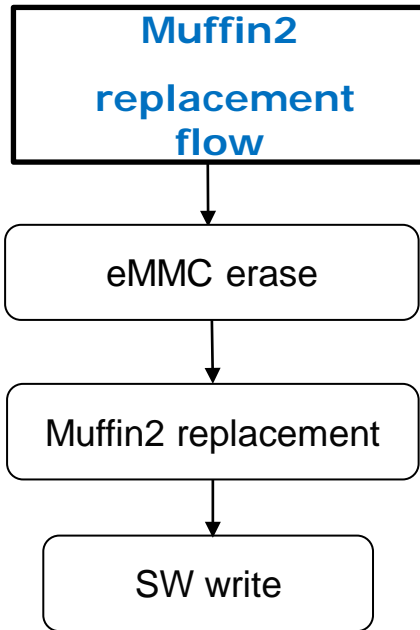
DDC: +1.05V_M2_A_1	DDC: +1.05V_M2_A_2	
 <p>Diagram showing the PCB layout for the DDC +1.05V_M2_A_1. The layout includes a central IC606, a #PIN3 component, and a C613 component. A yellow callout points to C612 at the bottom.</p>	 <p>Diagram showing the PCB layout for the DDC +1.05V_M2_A_2. The layout includes a central IC603, a #PIN3 component, and C633 and C632 components. Yellow callouts point to C633, #PIN3, and C632 at the bottom.</p>	

# 1.4 NO POWER – Muffin2 Failure



## 1.4 NO POWER – Muffin2 Replacement

---

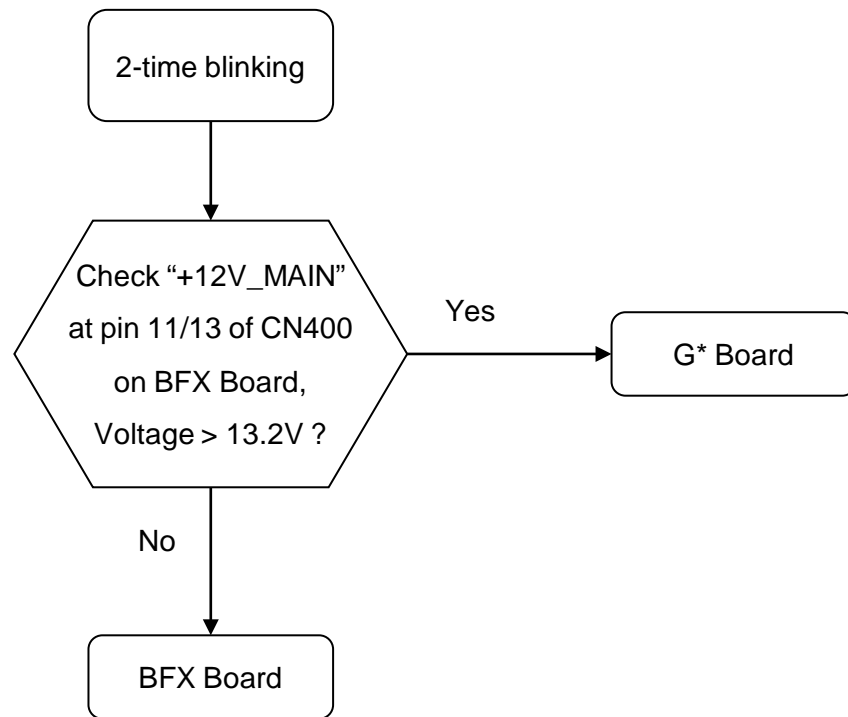


Data on eMMC need to be erase first before changing Muffin

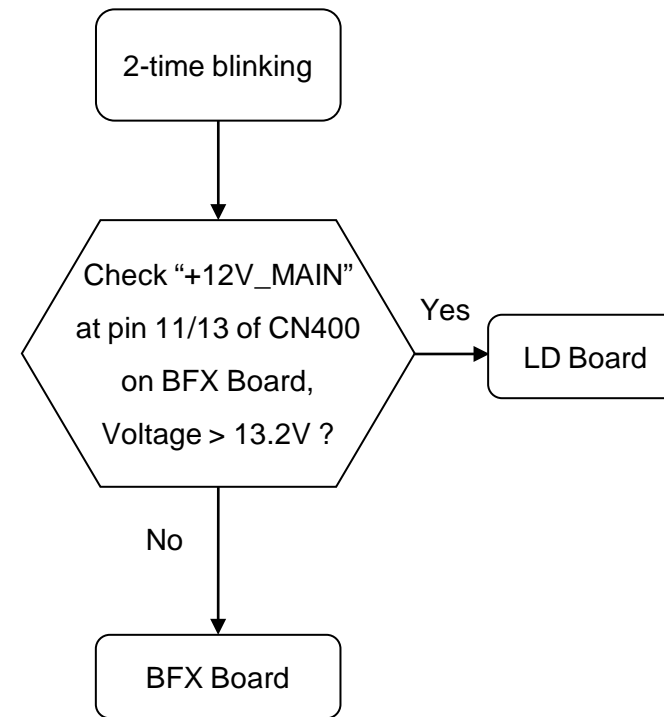
If cannot be erased, erase after replacing Muffin

## 2.0 LED Blinking: 2x (Main power Error)

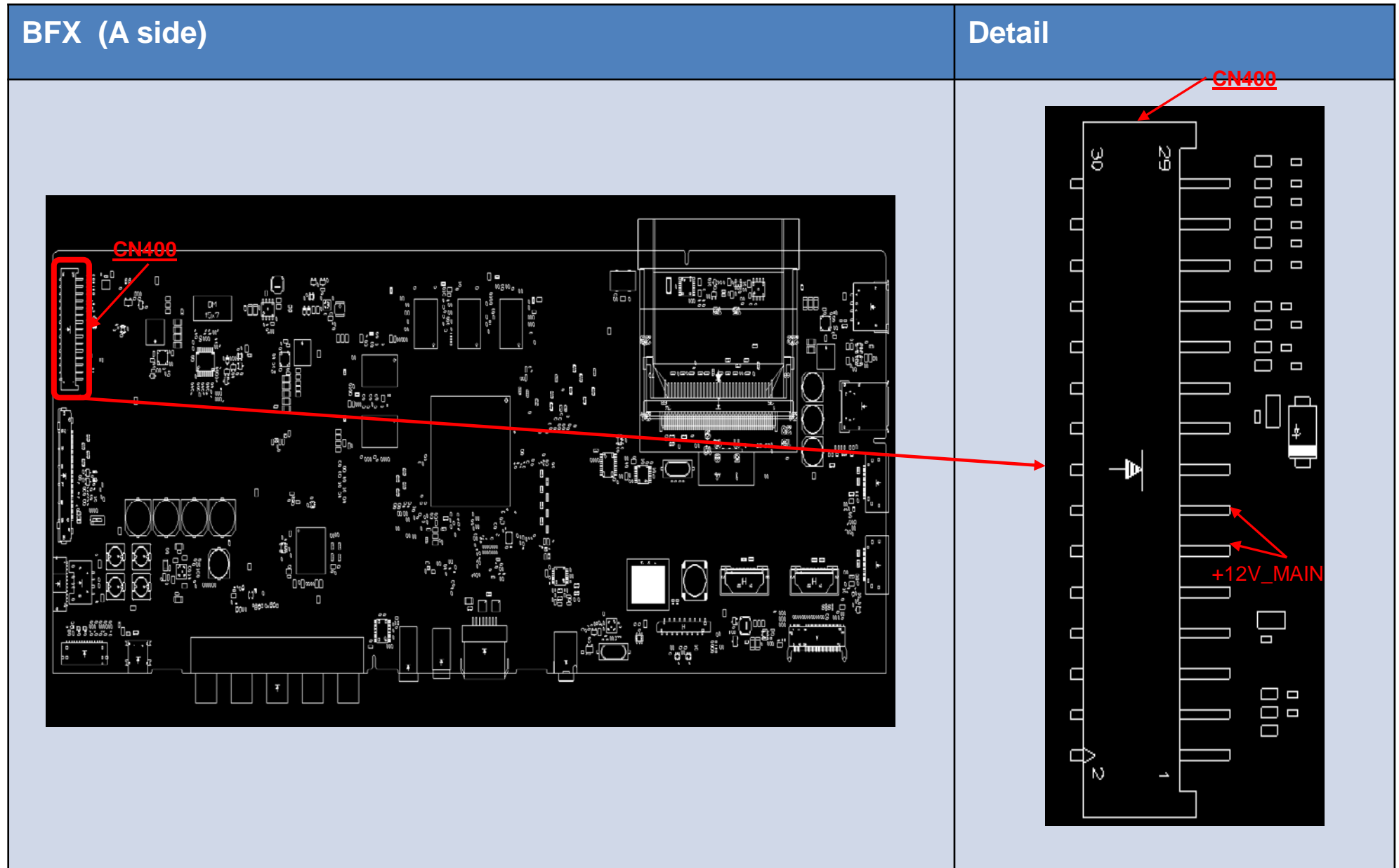
### BFX (G\* Board model)



### BFX (AC adapter model)



# Check point for BFX



## Detail of 3x LED Blinking

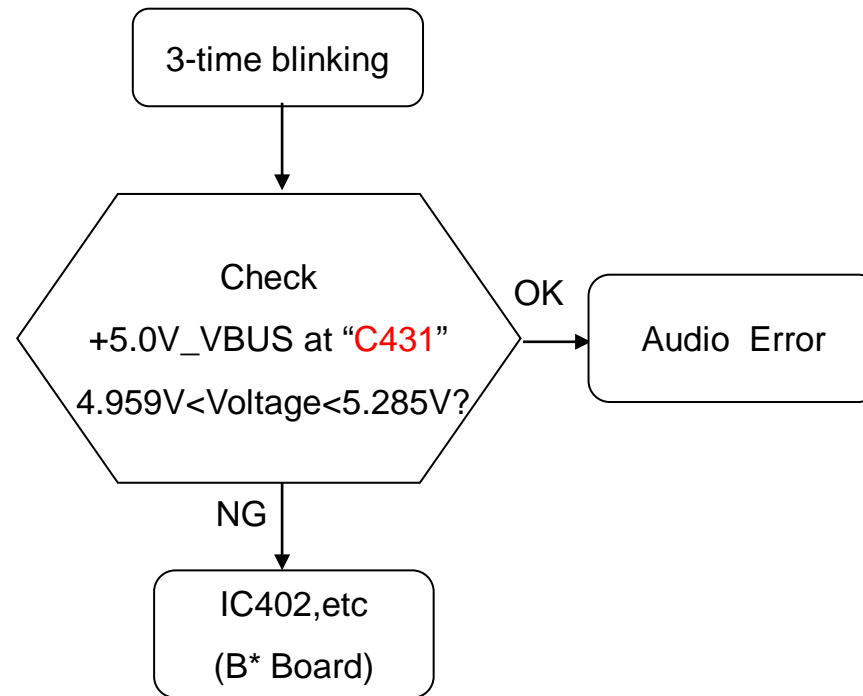
---

	Error Item	Number of STBY LED flashing	Description
Trinity2	DC_ALERT	3	Main board 5V power rail monitoring
	AUD_ERR	3	Audio amp error detection

Trinity2 Board: BFX;

## 2.1 LED Blinking: 3x (DC Alert Error)

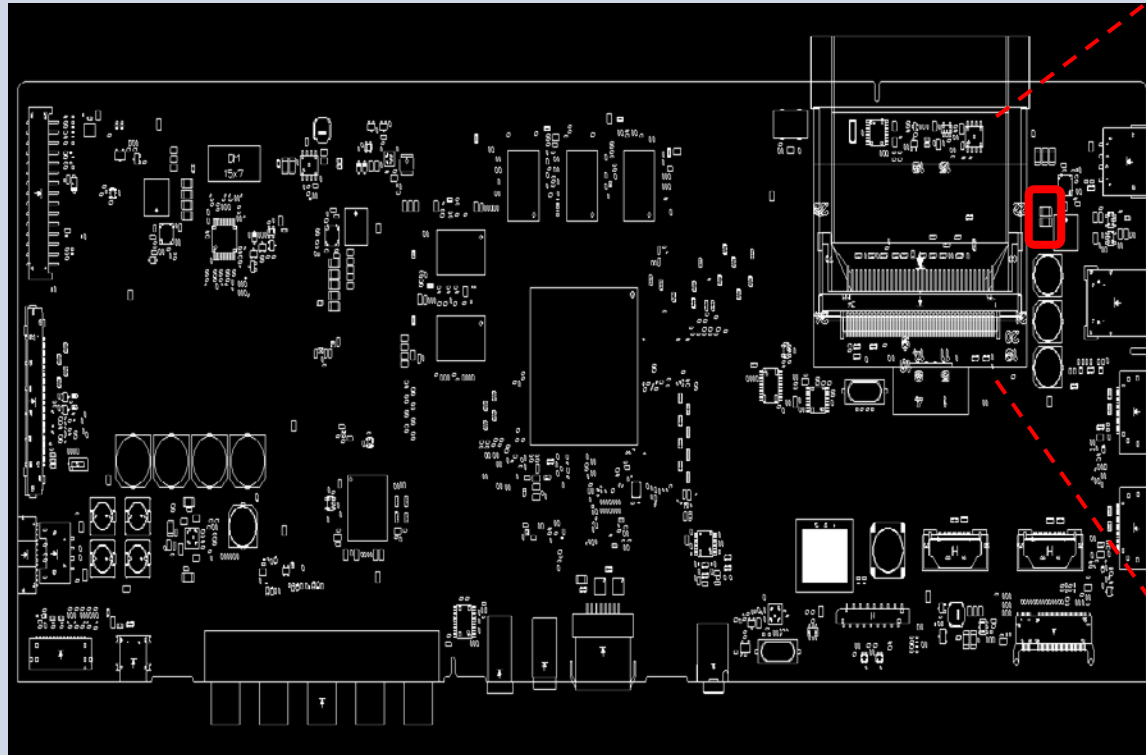
BFX



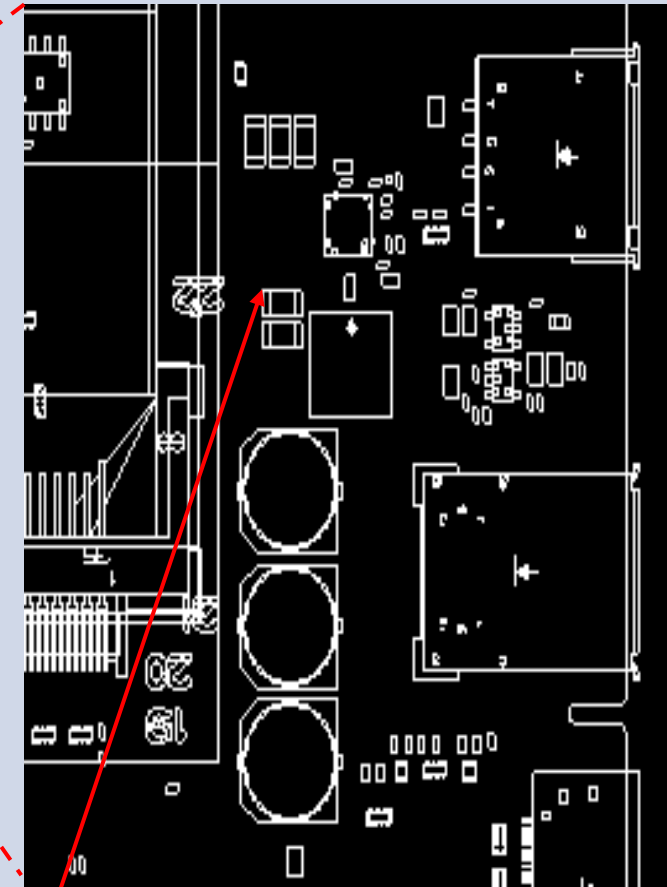


# Check point for BFX

Board PWB (A side)



Detail



+5.0V\_VBUS at "C431"

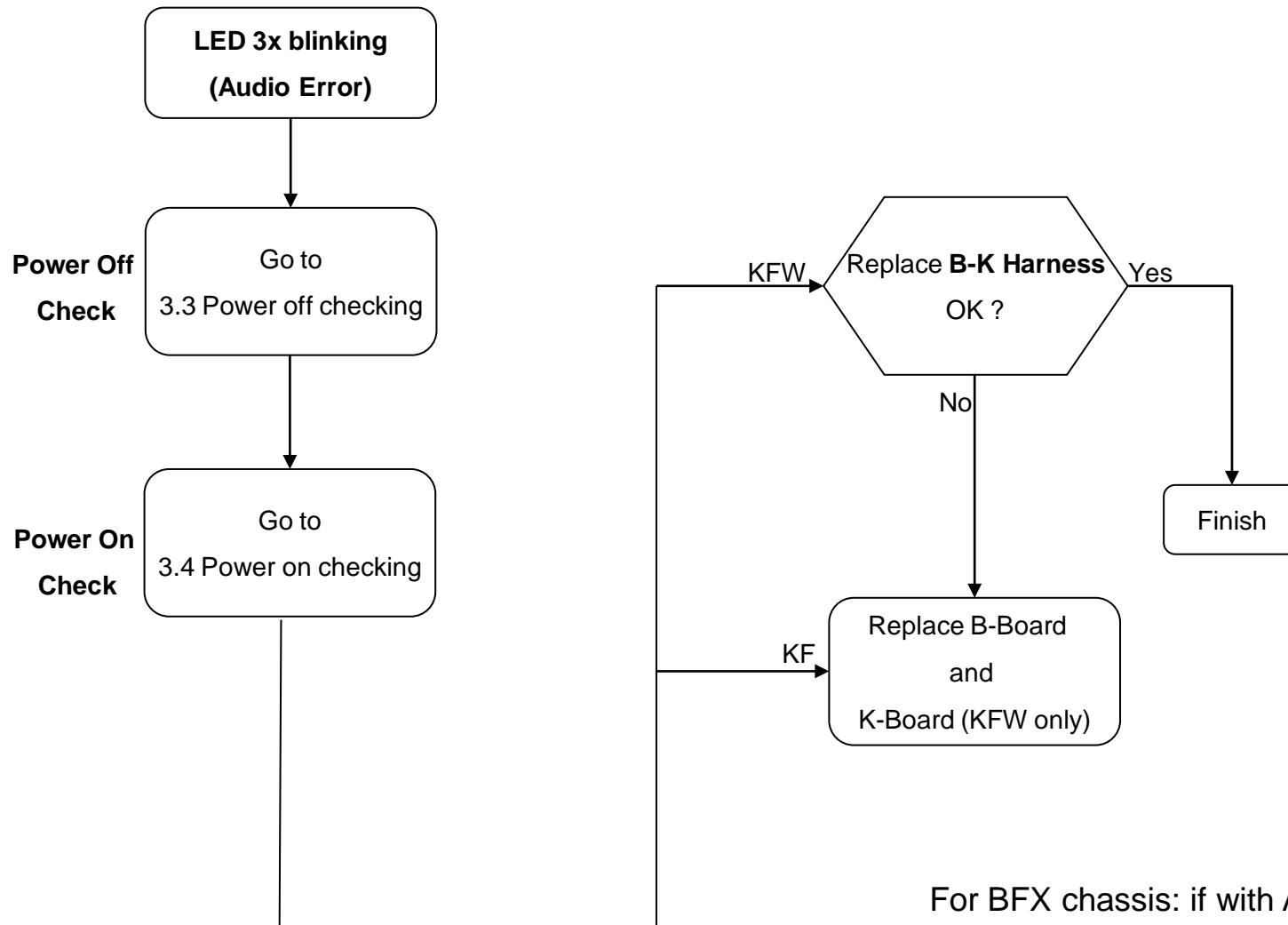
## Detail of 3x LED Blinking

---

	Error Item	Number of STBY LED flashing	Description
Trinity2	DC_ALERT	3	Main board 5V power rail monitoring
	AUD_ERR	3	Audio amp error detection

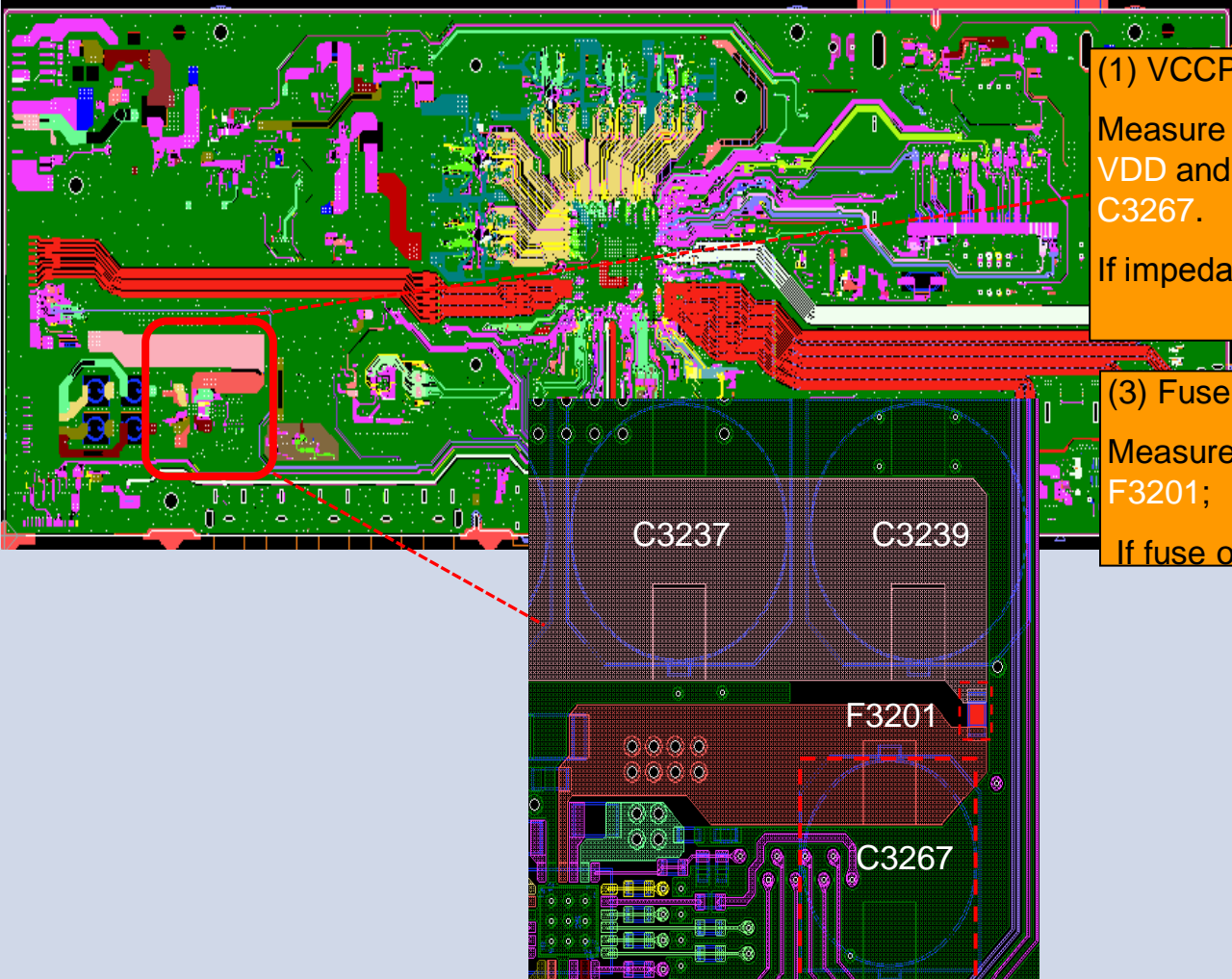
Trinity2 Board: BFX;

## 2.2 LED Blinking: 3x (Audio Error)

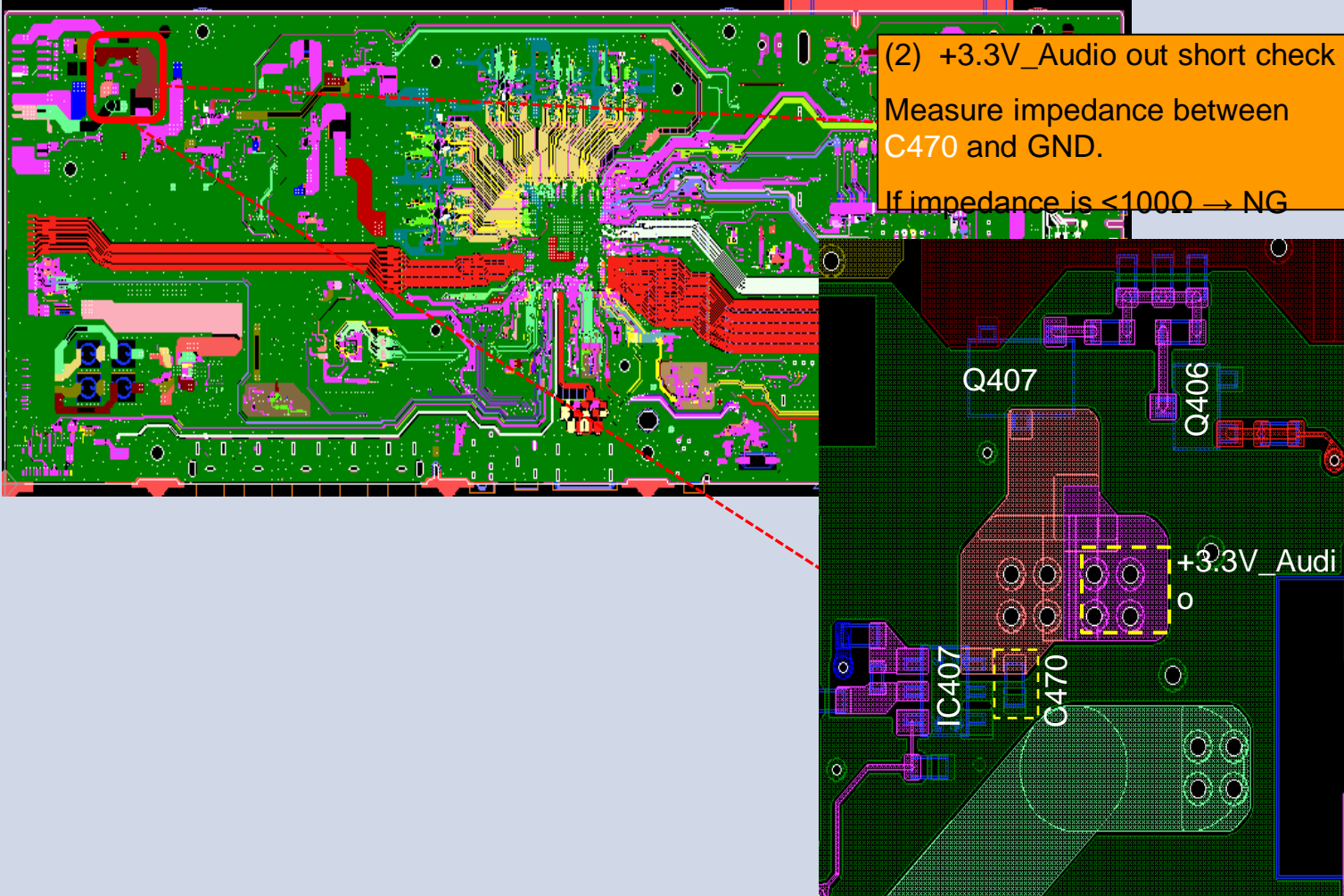


For BFX chassis: if with AC adapter,  
G-Board refer to LD board

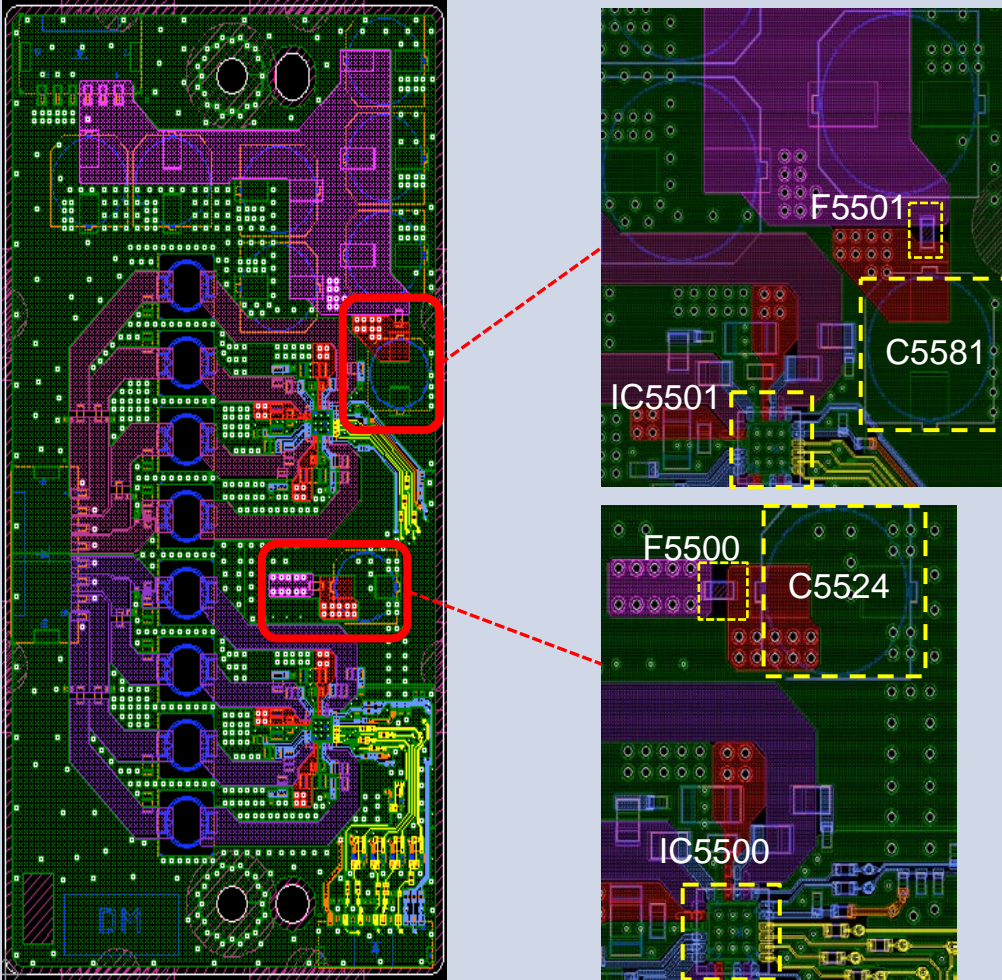
# Check point for BFX

Name	B* board (A side)
BFX	 <p>(1) VCCP-GNDP short check Measure impedance between VDD and GND at capacitor C3267. If impedance is <math>&lt;100\Omega</math> → NG</p> <p>(3) Fuse open check Measure impedance of fuse F3201; If fuse open → NG</p>

# Check point for BFX

Name	B* board (A side)
BFX	 <p>(2) +3.3V_Audio out short check Measure impedance between C470 and GND. If impedance is <math>\leq 100\Omega \rightarrow</math> NG</p> <p>Q407 Q406 +3.3V_Audi IC407 C470</p> <p>The image shows a green PCB layout with various components. A red box highlights a specific area in the upper left. A magnified view of this area is shown on the right, featuring components labeled Q407, Q406, IC407, C470, and +3.3V_Audi. A yellow dashed box in the magnified view encloses C470 and its connection to ground. An orange text box provides instructions for a short check on the +3.3V_Audio output, specifically mentioning the measurement of impedance between C470 and GND, and stating that an impedance of <math>\leq 100\Omega</math> indicates a failure (NG).</p>

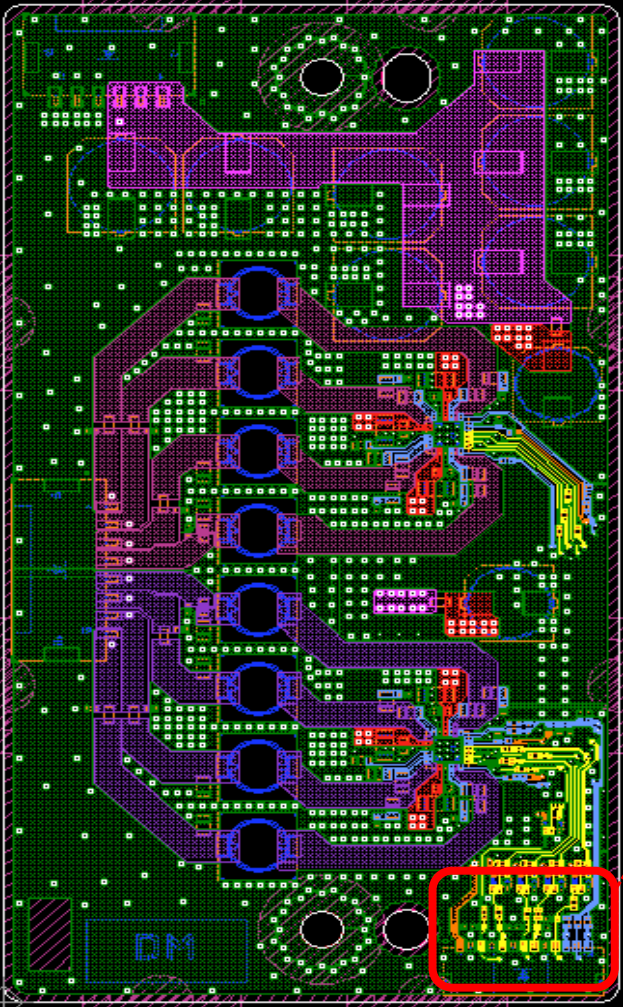
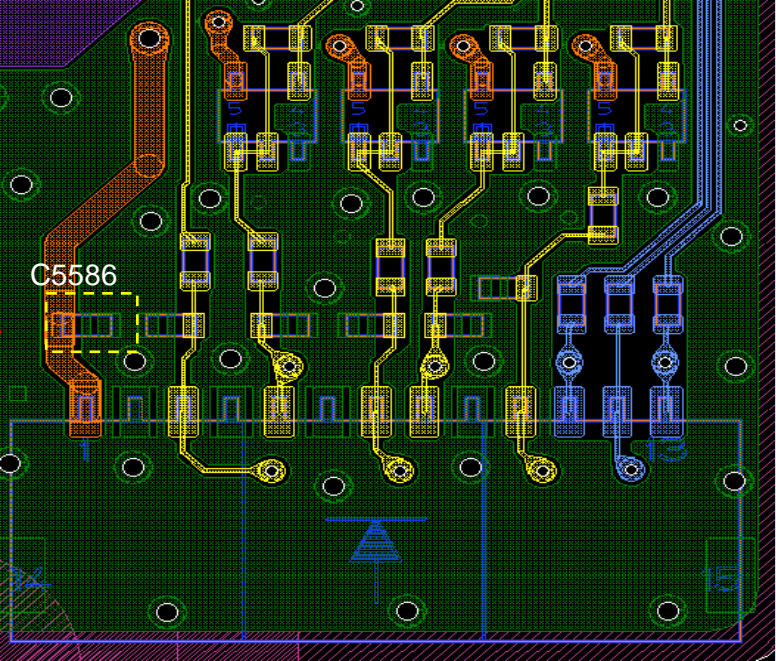
# Check point for BFX

Name	K* board (A side)
KK3	 <p>The image shows a detailed PCB layout of the K* board (A side). A large red box highlights a specific area on the board. Two smaller images provide magnified views of this area. The top magnified view shows components IC5501, F5501, and C5581. The bottom magnified view shows components F5500, C5524, and IC5500. Red dashed lines connect the red box on the main board to these two magnified views.</p>

(1) VCCP-GNDP short check  
Measure impedance between VDD and GND at capacitor C5581 and C5524.  
If impedance is  $<100\Omega$  → NG

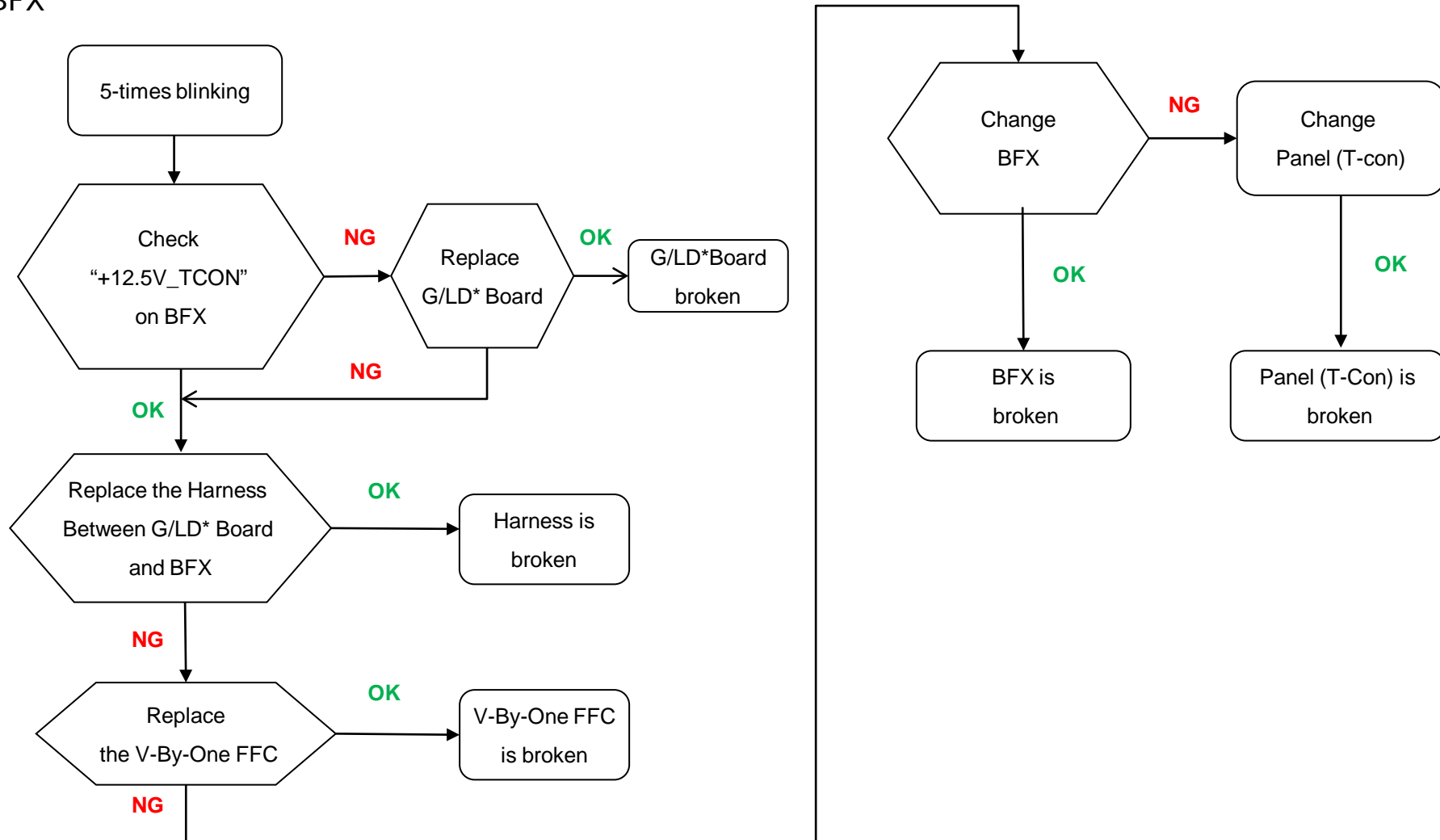
(3) Fuse open check  
Measure impedance of fuse F5500 and F5501;  
If fuse open → NG

# Check point for BFX

Name	K* board (A side)
KK3	 <p data-bbox="1216 392 1951 560">(2) +3.3V_Audio out short check Measure impedance between C5586 and GND. If impedance is <math>&lt; 100\Omega</math> → NG</p> 

## 2.4 LED BLINKING: 5x (Panel Communication Error)

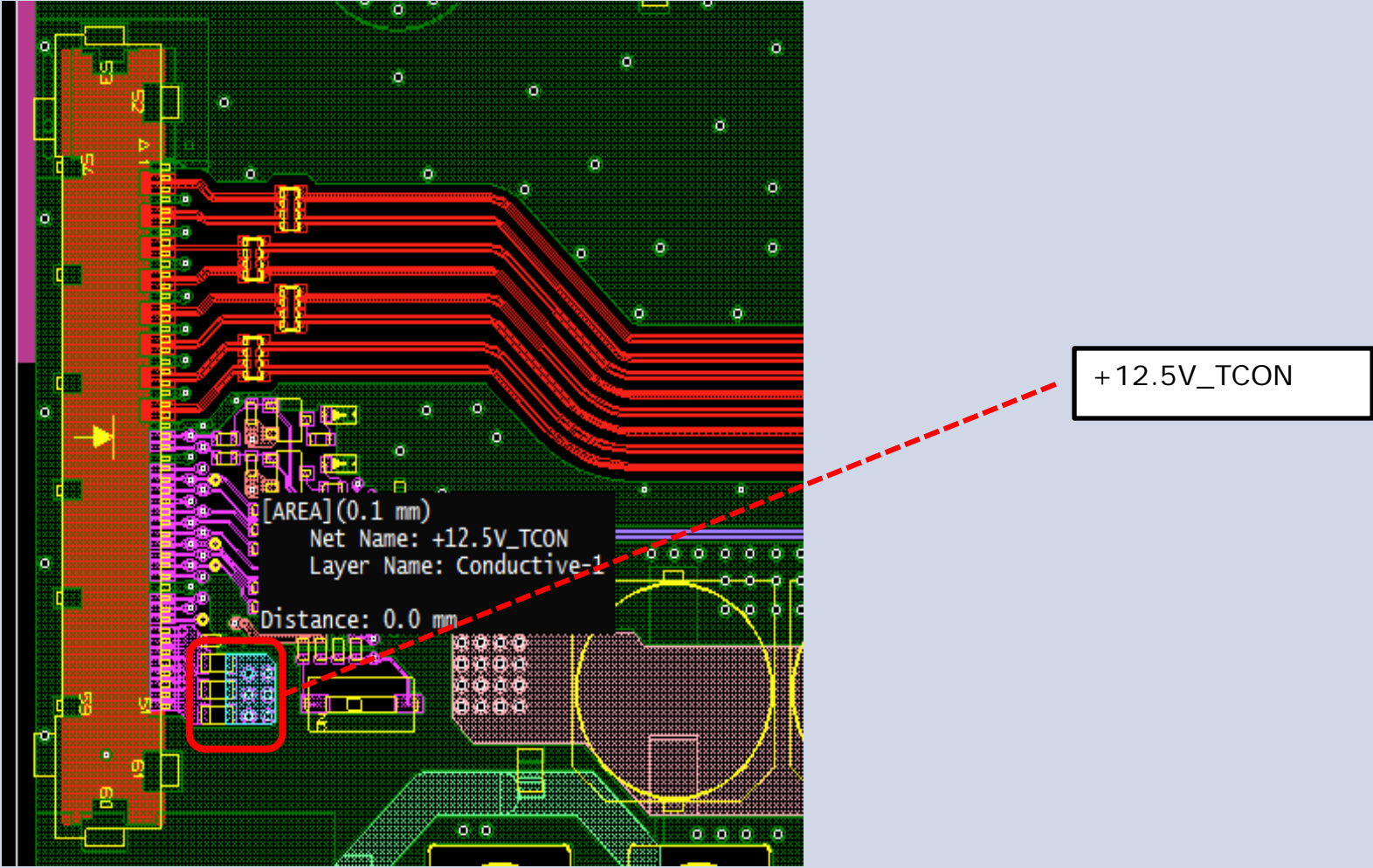
BFX



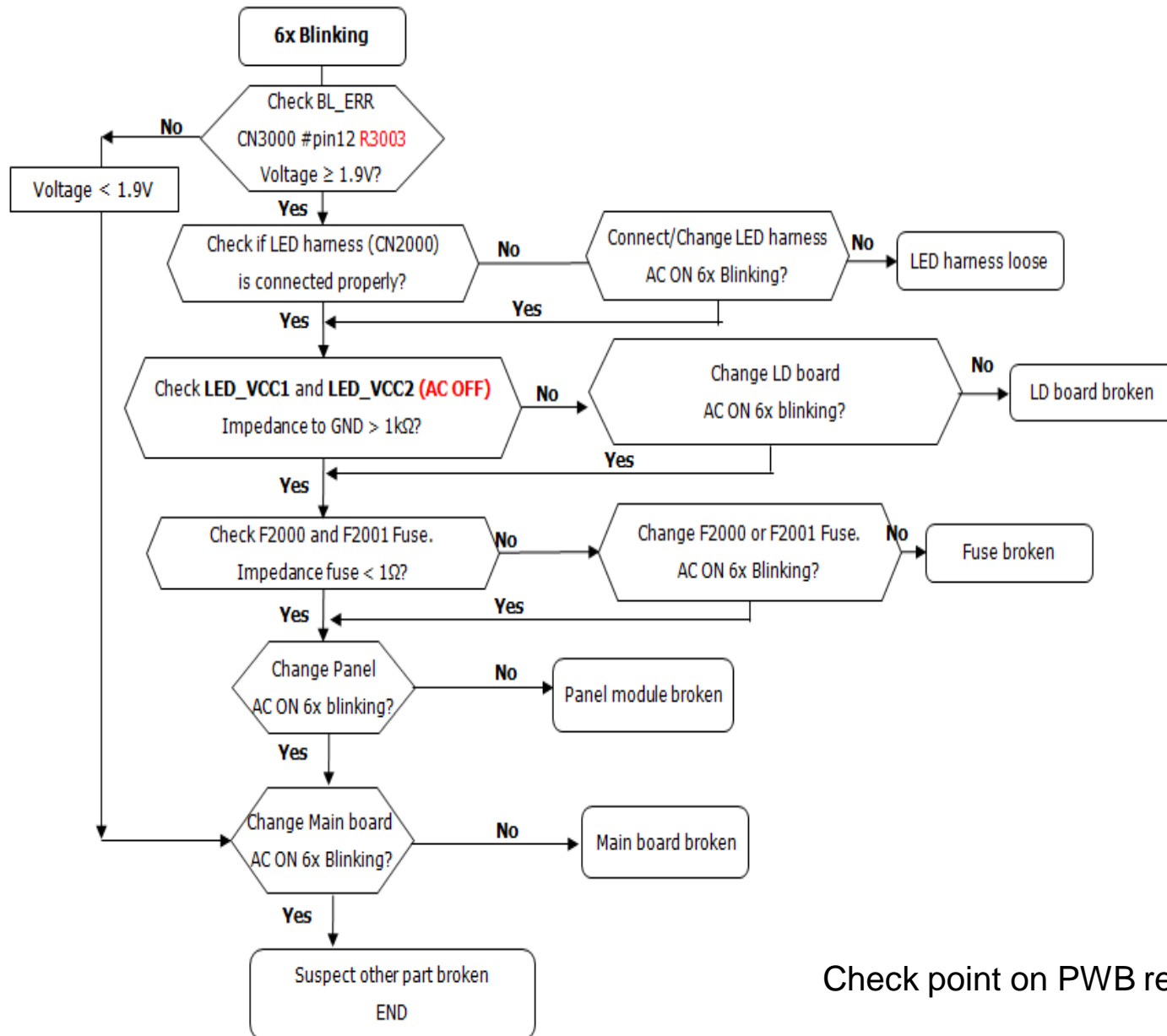
G/LD\* Board: G board or LD board



# Check point for BFX

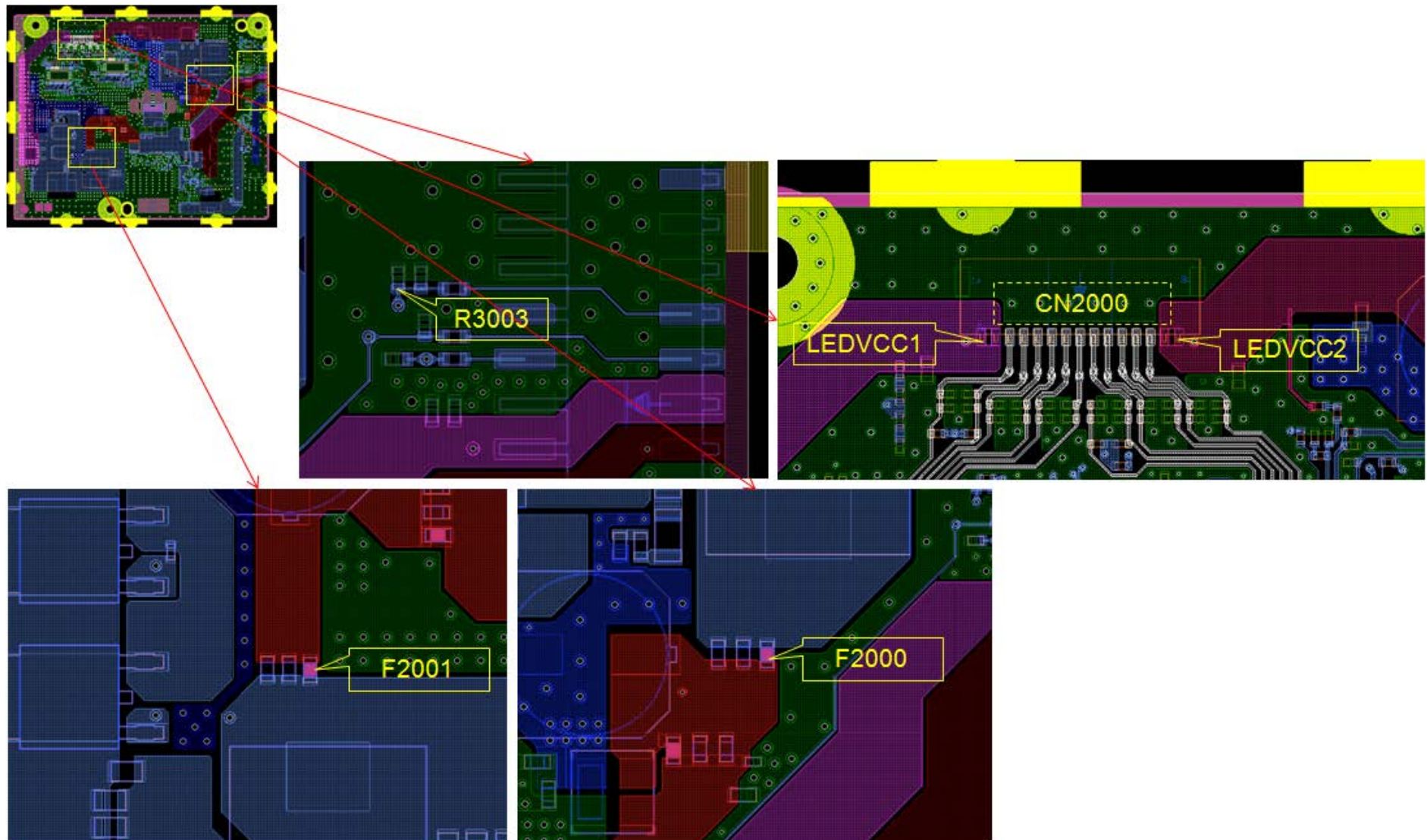
Name	B* board (A side)
BFX	 <p>The image displays a PCB layout for the BFX board (A side). A red net is highlighted, representing the +12.5V_TCON power plane. A callout box points to a specific area of the net with the following details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>[AREA] (0.1 mm)</li><li>Net Name: +12.5V_TCON</li><li>Layer Name: Conductive-1</li><li>Distance: 0.0 mm</li></ul> <p>Another callout box on the right side of the image contains the text: +12.5V_TCON.</p>

## 2.5 6x Blinking backlight error

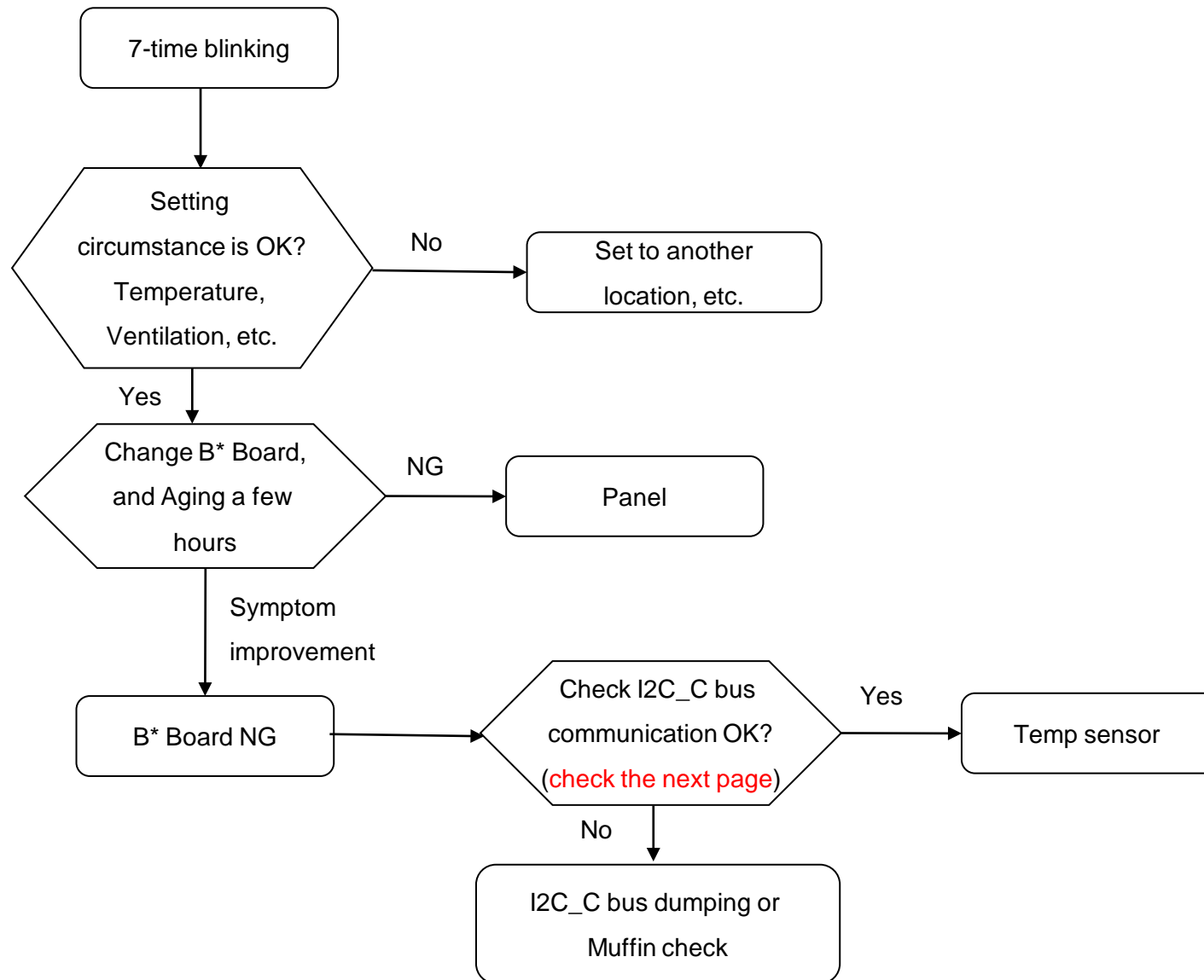


Check point on PWB refer next slide

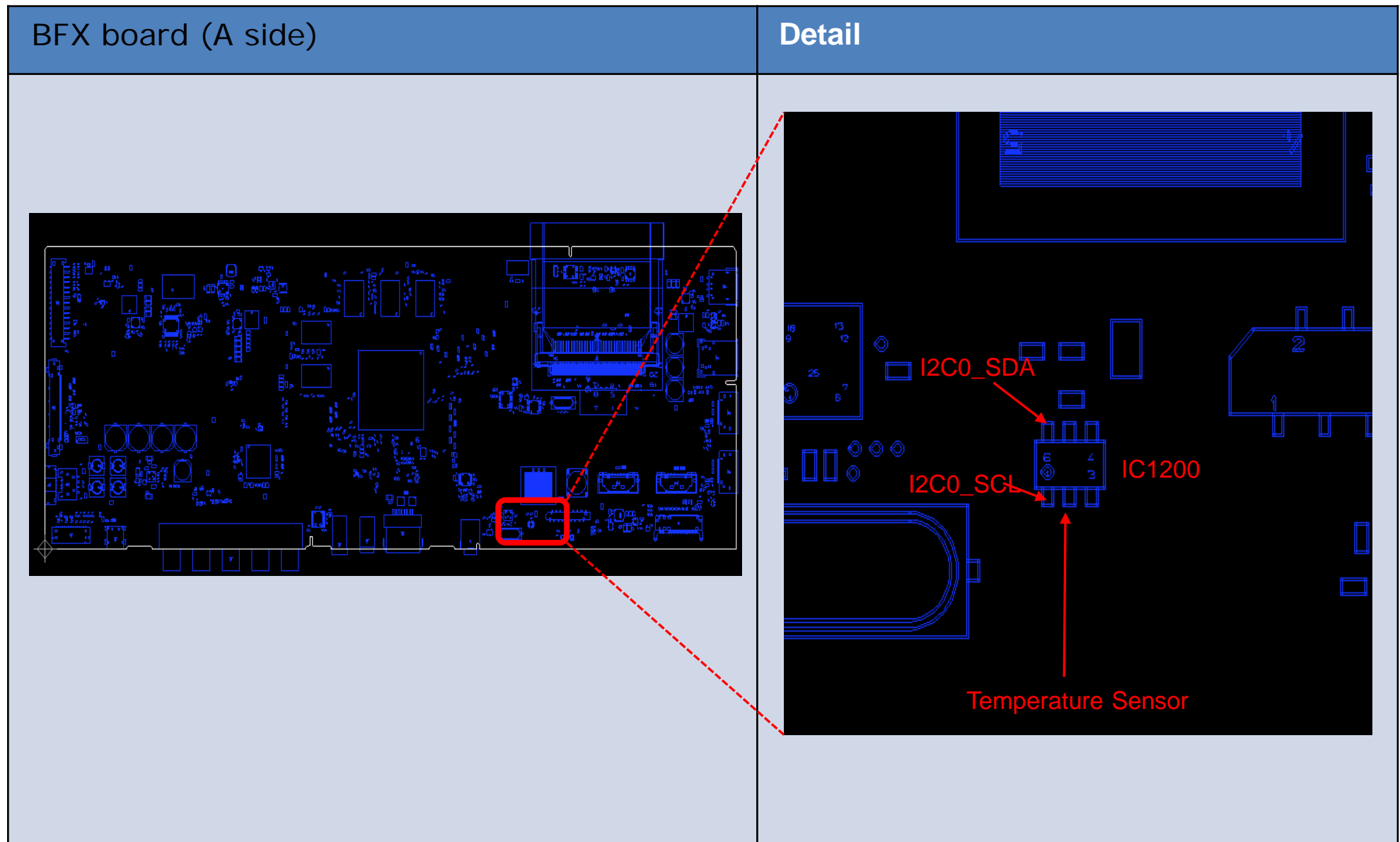
## 2.5 6x Blinking backlight error



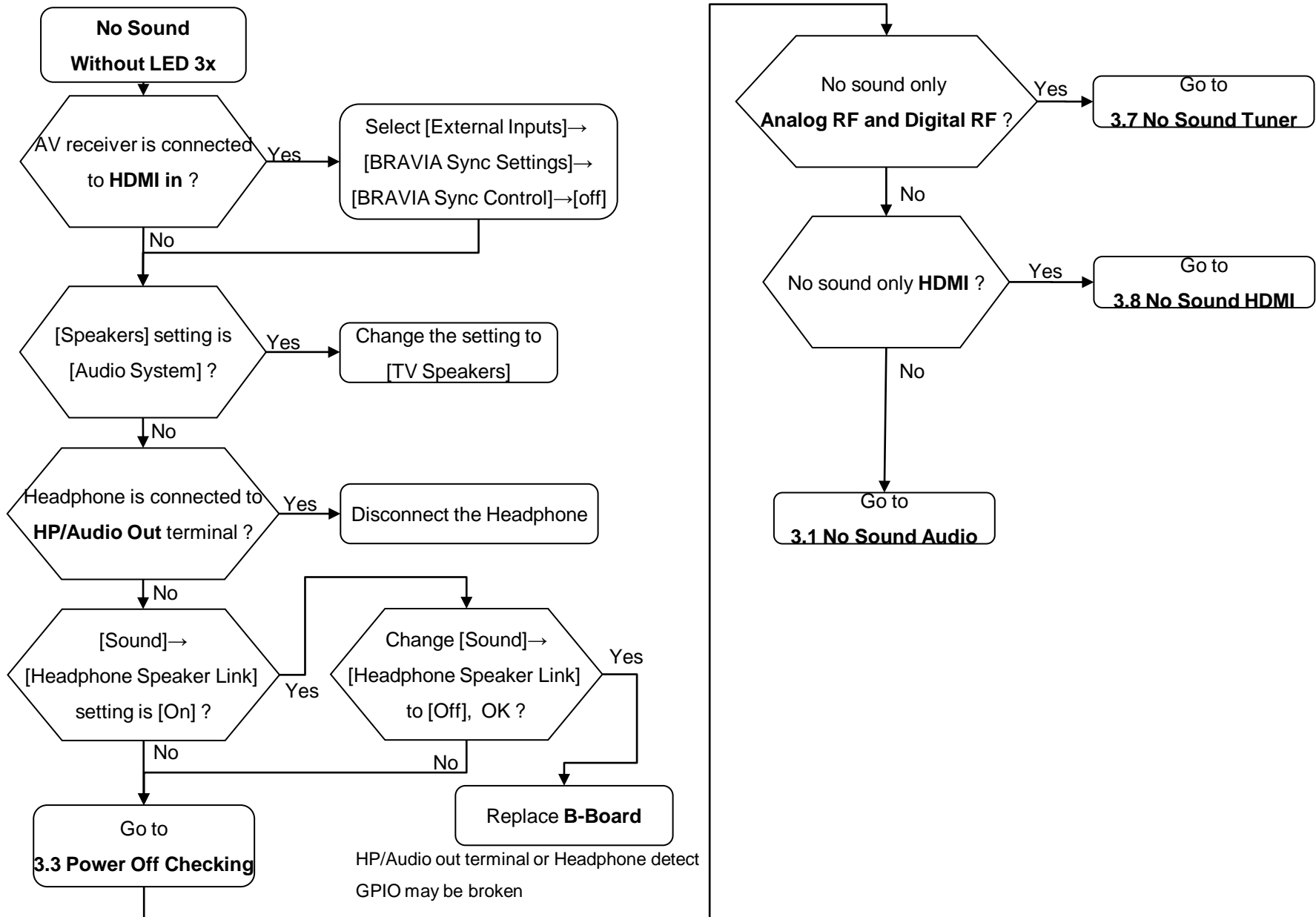
## 2.6 LED BLINKING: 7x (Temperature Error)



# Check point for BFX

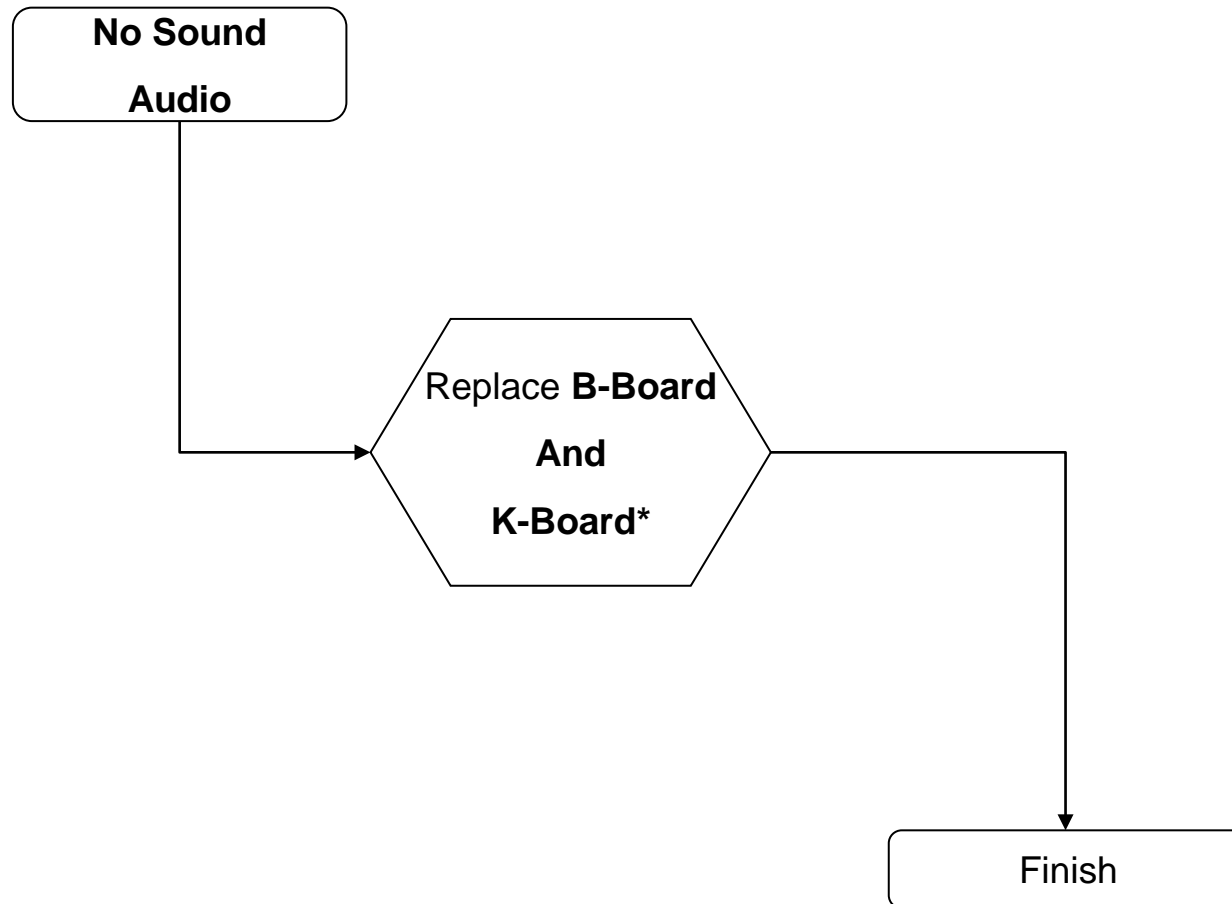


# 3.0 No Sound



## 3.1 No Sound Audio

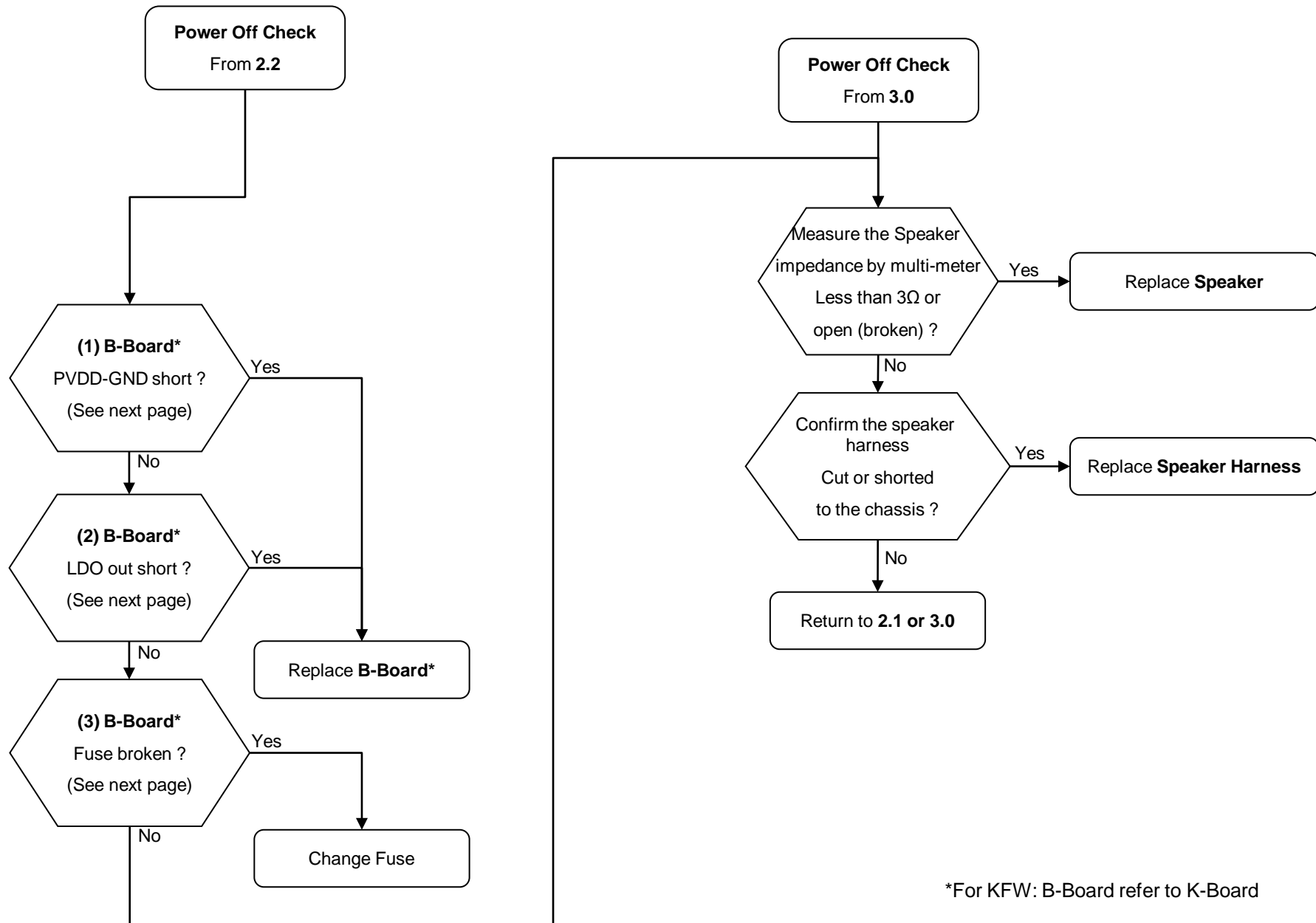
---



\*For KF segment: Only replace BFX board

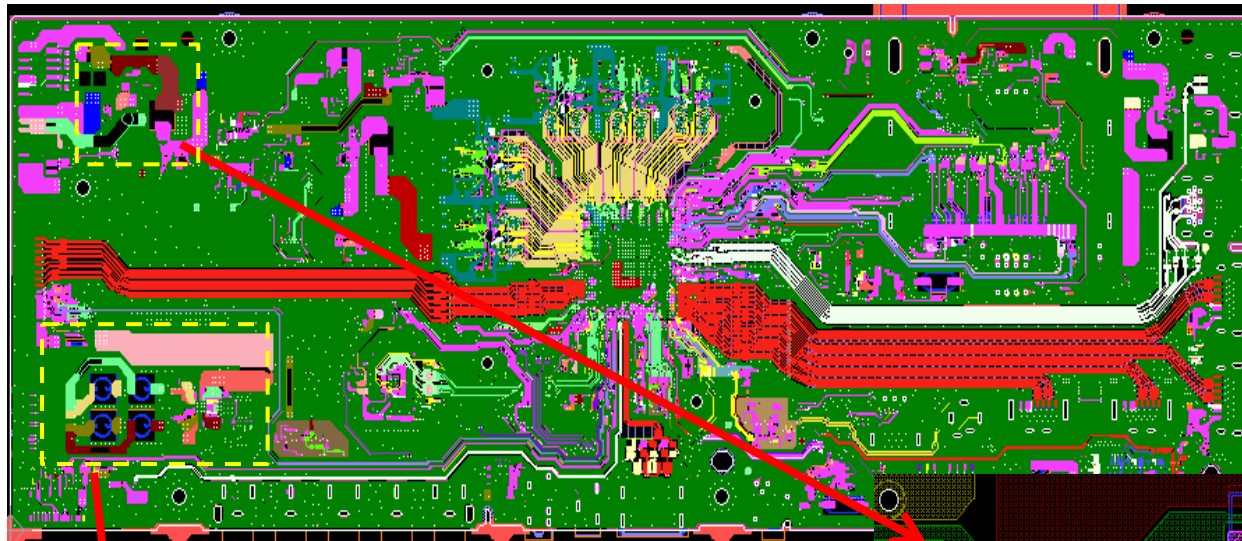
\*For KFW segment: Replace KK3 Board and BFX board

### 3.3 No Sound Power Off Check [KF/KFW]





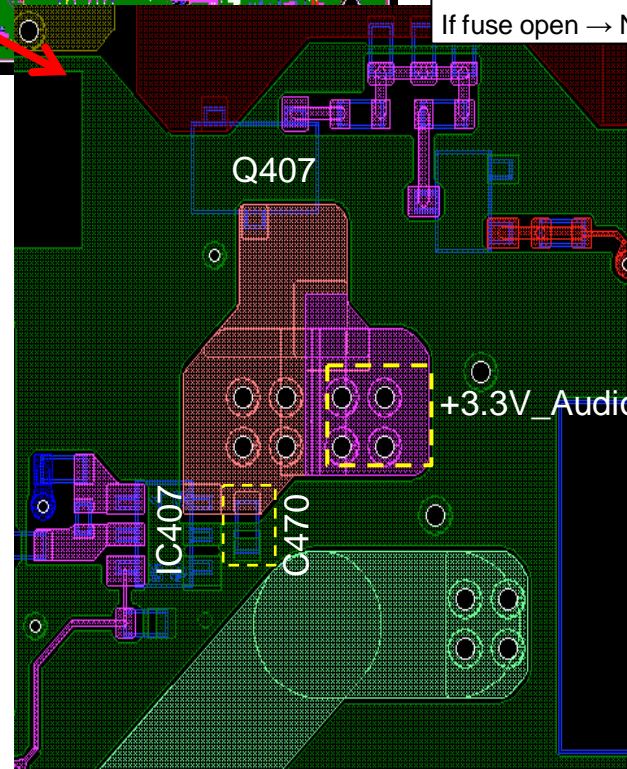
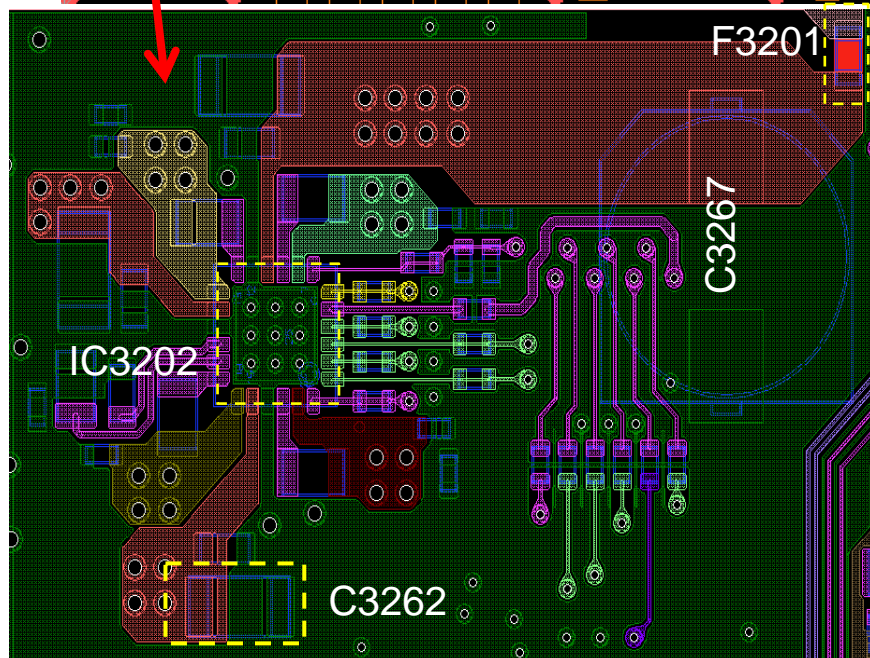
# BFX-Board [ KF only]



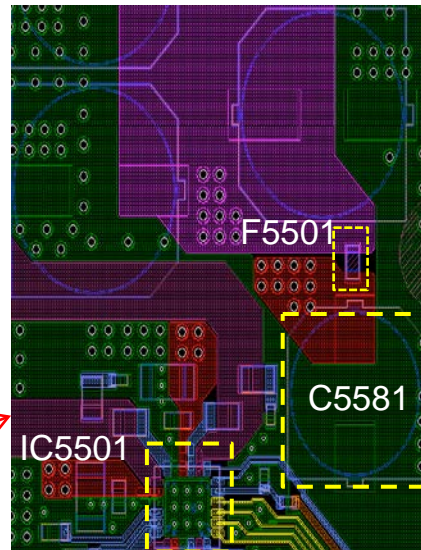
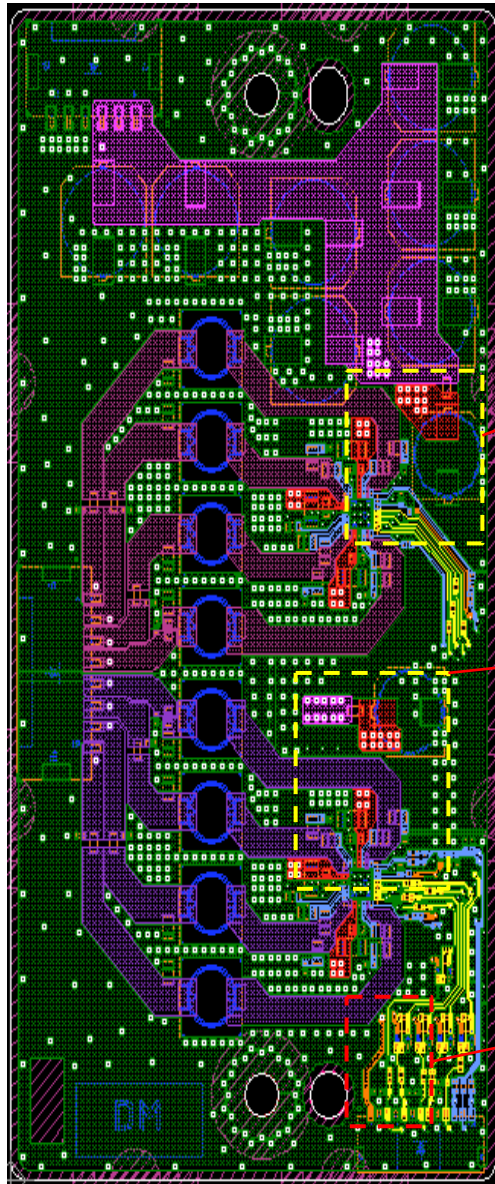
(1) PVDD-GND short check  
Measure impedance between PVDD and GND at capacitor C3262.  
If impedance is  $<100\Omega$  → NG

(2) LDO out short check  
Measure impedance between +3.3V\_Audio and GND at C470.  
If impedance is  $<100\Omega$  → NG

(3) Fuse open check  
Measure impedance of fuse F3201 5A (12.5V or 19.5V)  
If fuse open → NG (Change Fuse)



# KK3-Board [ KFW only]



(1) PVDD-GND short check

Measure impedance between PVDD and GND at capacitor C5581 and C5524.

If impedance is  $< 100\Omega$  → NG

(2) LDO out short check

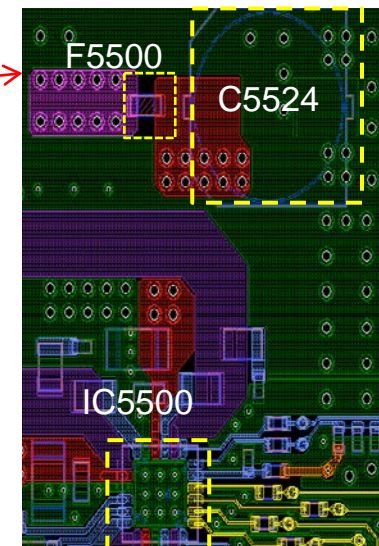
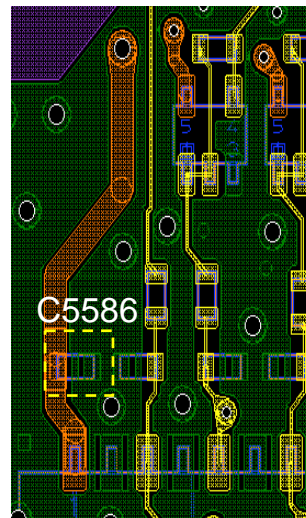
Measure impedance between +3.3V\_Audio and GND at C5586.

If impedance is  $< 100\Omega$  → NG

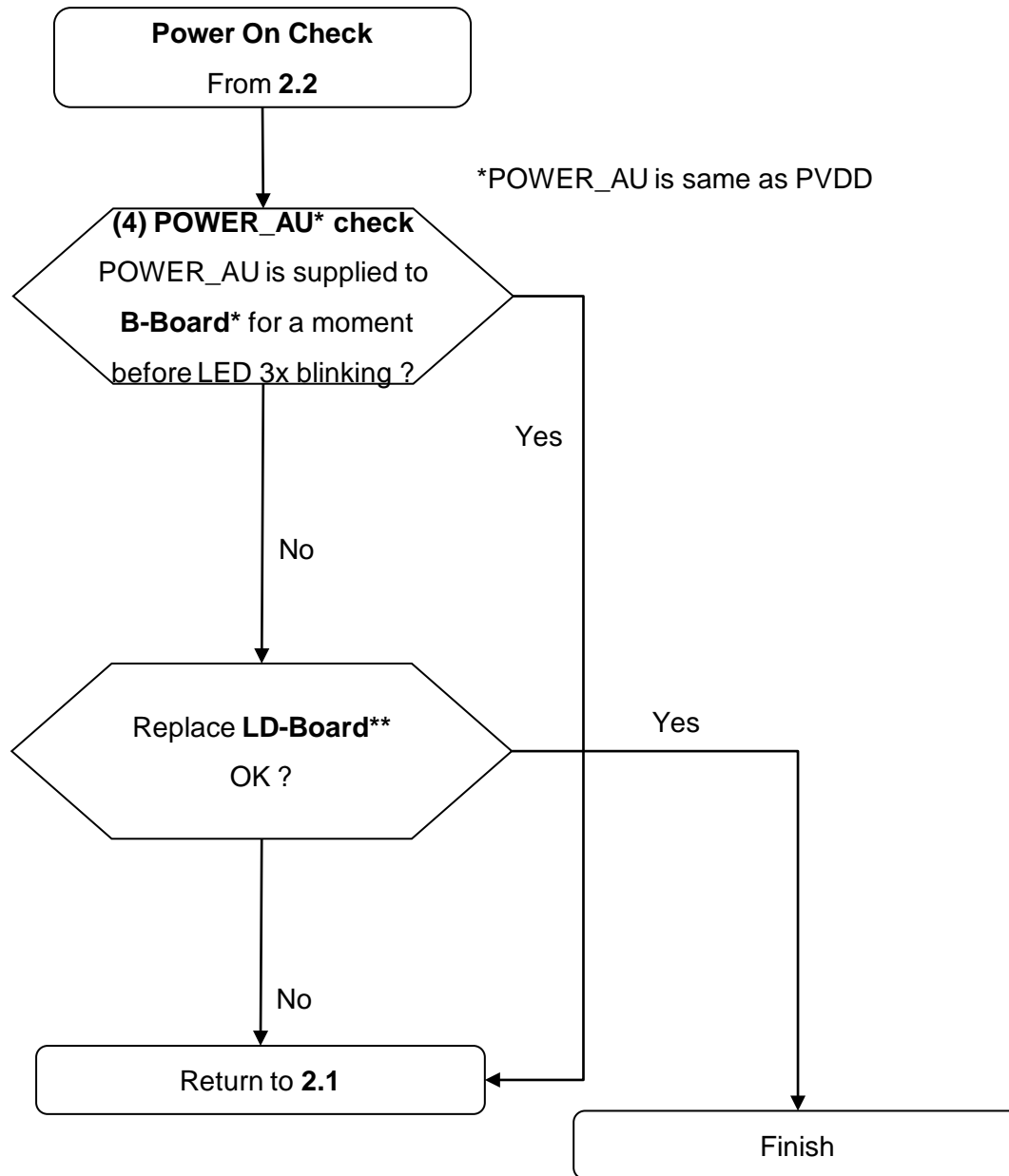
(3) Fuse open check

Measure impedance of fuse F5500 and F5501 [5A] (12.5V or 19.5V)

If fuse open → NG (Change Fuse)



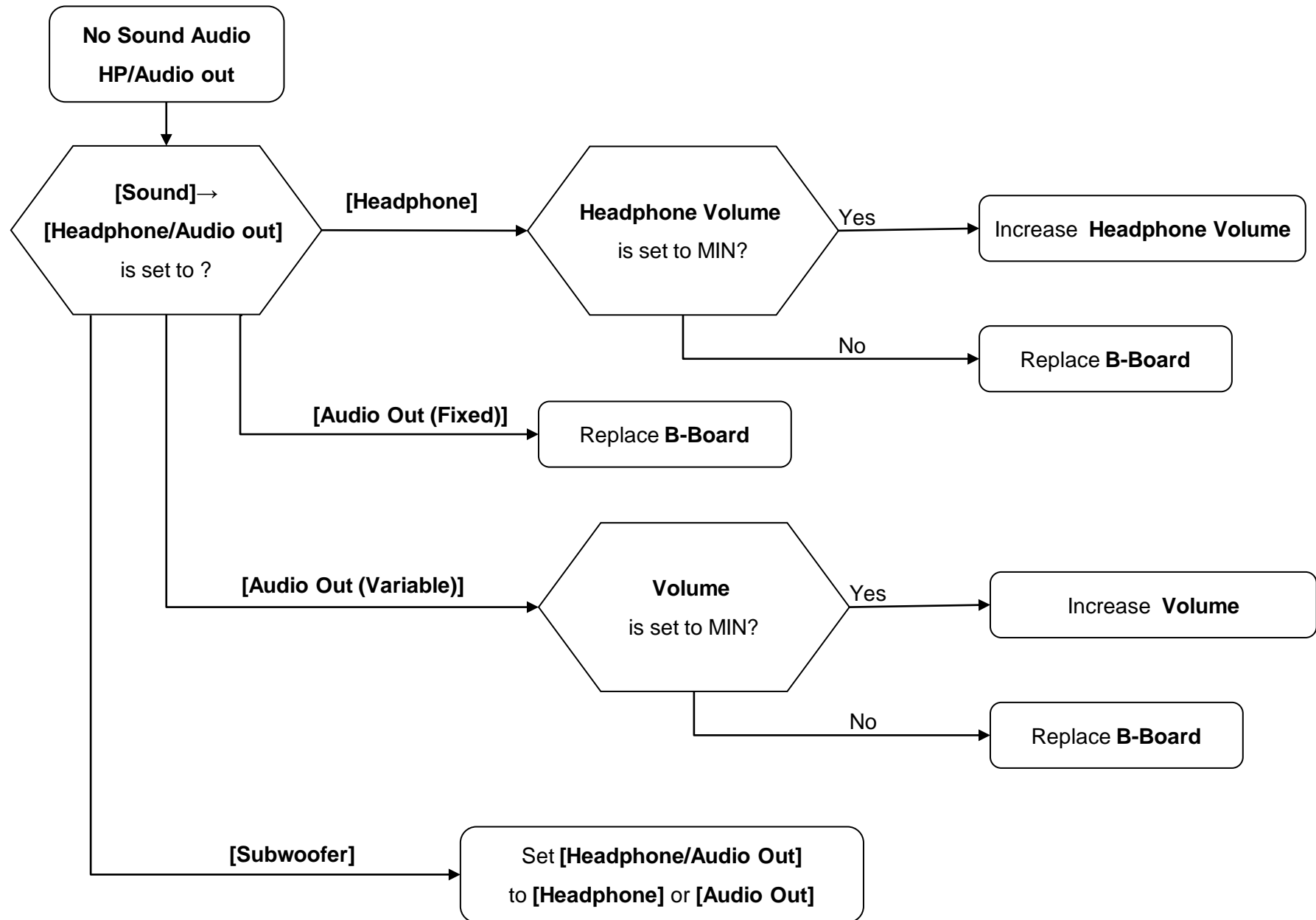
## 3.4 No Sound Power On Check [KF/KFW]



\* For KFW, B-Board refer to KK3-Board

\*\*For BFX chassis: If non AC adapter model, LD-Board refer to G board;

### 3.5 No Sound Audio HP/Audio out

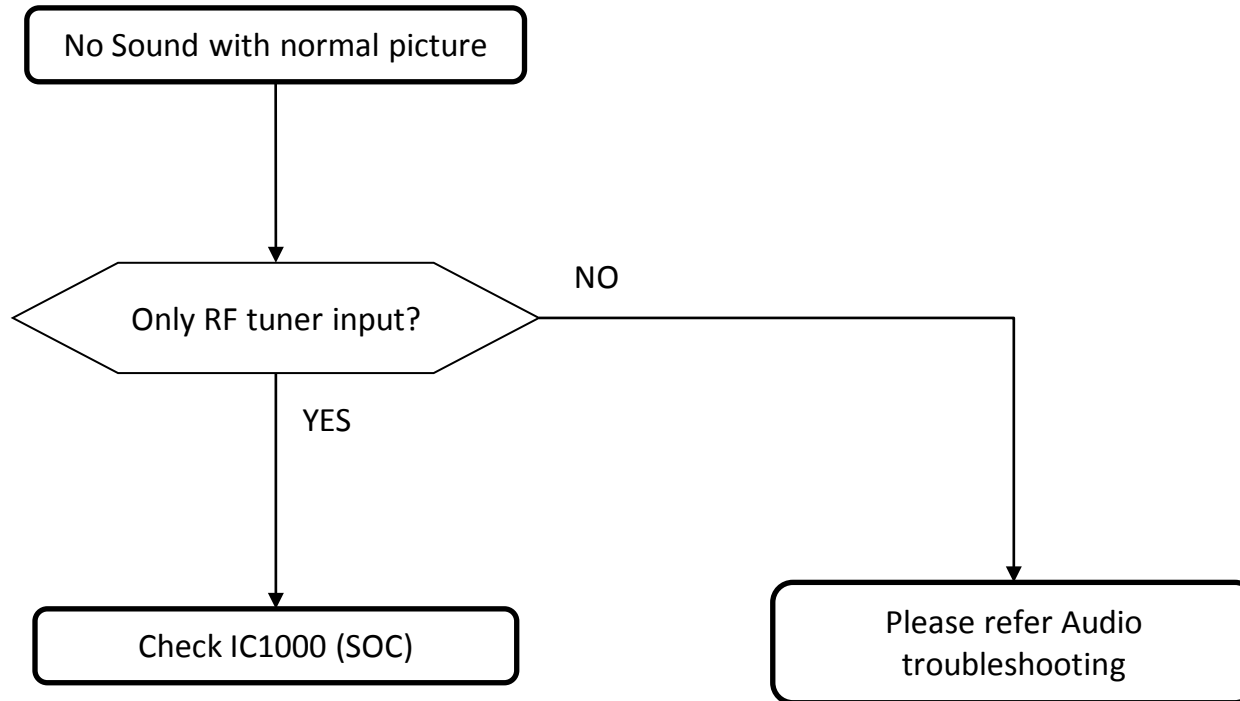


## 3.6 [ Not Applicable ]

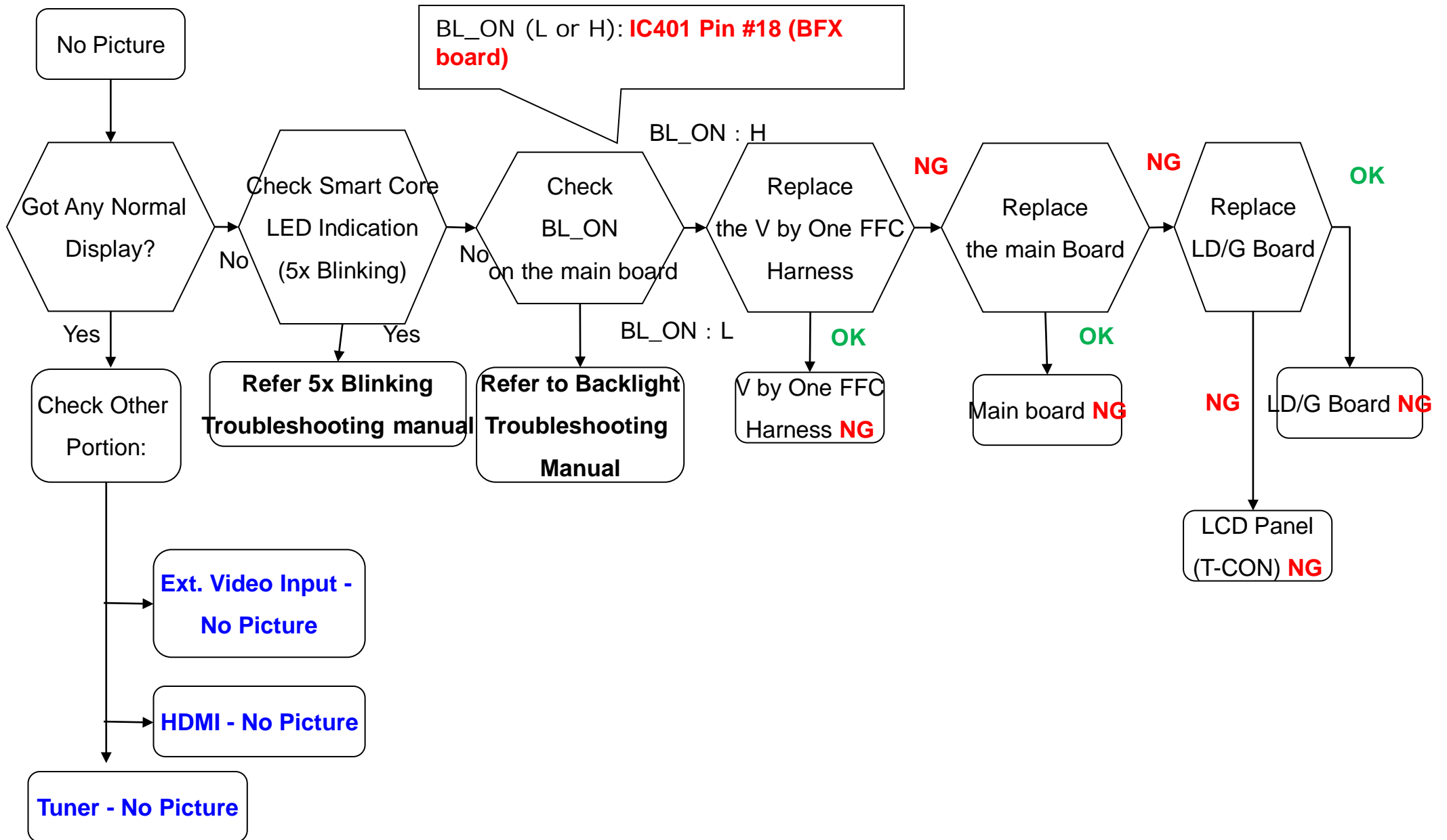
---

### 3.7 NO SOUND: @ TUNER

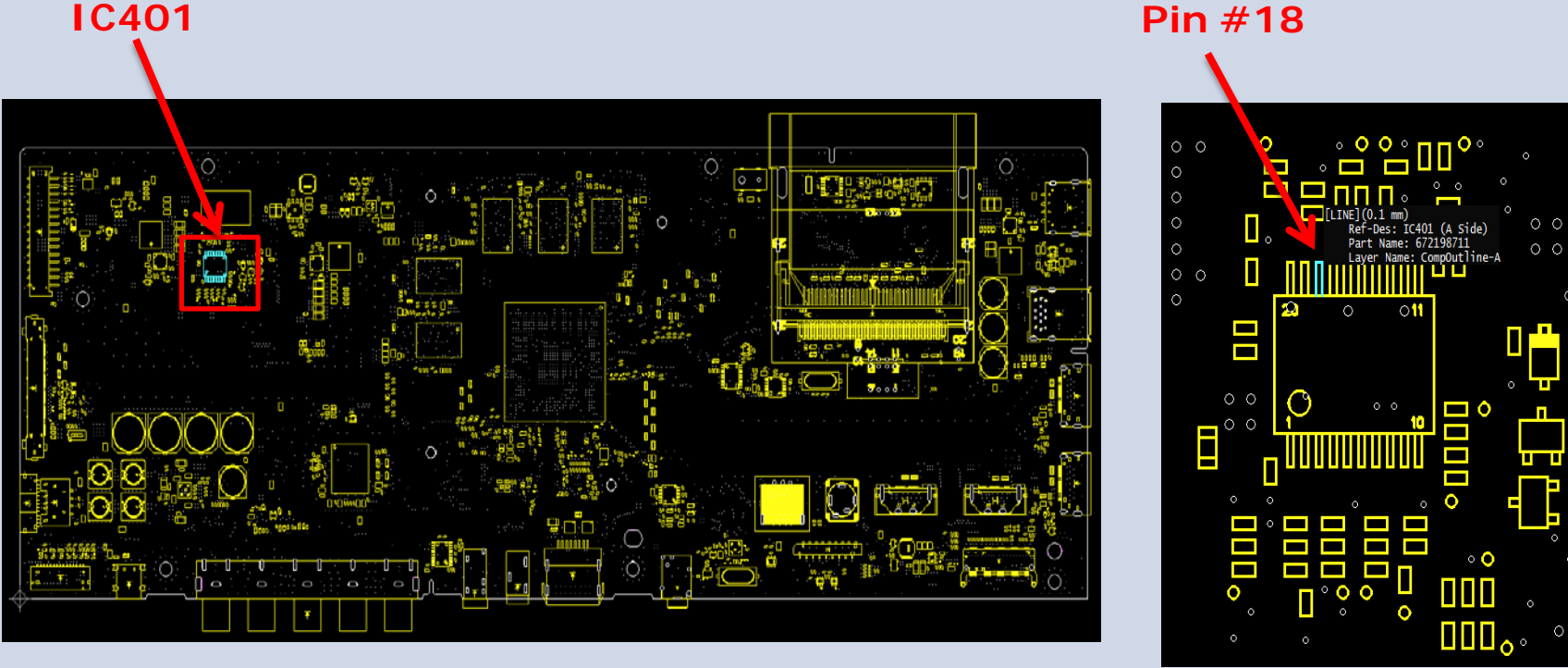
---



# 4.0 No Picture

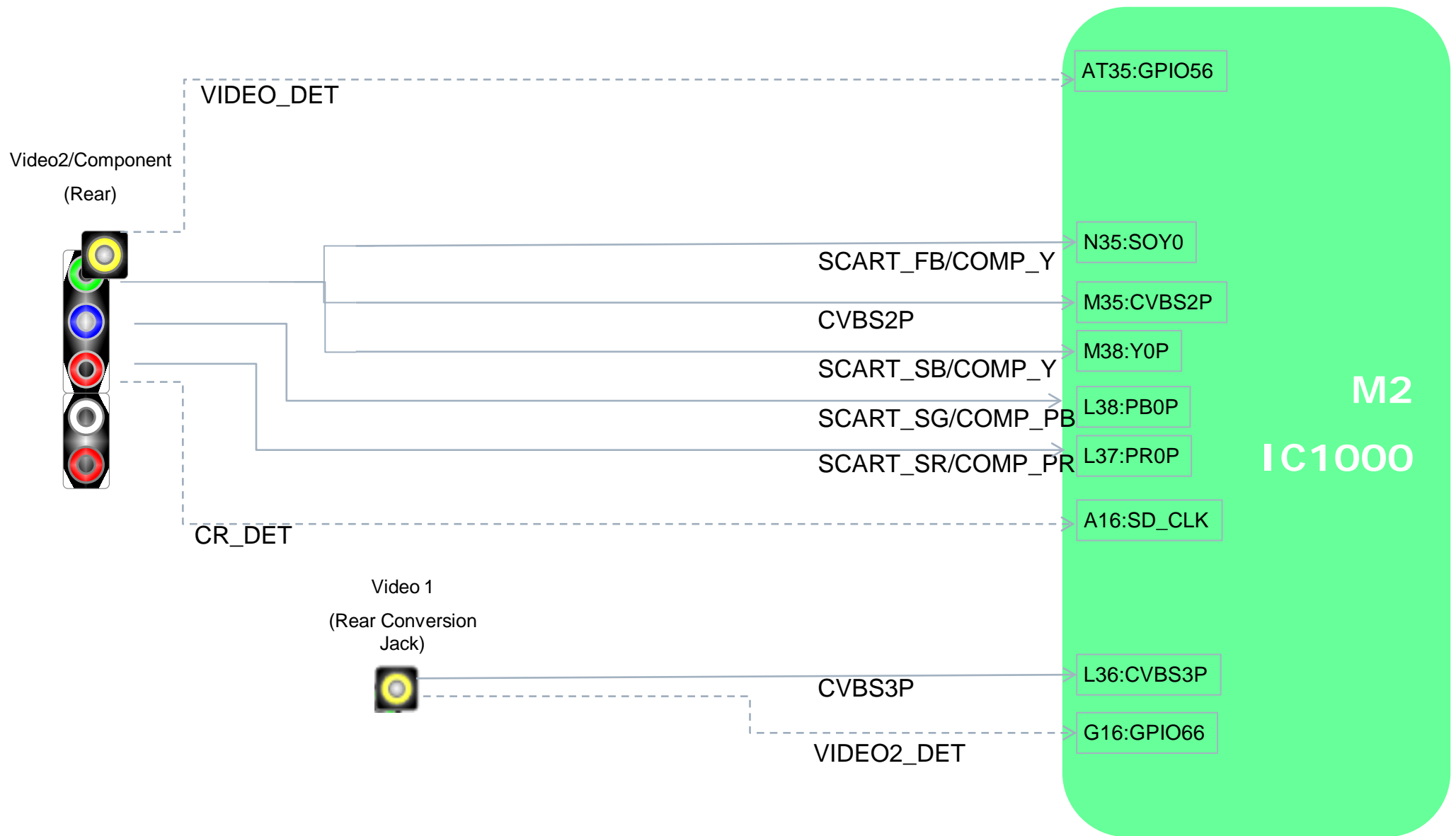


# BL\_ON (IC401: Pin #18)

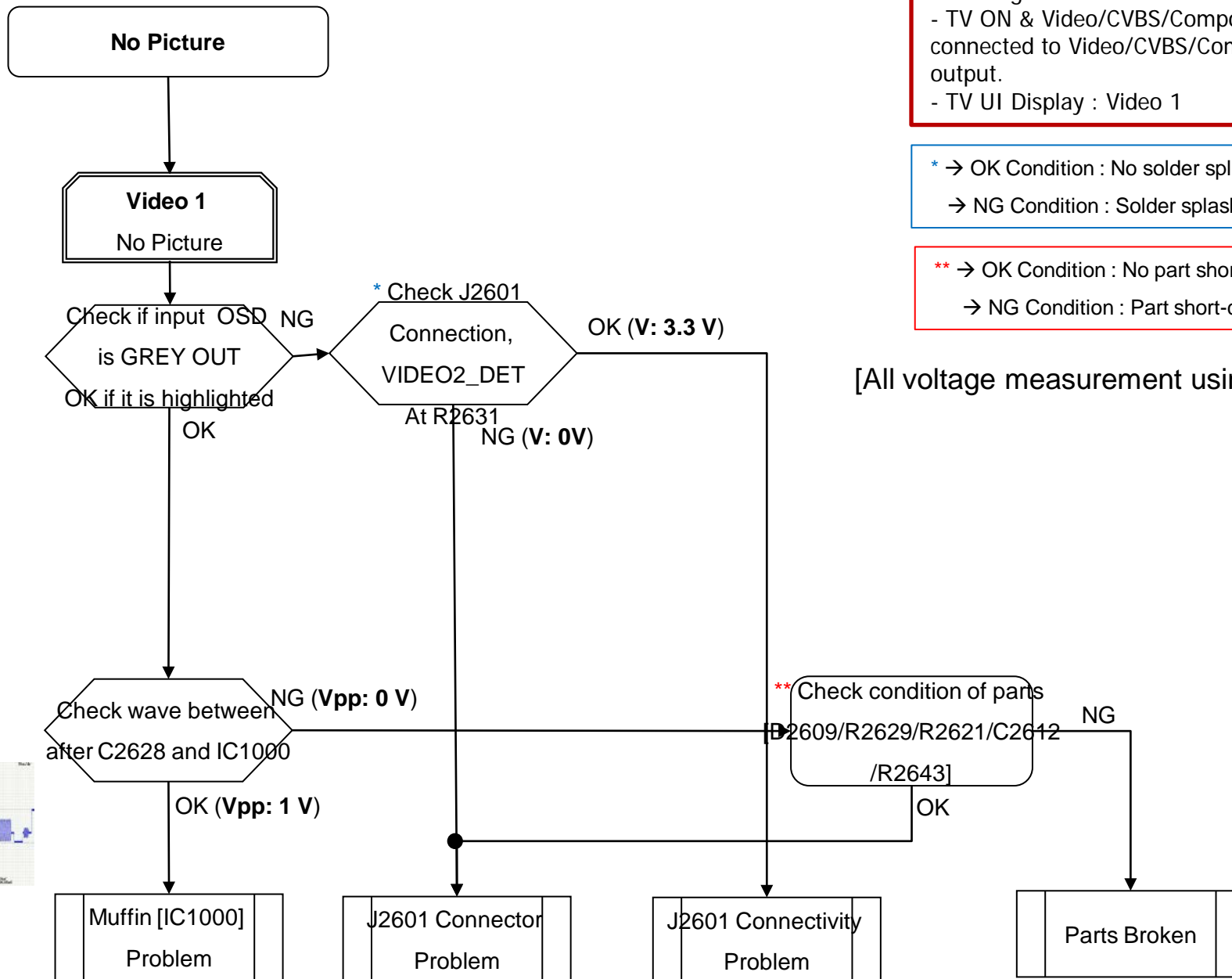
Board Name	Board PWB A-side
BFX	 <p>IC401</p> <p>Pin #18</p> <p>[LINE] (0.1 mm) Ref-Des: IC401 (A Side) Part Name: 672198711 Layer Name: CompOutline-A</p>



# 4.1 : Video Analog Signal Path



## 4.2 : No Picture ALL Destination (BFX)(Conversion Jack)



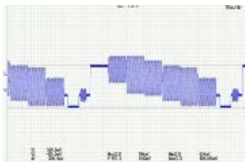
Checking condition:

- TV ON & Video/CVBS/Composite input cable is connected to Video/CVBS/Composite source output.
- TV UI Display : Video 1

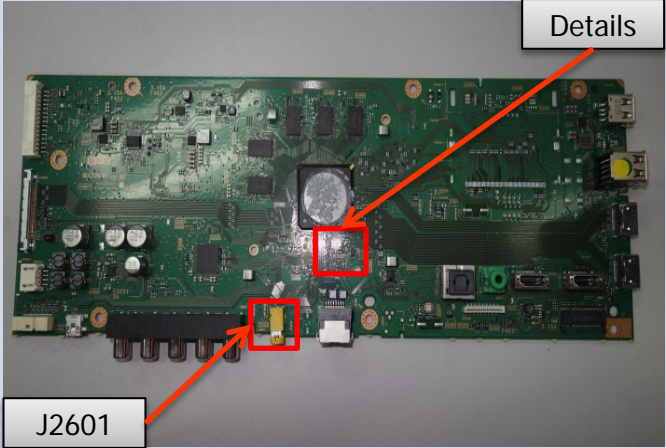
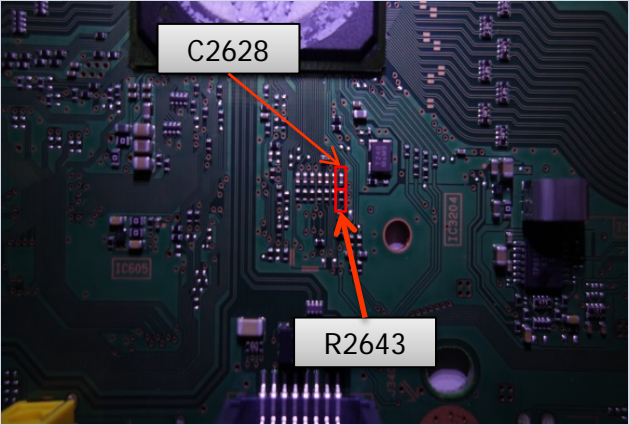
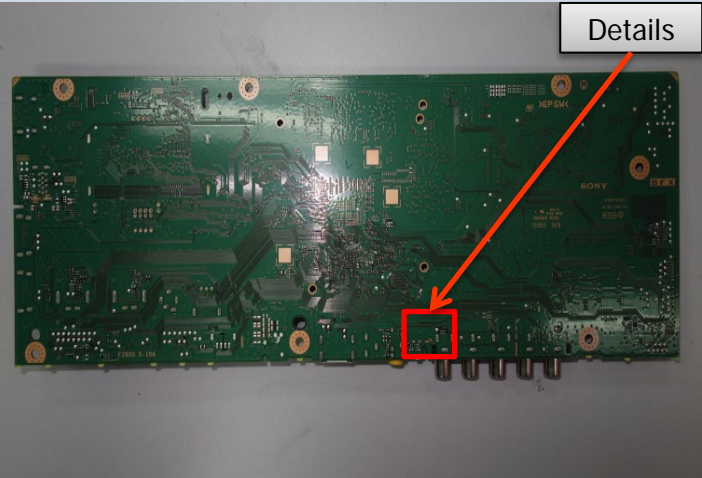
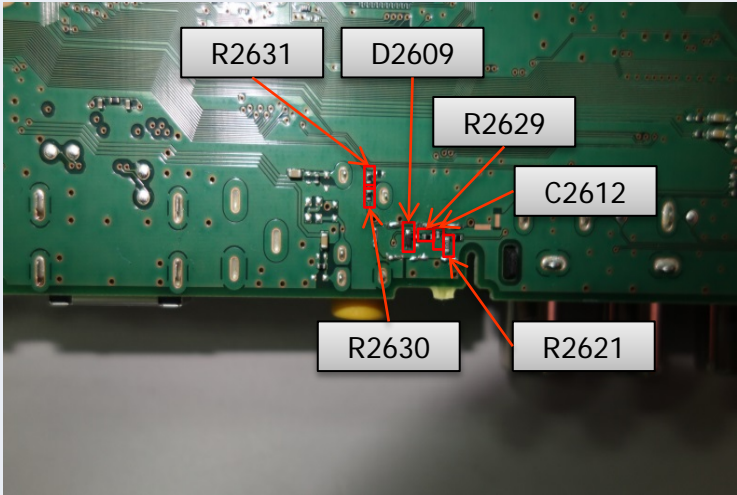
\* → OK Condition : No solder splash can be seen  
→ NG Condition : Solder splash can be seen

\*\* → OK Condition : No part short-circuited  
→ NG Condition : Part short-circuited

[All voltage measurement using Oscilloscope]

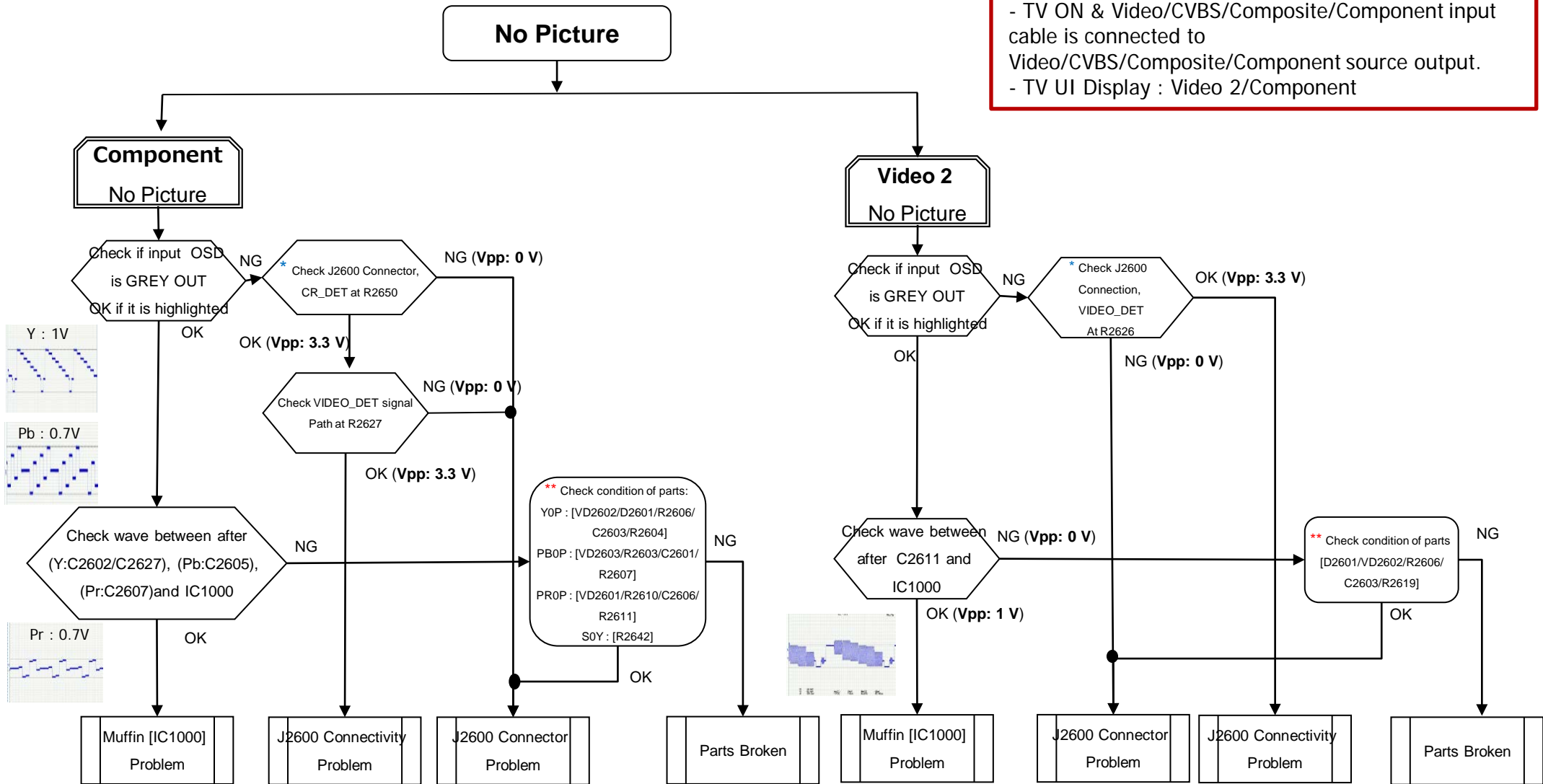


## 4.21- Video Analog Signal Path - Checking Point

Board Name	Board PWB (A side)	Detail
BFX(A-Side) J2601 C2628 R2643		
BFX(B-side) R2630 R2631 D2609 R2629 R2621 C2612		

# 4.3 : No Picture ALL Destination (BFX) (Component)

Checking condition:  
 - TV ON & Video/CVBS/Composite/Component input cable is connected to Video/CVBS/Composite/Component source output.  
 - TV UI Display : Video 2/Component

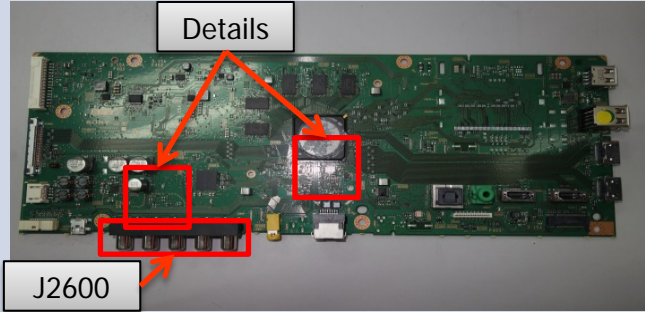
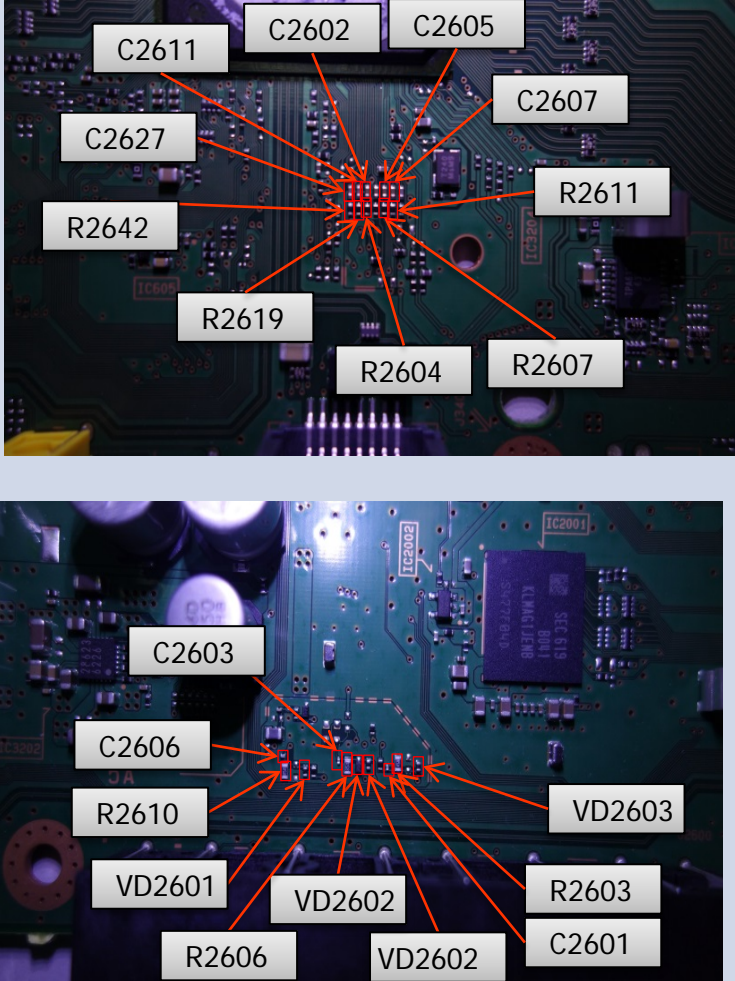


[All voltage measurement using Oscilloscope]

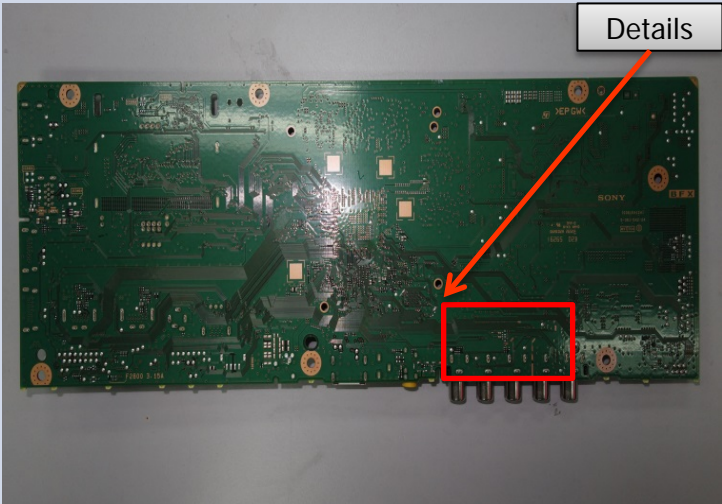
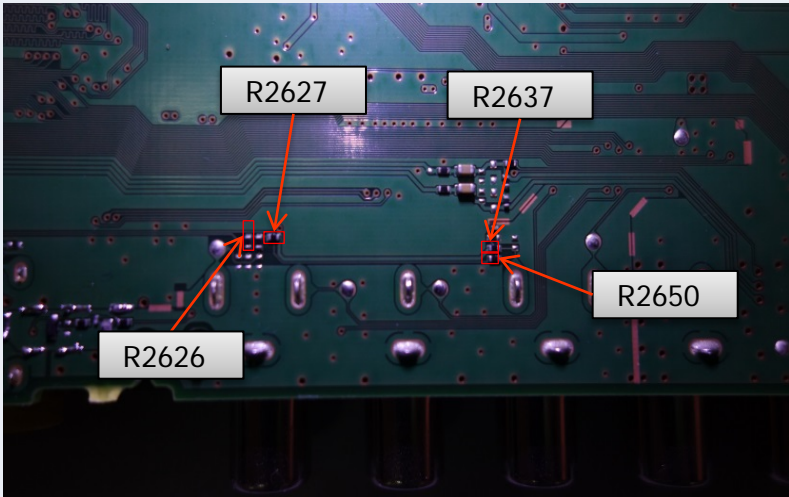
\* → OK Condition : No solder splash can be seen  
 → NG Condition : Solder splash can be seen

\*\* → OK Condition : No part short-circuited  
 → NG Condition : Part short-circuited

# 4.31- Video Analog Signal Path - Checking Point

Board Name	Board PWB (A side)	Detail
<p>BFX(A-Side)</p> <p>J2600</p> <p>C2602</p> <p>C2605</p> <p>C2607</p> <p>C2627</p> <p>VD2602</p> <p>D2601</p> <p>R2606</p> <p>C2603</p> <p>R2604</p> <p>VD2603</p> <p>R2603</p> <p>C2601</p> <p>R2607</p> <p>VD2601</p> <p>R2610</p> <p>C2606</p> <p>R2611</p> <p>R2642</p> <p>R2619</p> <p>C2611</p>	 <p>Details</p> <p>J2600</p>	 <p>C2611 C2602 C2605 C2607 R2611 R2642 R2619 R2604 R2607</p> <p>C2603 C2606 R2610 VD2603 VD2601 VD2602 R2606 VD2602 R2603 C2601</p>

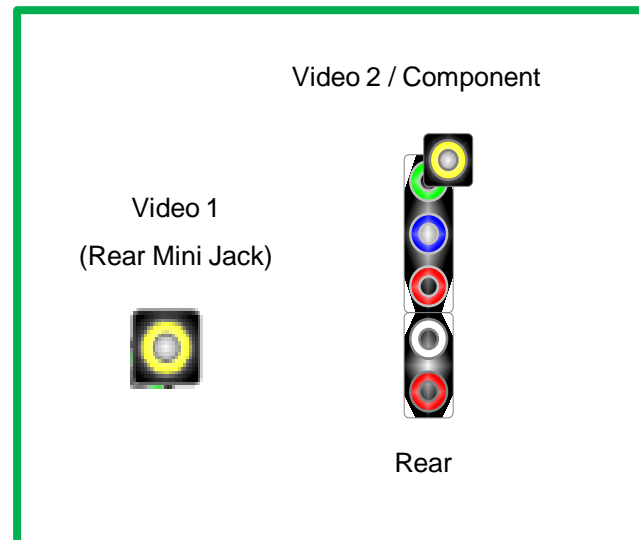
## 4.31- Video Analog Signal Path - Checking Point

Board Name	Board PWB (A side)	Detail
BFX(B-side) R2626 R2650 R2627 R2637	 <p>A photograph of the BFX(B-side) PWB (A side) showing various components. A red rectangular box highlights a specific area on the board, and an orange arrow points from a 'Details' label to this area.</p>	 <p>A close-up photograph of the PWB (A side) showing components R2626, R2627, R2637, and R2650. Red arrows point from labels to the corresponding components on the board.</p>

Condition	Actions to be taken
<div data-bbox="495 564 714 667" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> Muffin [IC1000] Problem </div>	Refer to IC troubleshooting for further investigation
<div data-bbox="495 746 714 849" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> CN2600 Connectivity Problem </div> <div data-bbox="495 880 714 983" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> J2601 Connector Problem </div> <div data-bbox="495 1024 714 1126" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> J2600 Connectivity Problem </div>	Change Connector
<div data-bbox="495 1200 714 1302" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content;"> Parts Broken </div>	Change Part according to ** remarks

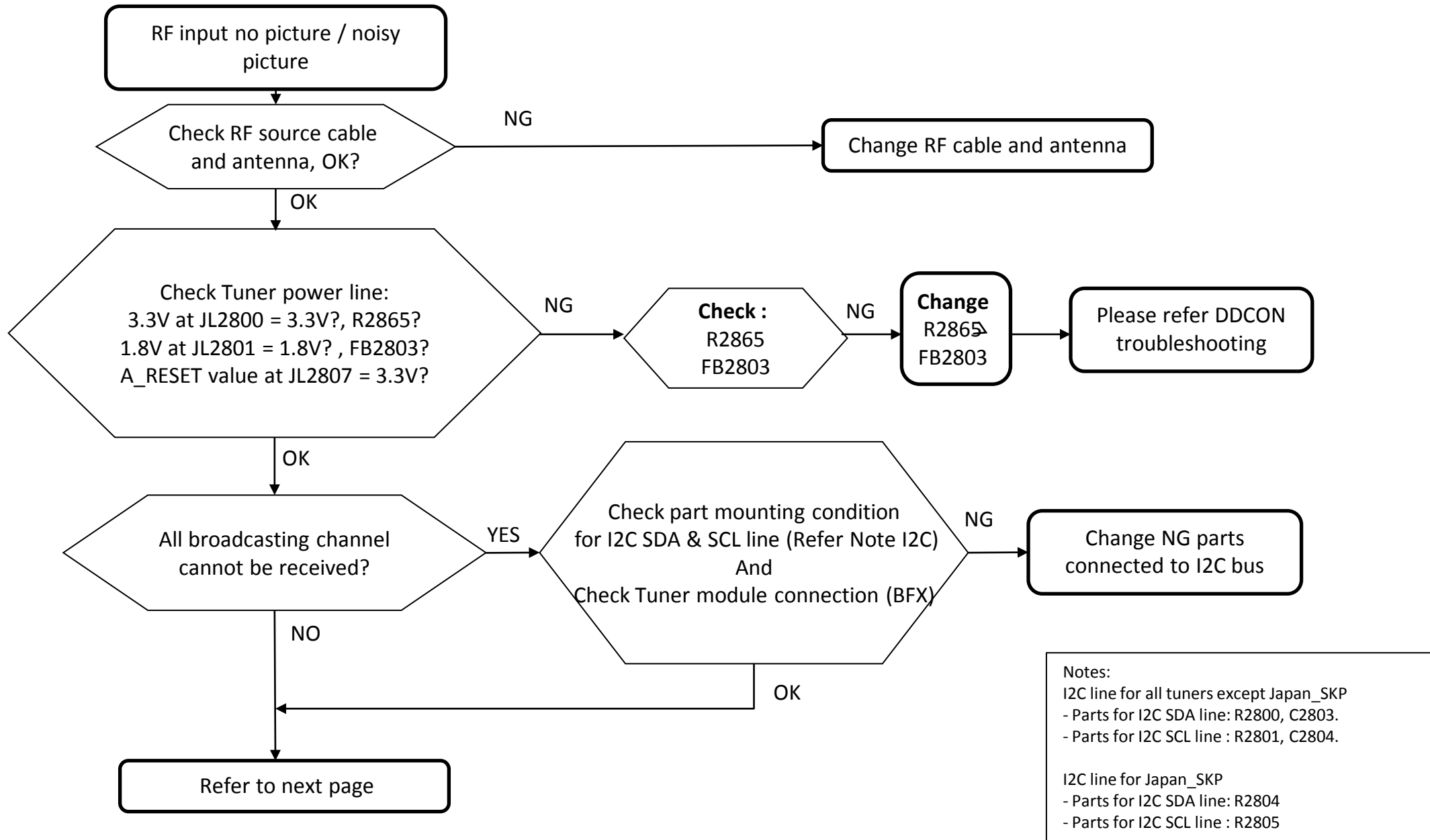
## 4.2/4.3 : Input Skip function (BFX)

Input	Signal	Non-Detect (Typical)	Detect (Typical)
Video 1	VIDEO2_DET IC1000 G16-GPIO66	0V	3.3V
Video 2 / Component	VIDEO_DET IC1000 AT35-GPIO56	0V	3.3V
	CR_DET IC1000 A16-SD_CLK	0V	3.3V

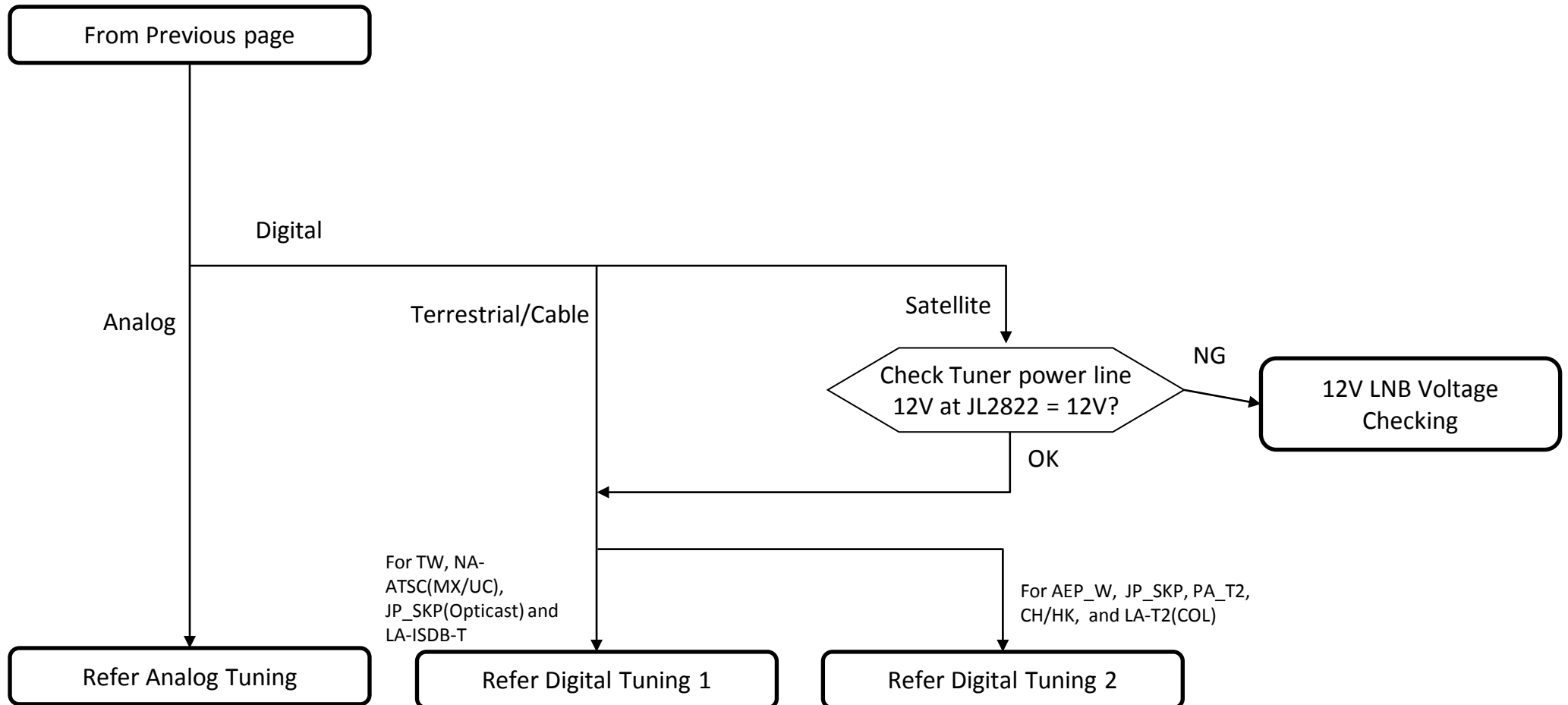




## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

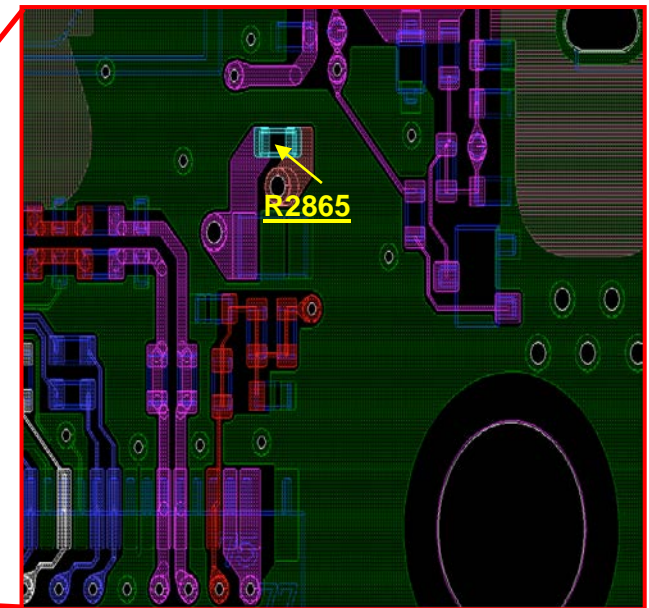
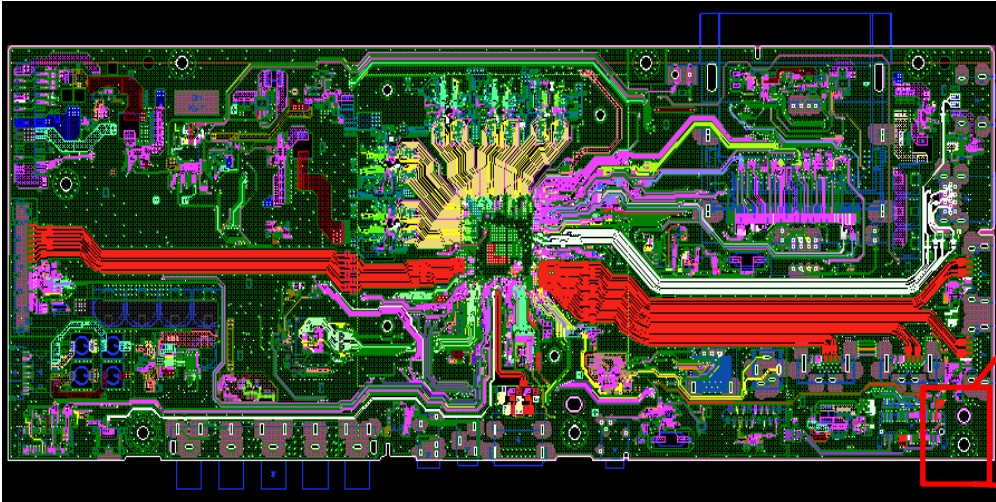


## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

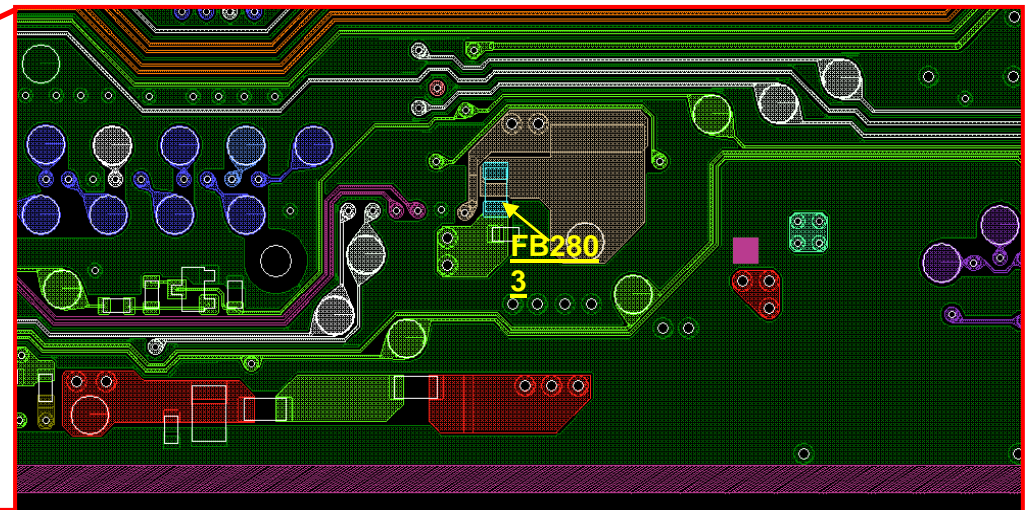
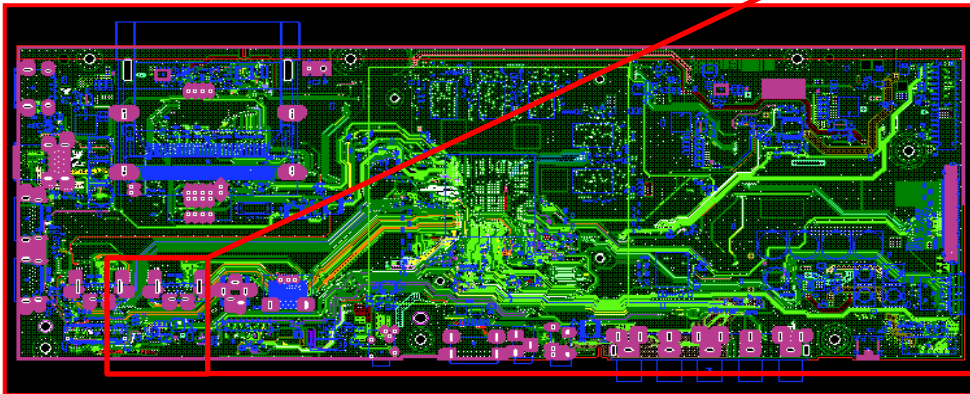


## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

**BFX (Top View)**  
**For Tuner Power Lines**



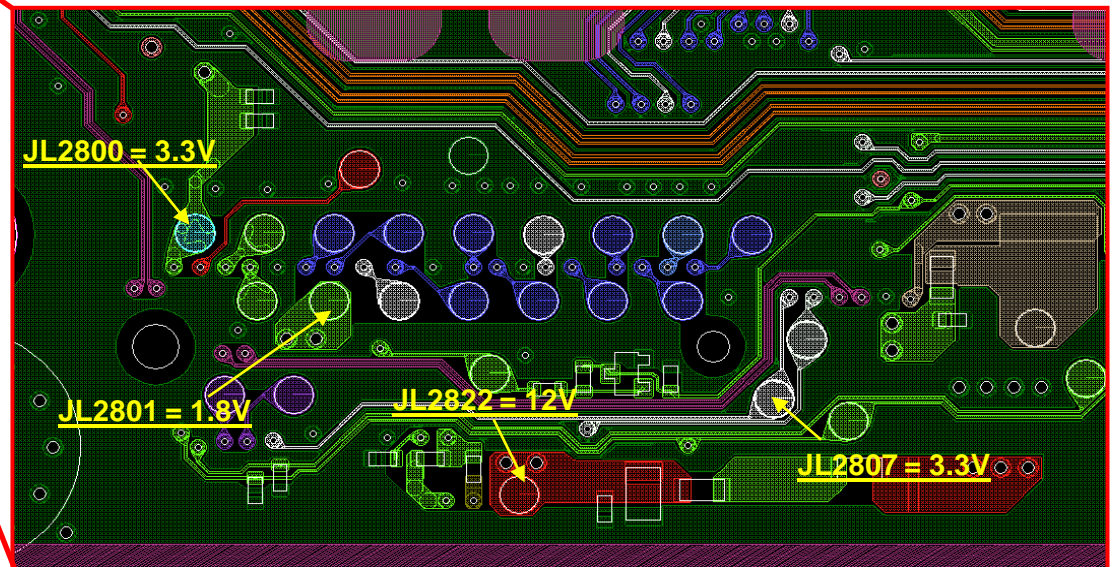
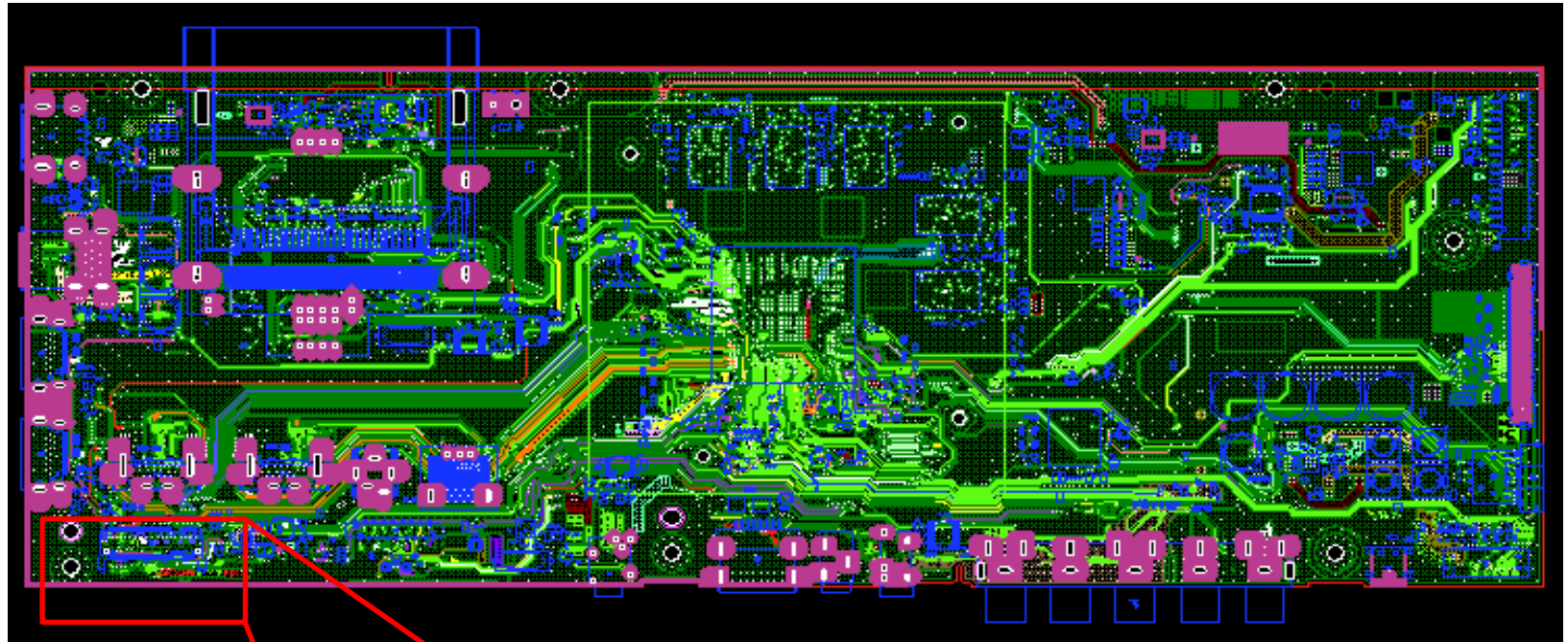
**BFX (Back View)**  
**For Tuner Power Lines**



## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

BFX (Back View)

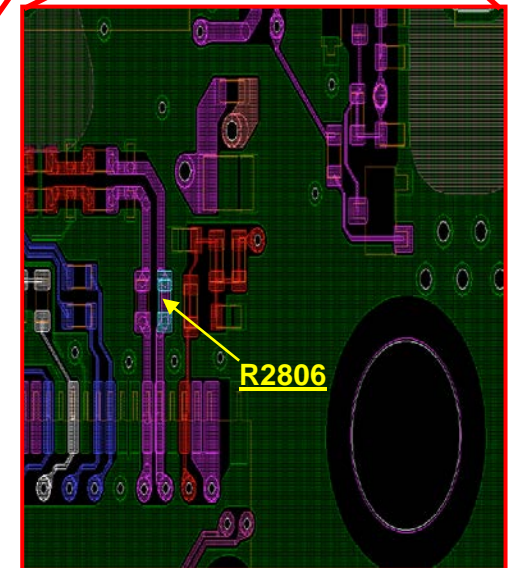
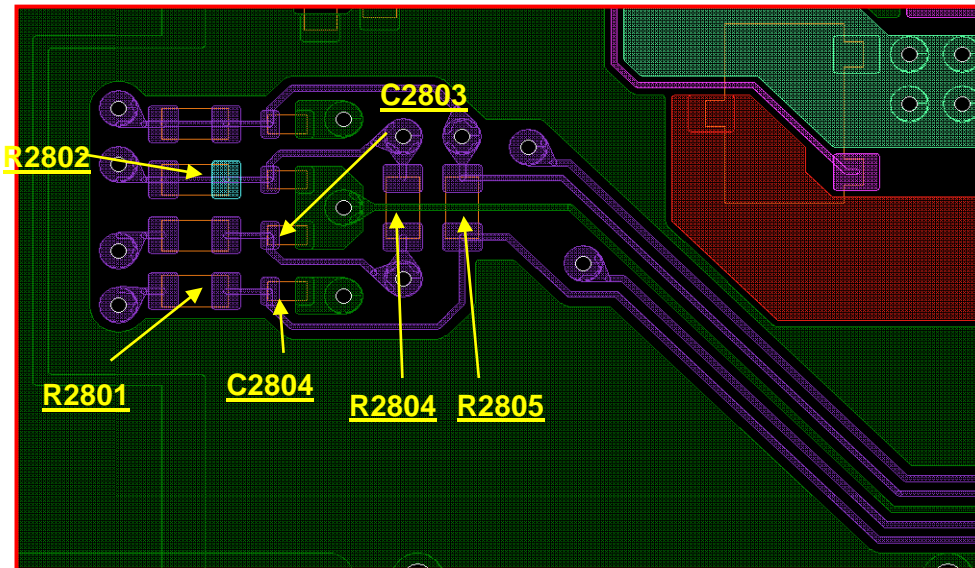
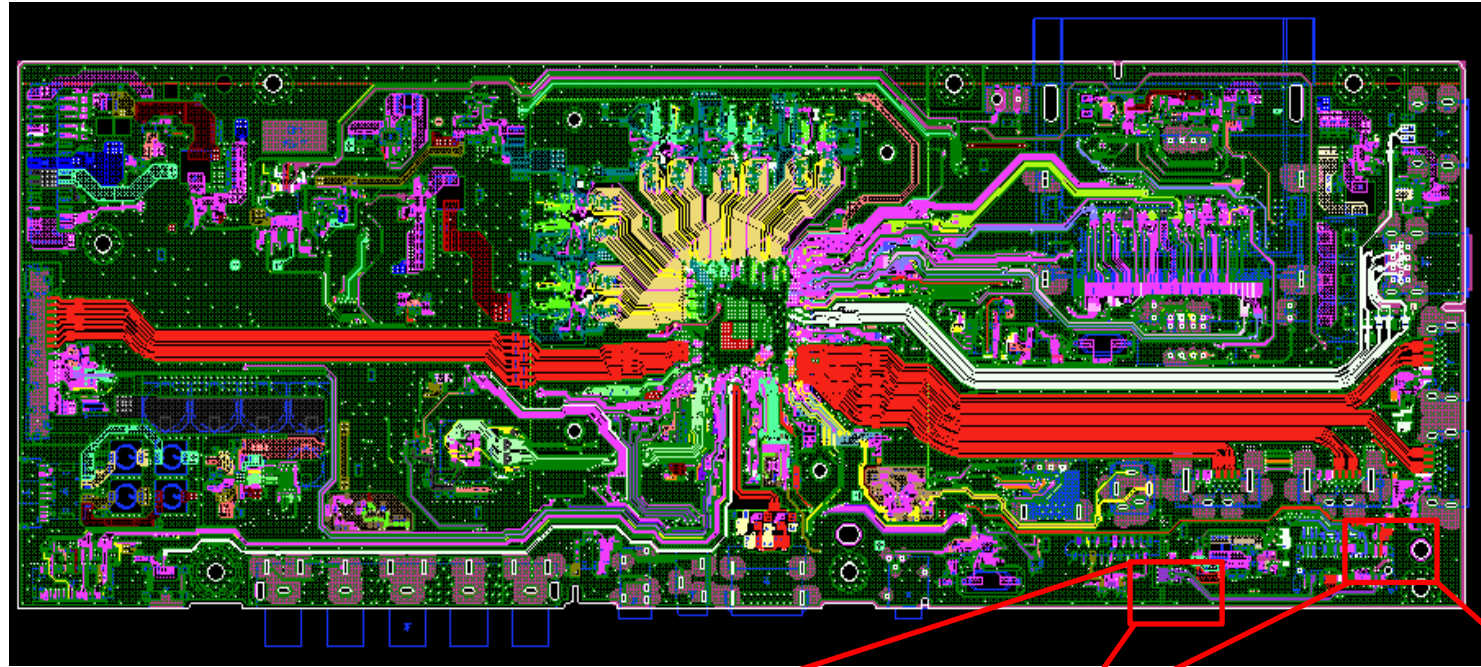
For Tuner Power Lines



## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

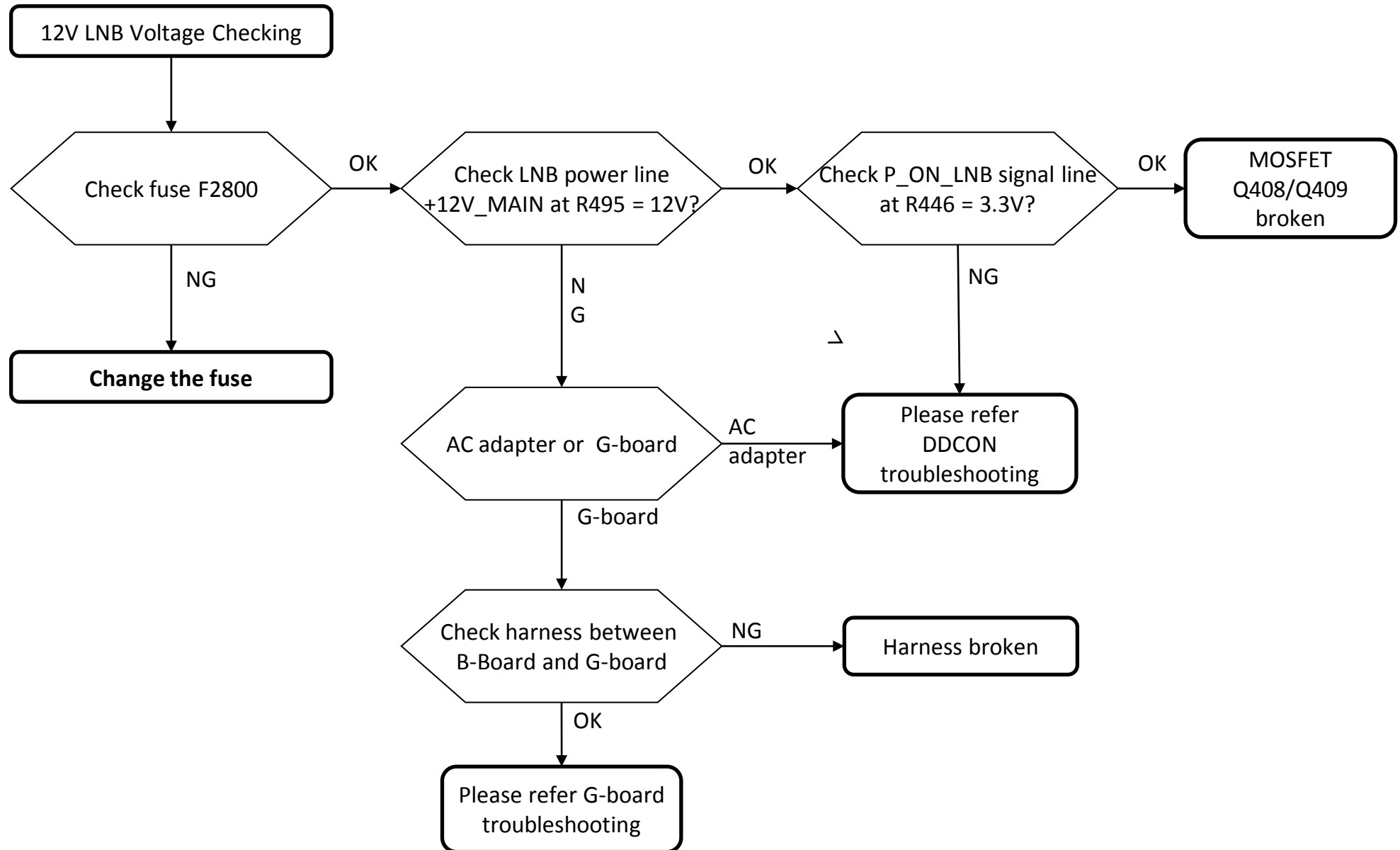
BFX (Top View)

For Tuner I2C line



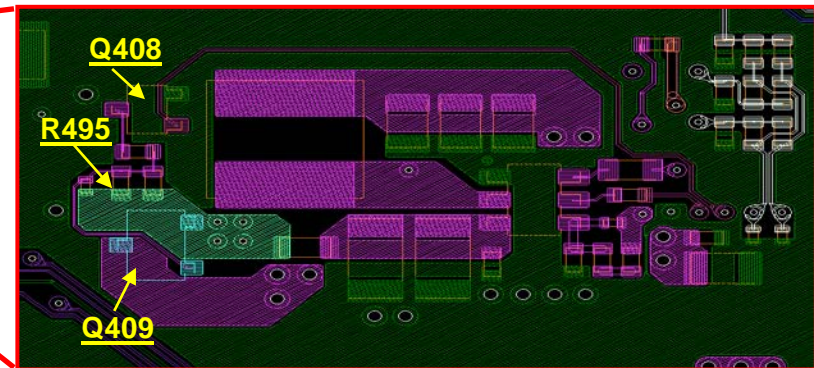
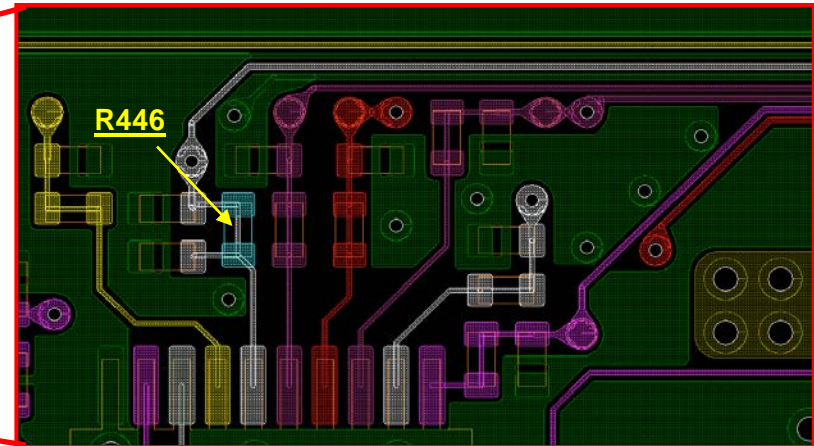
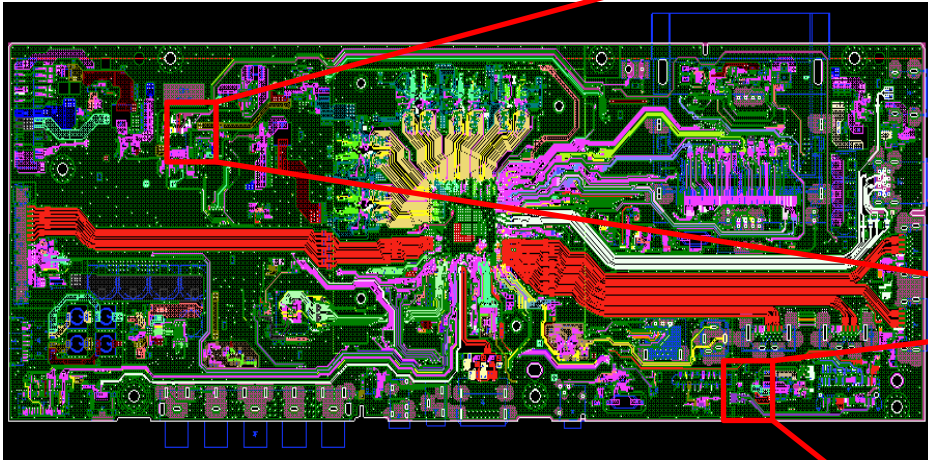
## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

FOR 12V LNB Voltage Checking: @ AEP\_W and JP\_SKP

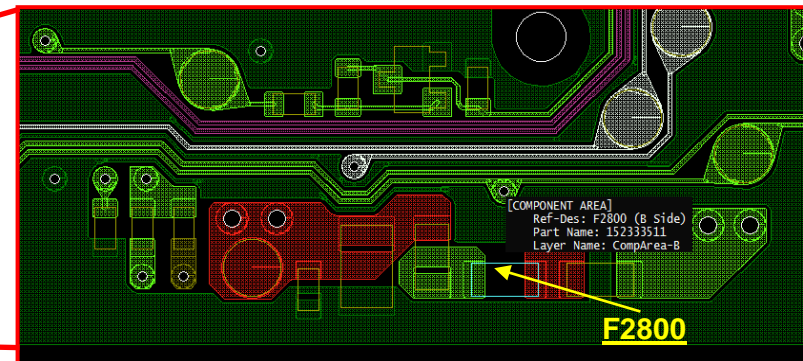
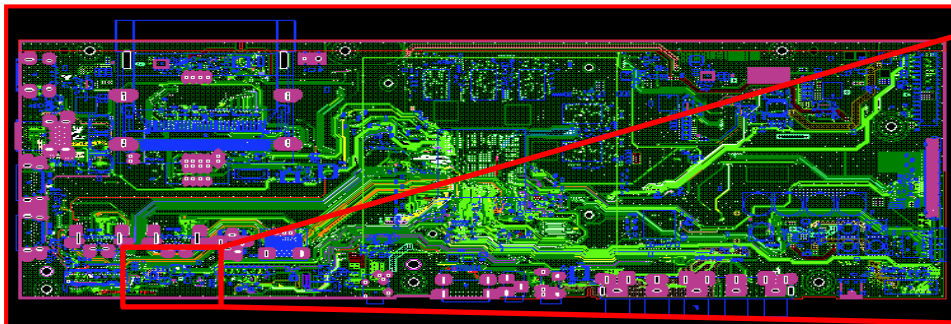


## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

**BFX (Top View)**  
12V LNB Voltage line

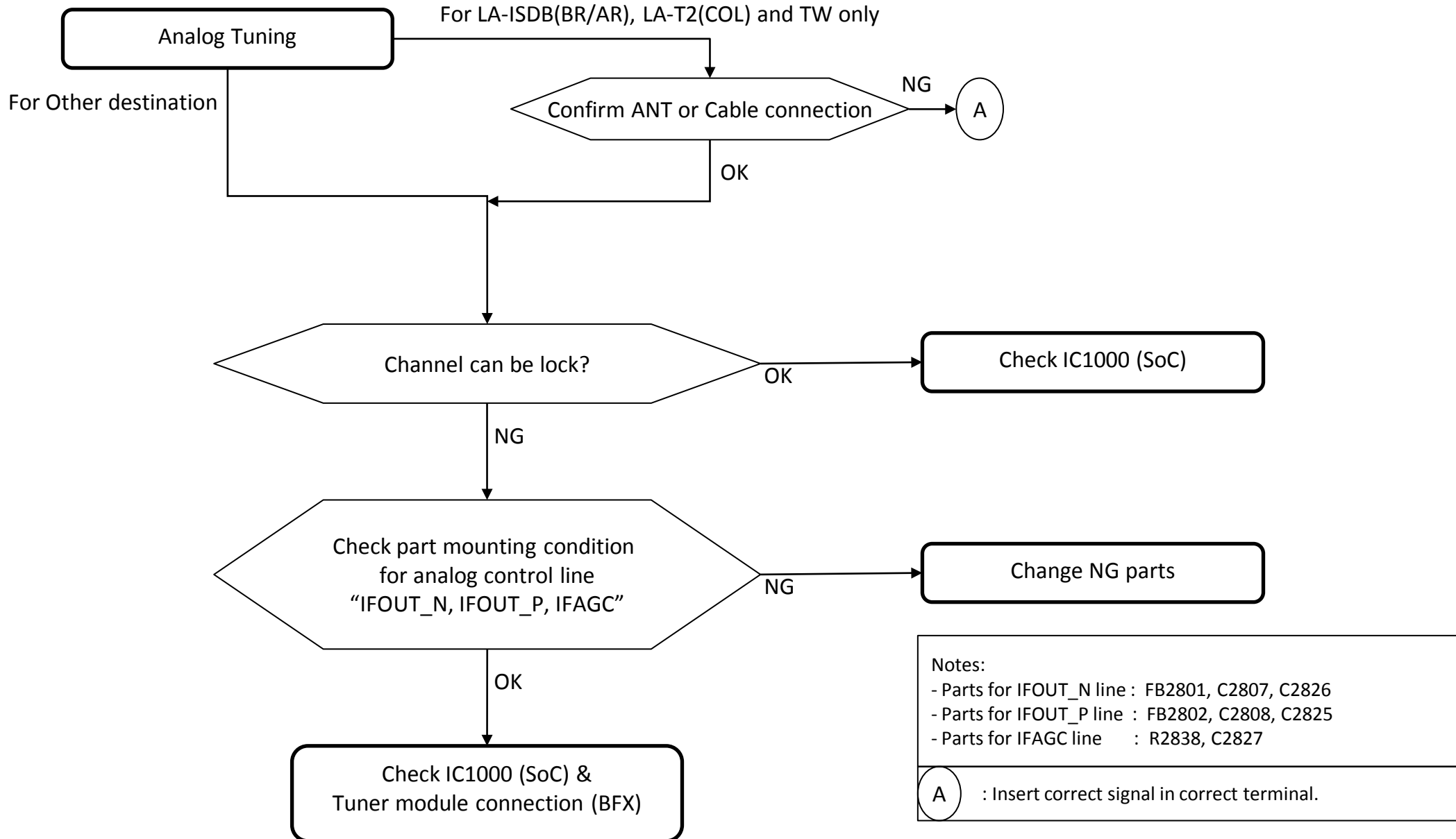


**BFX (Back View)**  
12V LNB Voltage line



## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

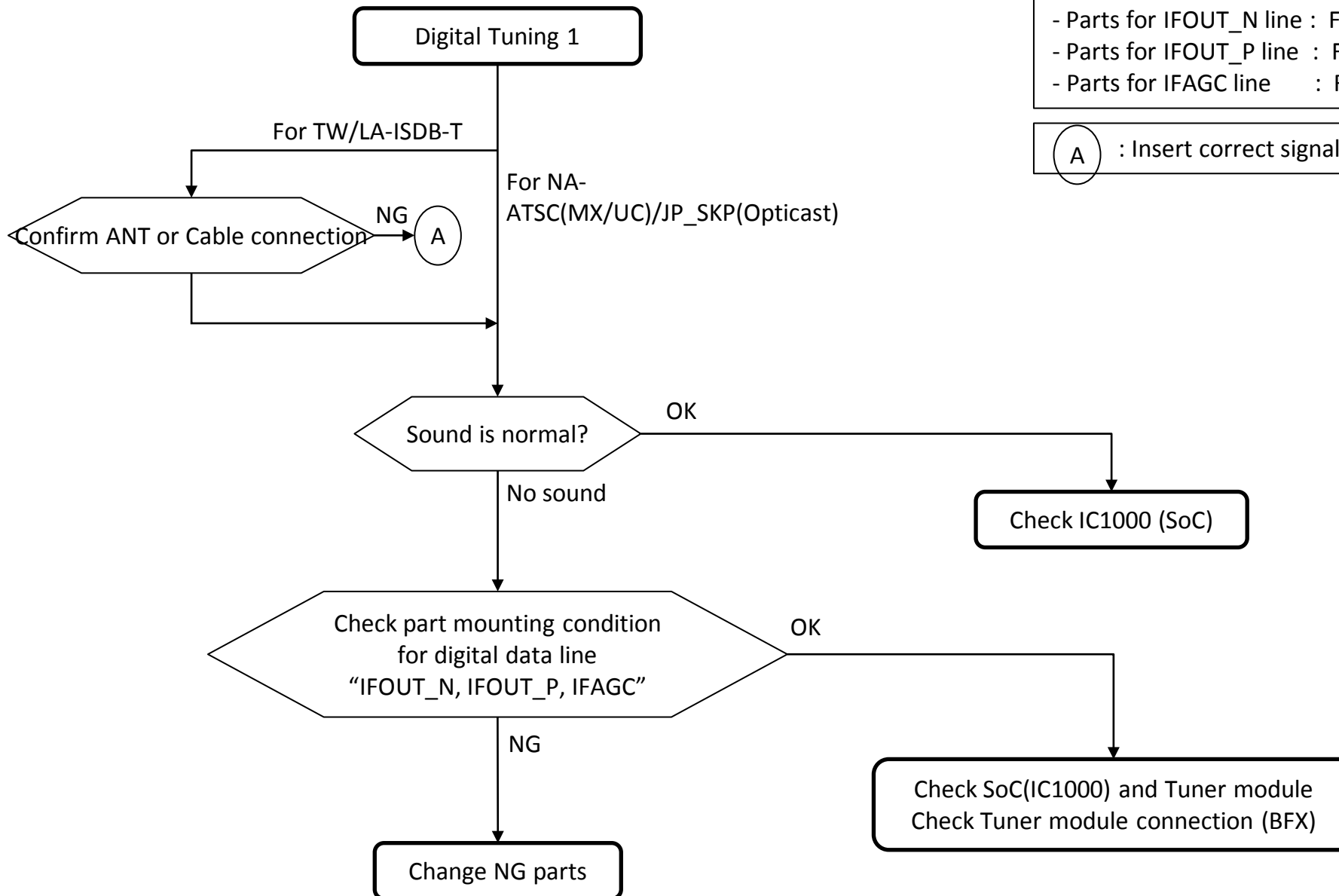
FOR ANALOG TUNING: @ All destination except JP\_SKP





## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

FOR DIGITAL TUNING 1: @ TW, NA-ATSC(MX/UC), JP\_SKP(Opticast) and LA-ISDB-T.



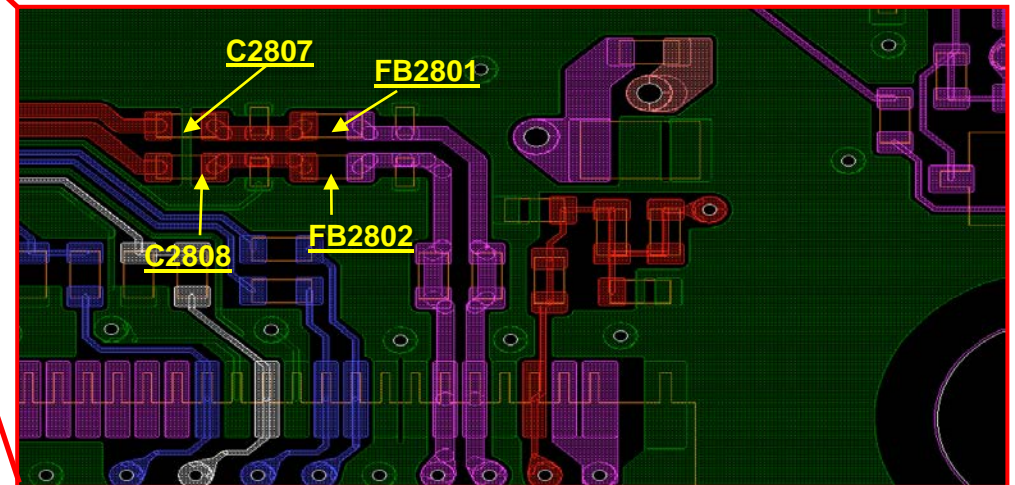
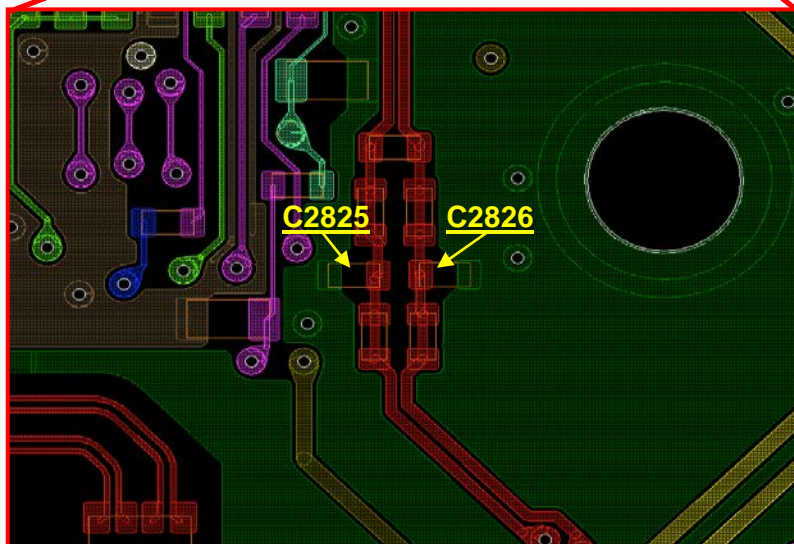
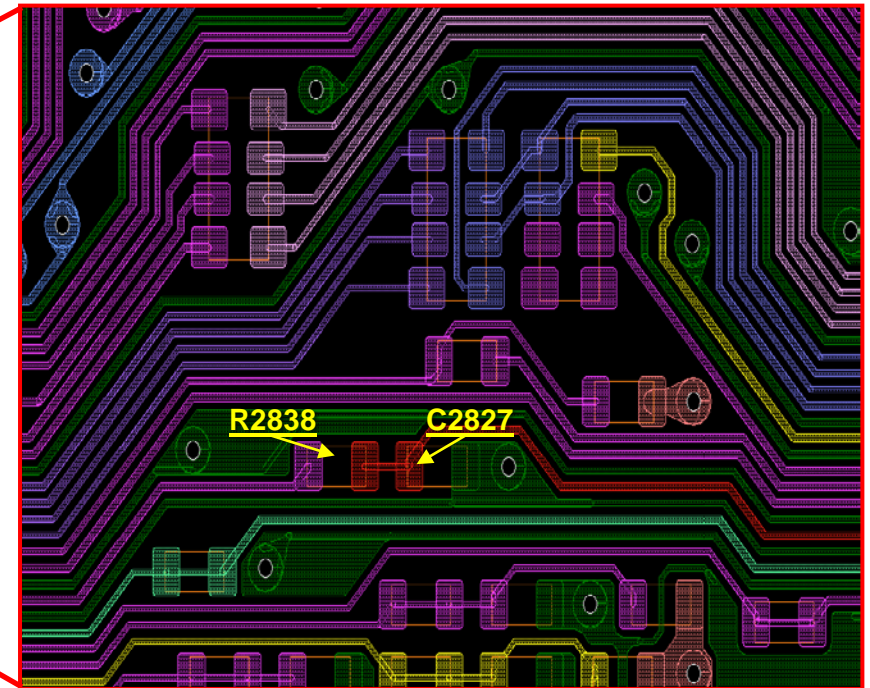
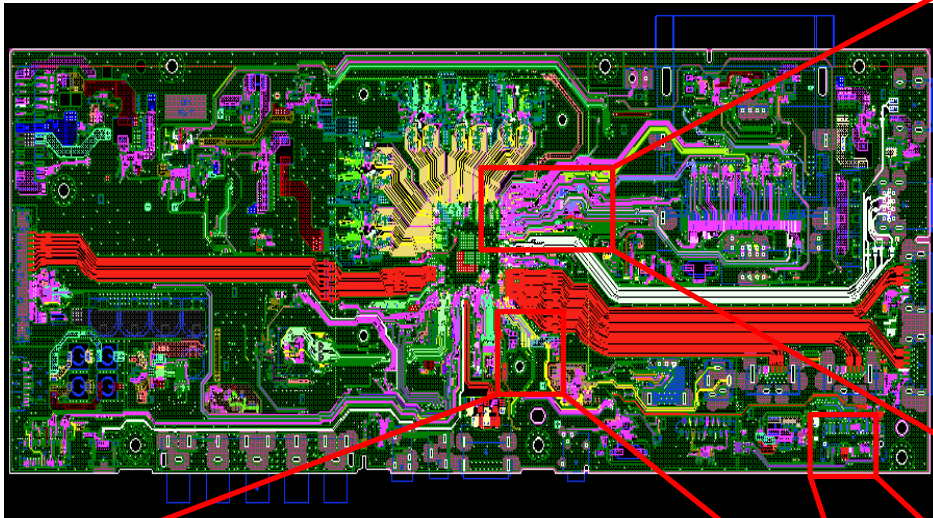
Notes:

- Parts for IFOUT\_N line : FB2801, C2807, C2826
- Parts for IFOUT\_P line : FB2802, C2808, C2825
- Parts for IFAGC line : R2838, C2827

(A) : Insert correct signal in correct terminal.

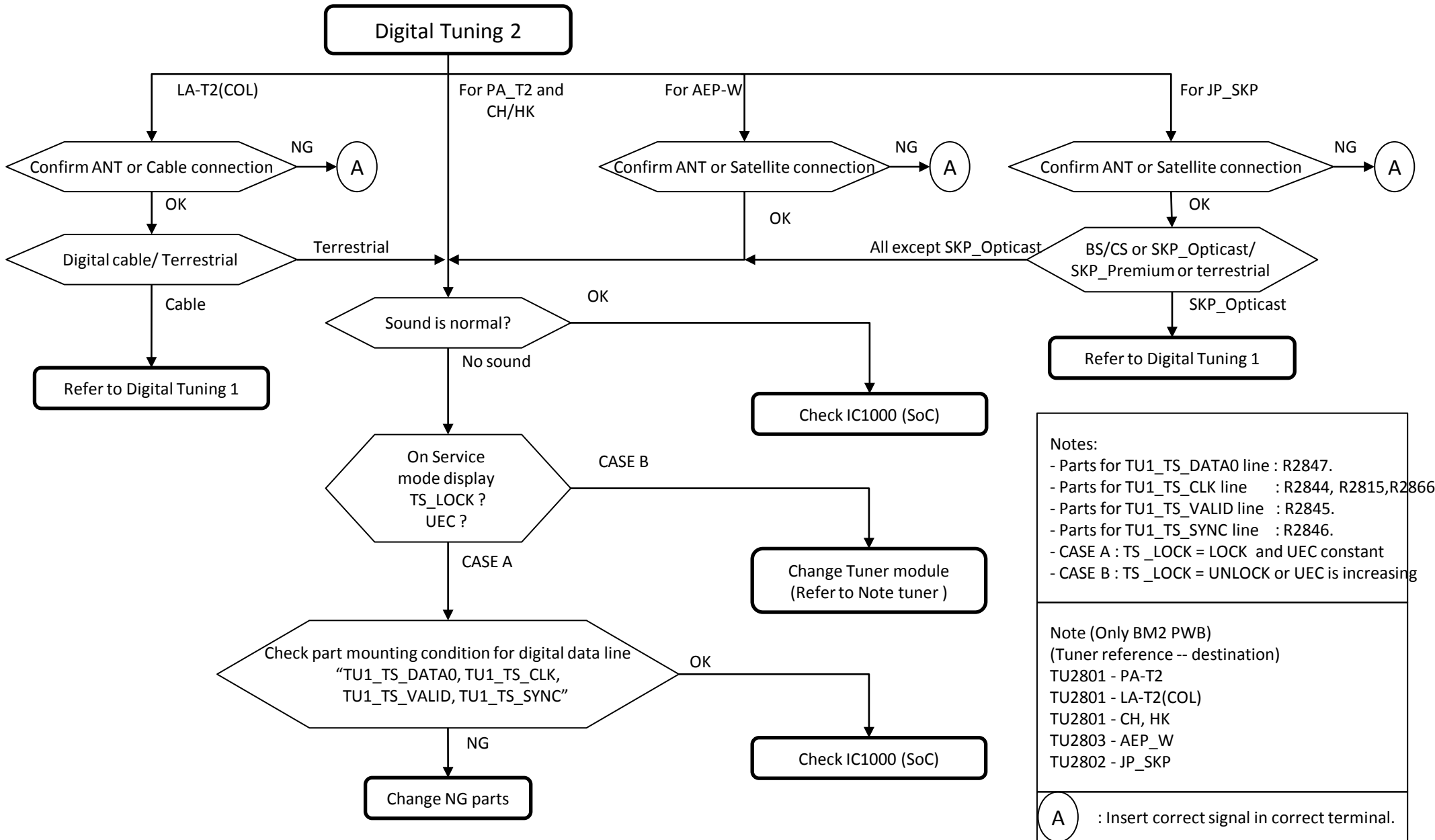
## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

BFX (Top View)  
IF & IFAGC line



# 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER

FOR DIGITAL TUNING 2: @ AEP\_W, JP\_SKP, PA\_T2, CH/HK, and LA-T2(COL)



Notes:

- Parts for TU1\_TS\_DATA0 line : R2847.
- Parts for TU1\_TS\_CLK line : R2844, R2815, R2866
- Parts for TU1\_TS\_VALID line : R2845.
- Parts for TU1\_TS\_SYNC line : R2846.
- CASE A : TS\_LOCK = LOCK and UEC constant
- CASE B : TS\_LOCK = UNLOCK or UEC is increasing

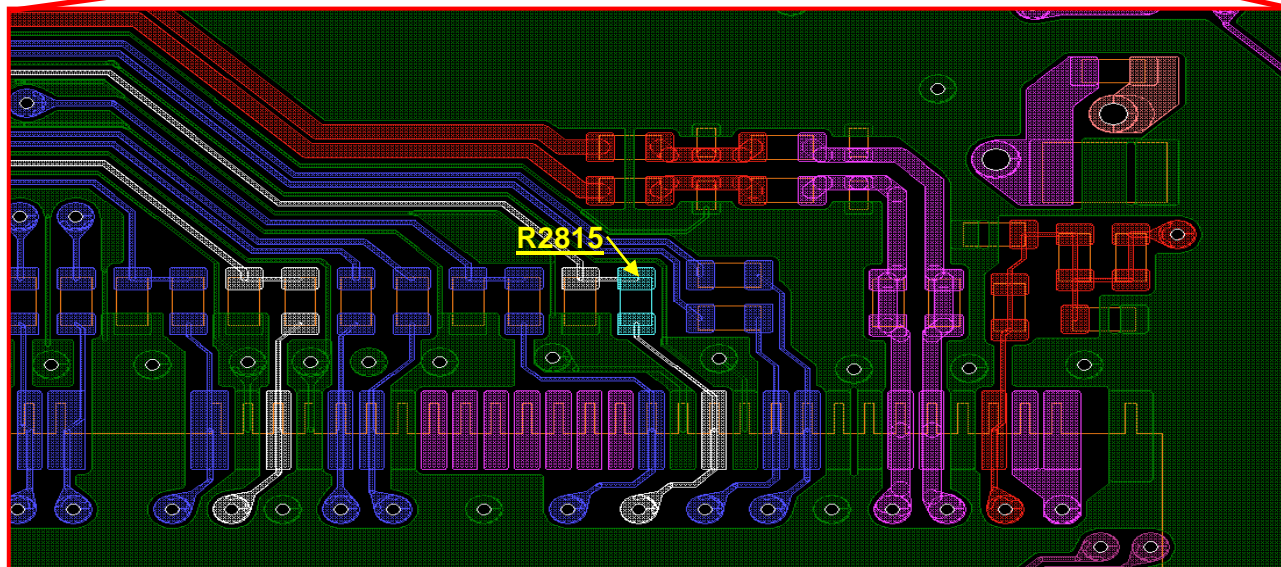
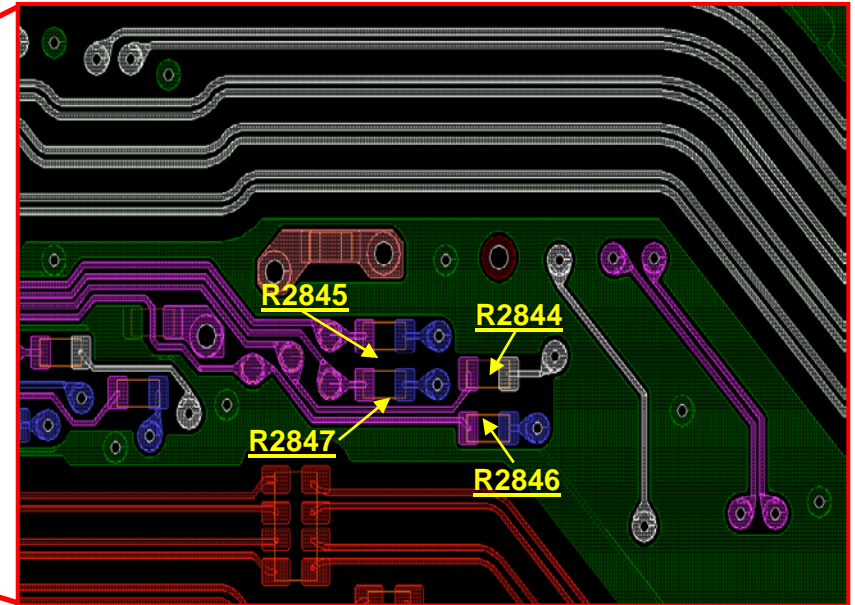
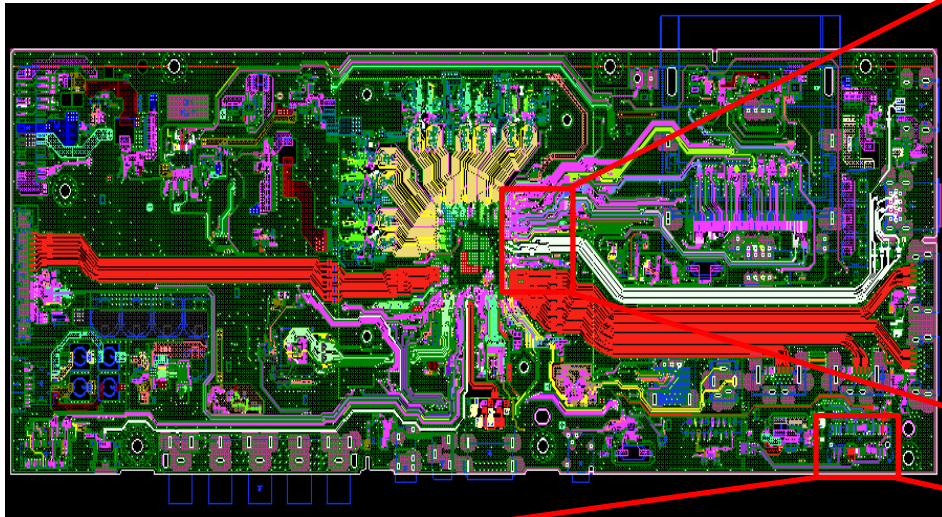
Note (Only BM2 PWB)  
(Tuner reference -- destination)

- TU2801 - PA-T2
- TU2801 - LA-T2(COL)
- TU2801 - CH, HK
- TU2803 - AEP\_W
- TU2802 - JP\_SKP

(A) : Insert correct signal in correct terminal.

## 4.4 NO PICTURE: @ TUNER (BFX)

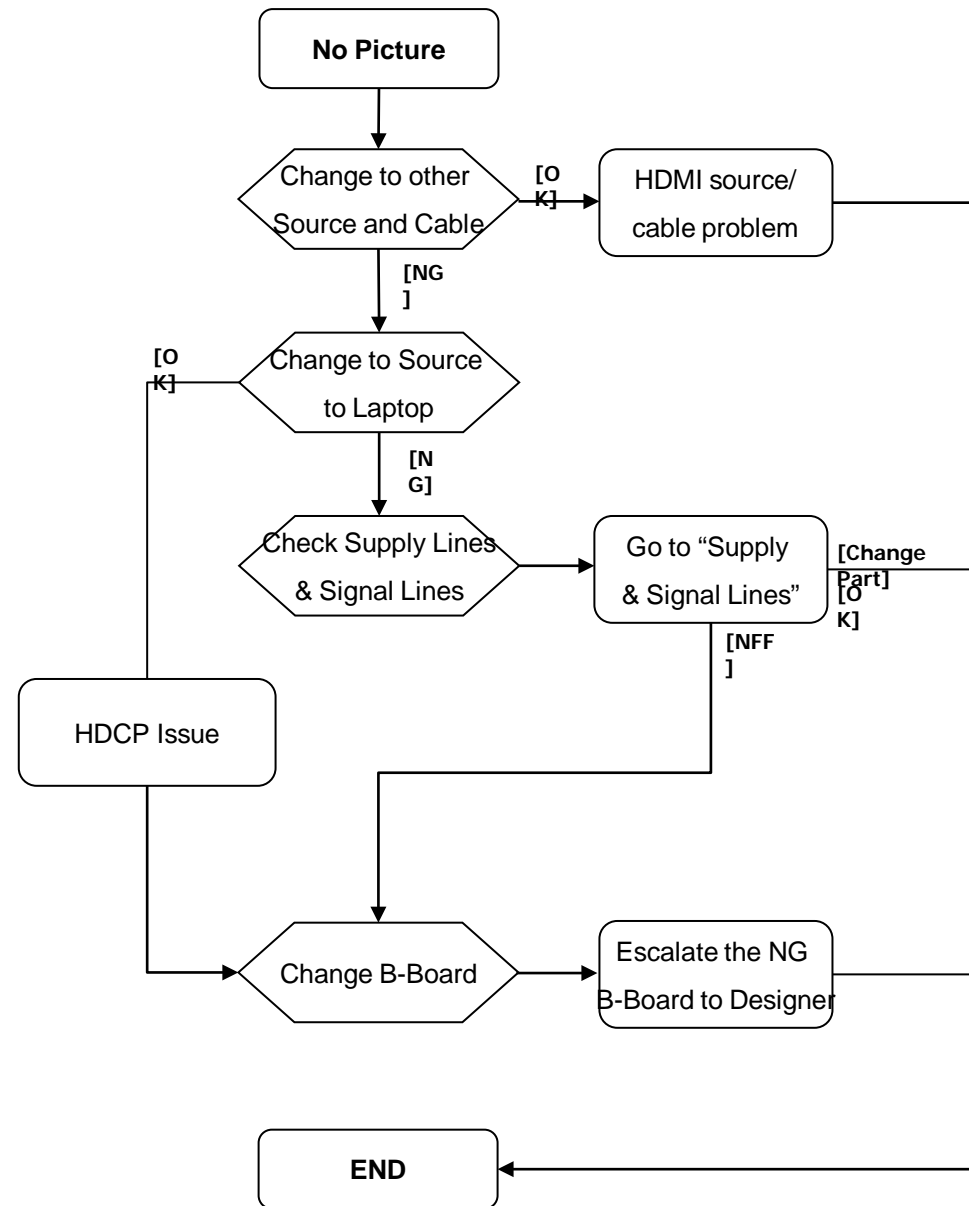
BFX (Top View)  
TS1 line



# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 1, 2, 3, 4

## Pre-Check Condition

- Connection of the TV is direct to source. Splitter/Distributor is not preferable.
- Power source between TV and Source is preferred to be on the same level (110V or 240V)
- Physical condition of the Board/TV is OK (No defect at HDMI Connector, CMF or other parts)
- Confirm the set could be Power On properly and the No Picture is due to HDMI related source.

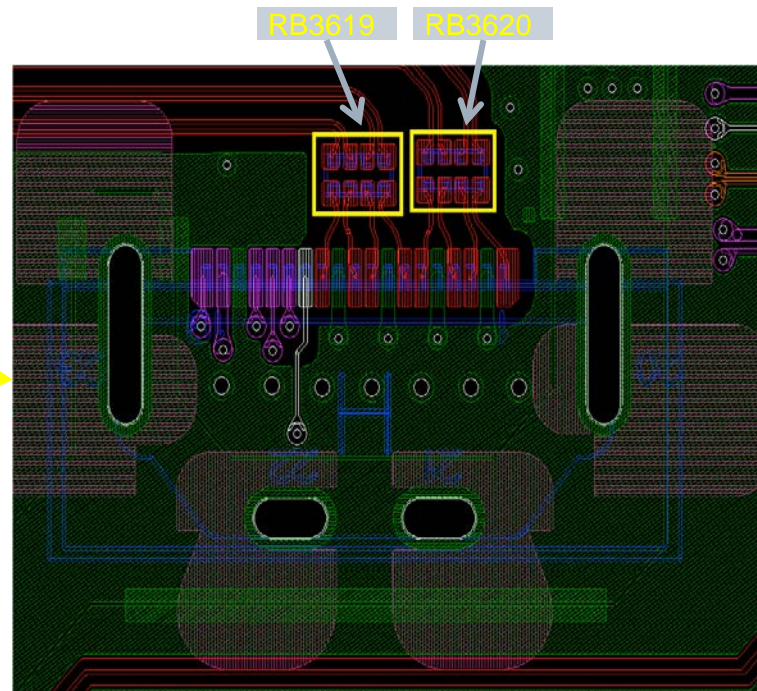
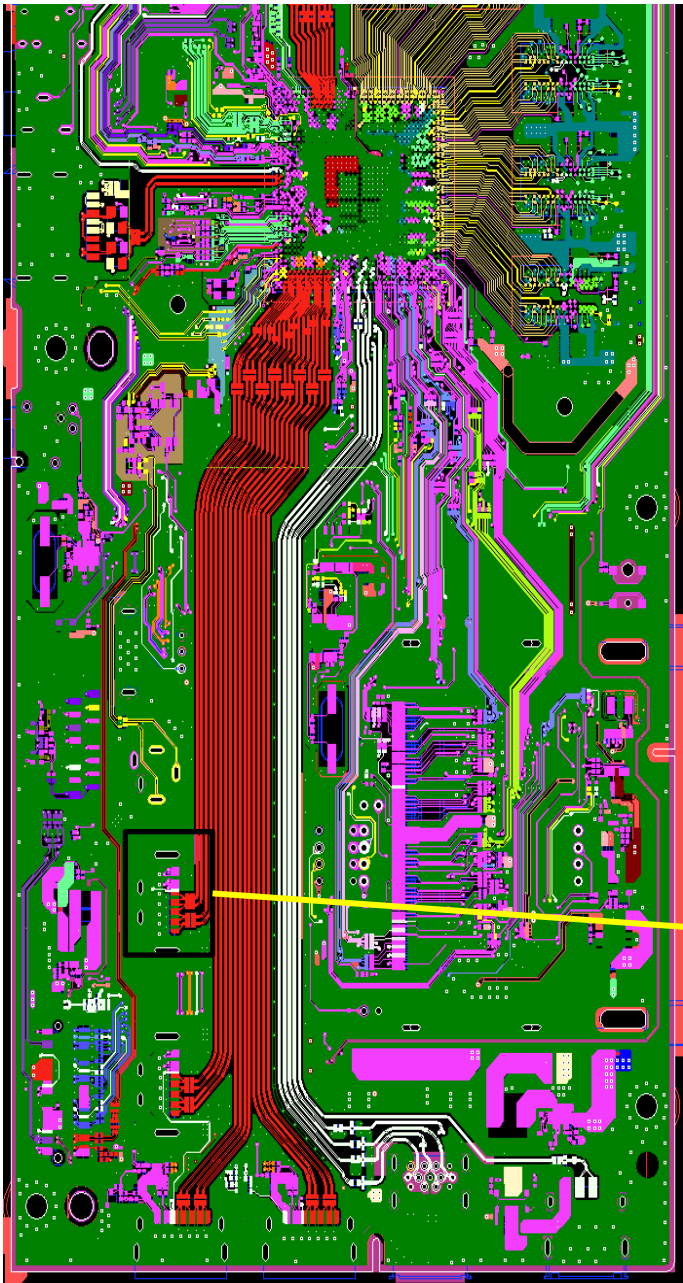


**Legend:**  
 [OK] – Picture Recover  
 [NG] – No Picture remains  
 [NFF] – No Fault Found

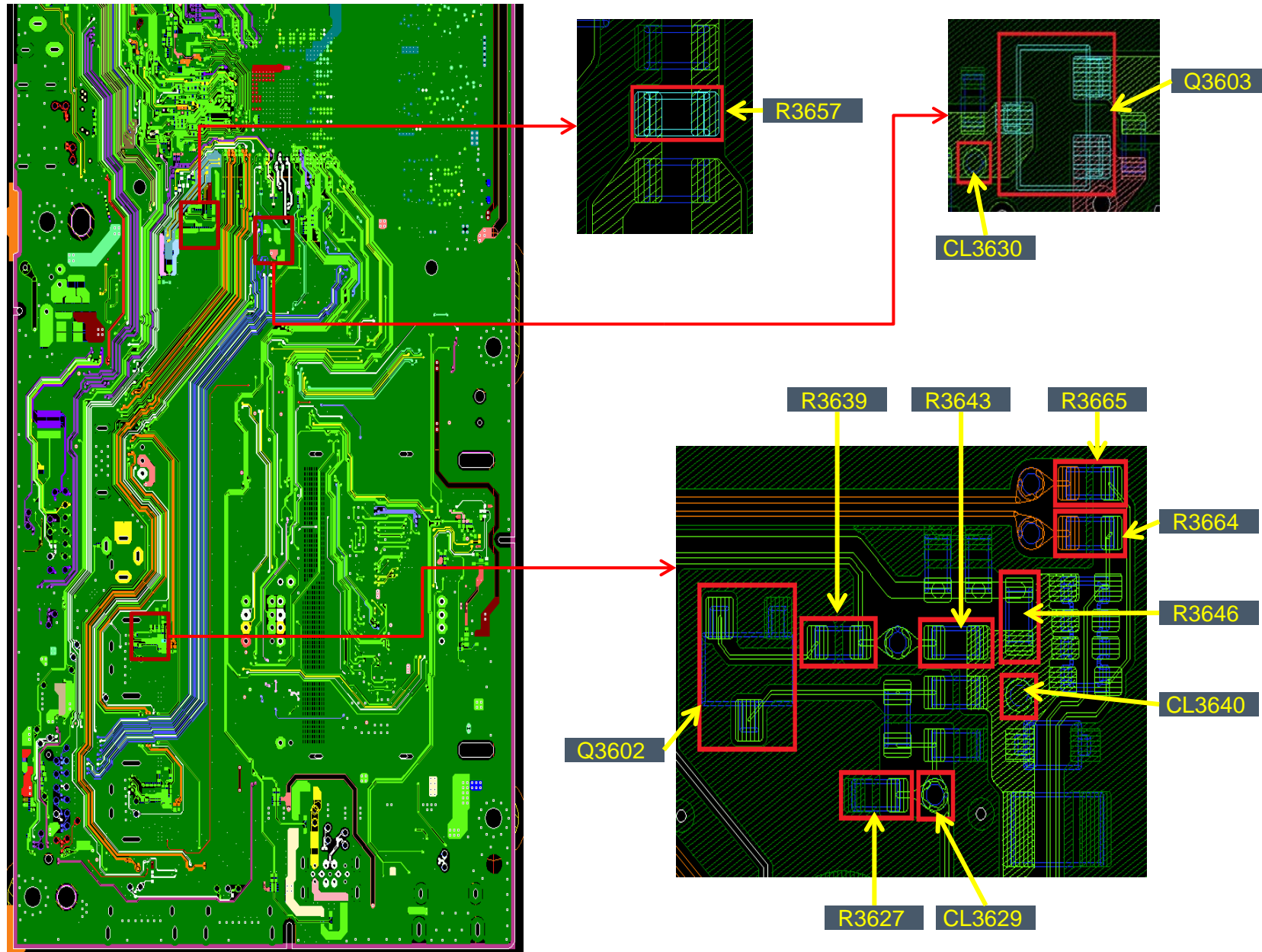
## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 1 [Supply & Signal Lines]

Power / Signal Lines	Check Point	Voltage Specification	Part to Check for NG/Broken
+5V	CL3640	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3646
Hot Plug Detect	CL3629	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3627, R3639, R3643, Q3602
I <sup>2</sup> C - SDA	R3664	$4.5V \leq V_{SDA} \leq 5.5V$	R3664
I <sup>2</sup> C - SCL	R3665	$4.5V \leq V_{SCL} \leq 5.5V$	R3665
TMDS CLK	RB3619	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDSCLK} \leq 3.3V$	RB3619
TMDS D0	RB3619	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS0} \leq 3.3V$	RB3619
TMDS D1	RB3620	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS1} \leq 3.3V$	RB3620
TMDS D2	RB3620	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS2} \leq 3.3V$	RB3620
+1.05V	R3657	$+1.05V \pm 10\%$	R3657
+3.3V Main	CL3630	$+3.3V \pm 10\%$	Q3603

## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 1



# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI1

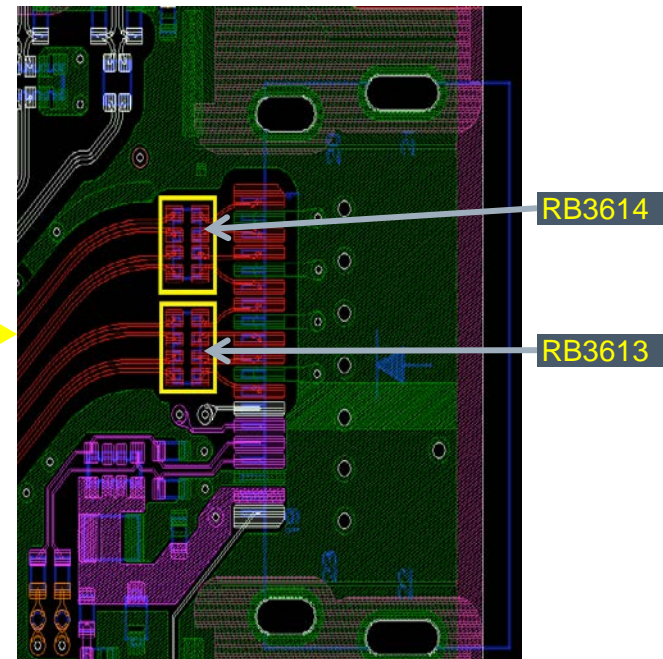
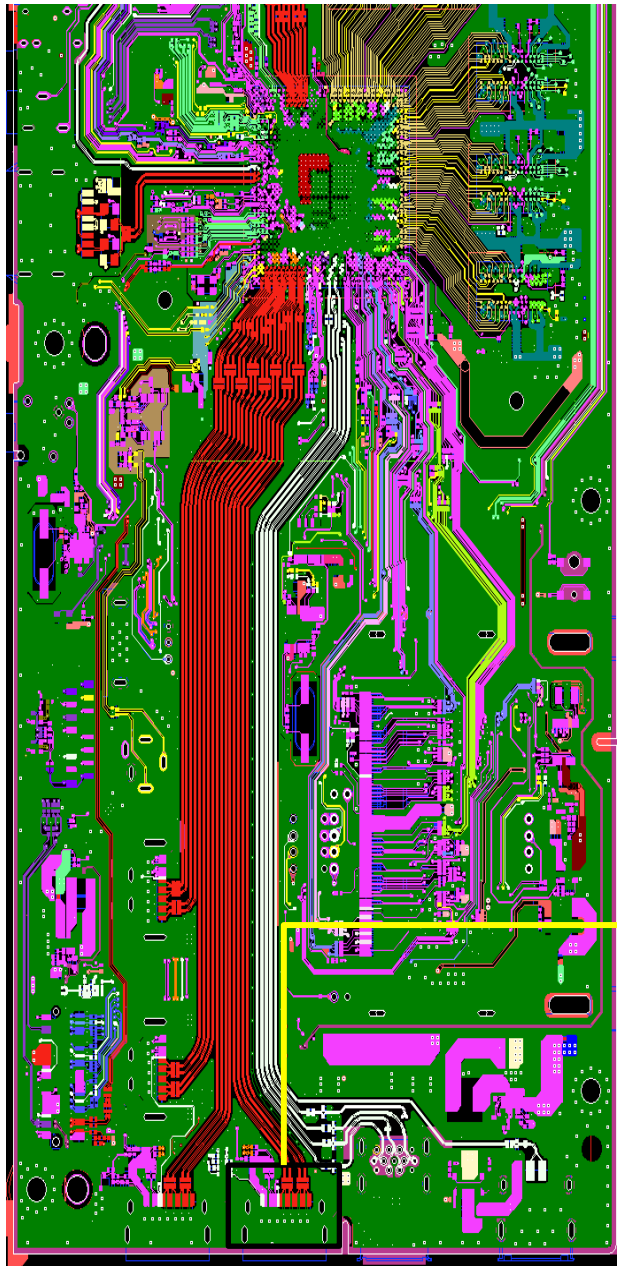




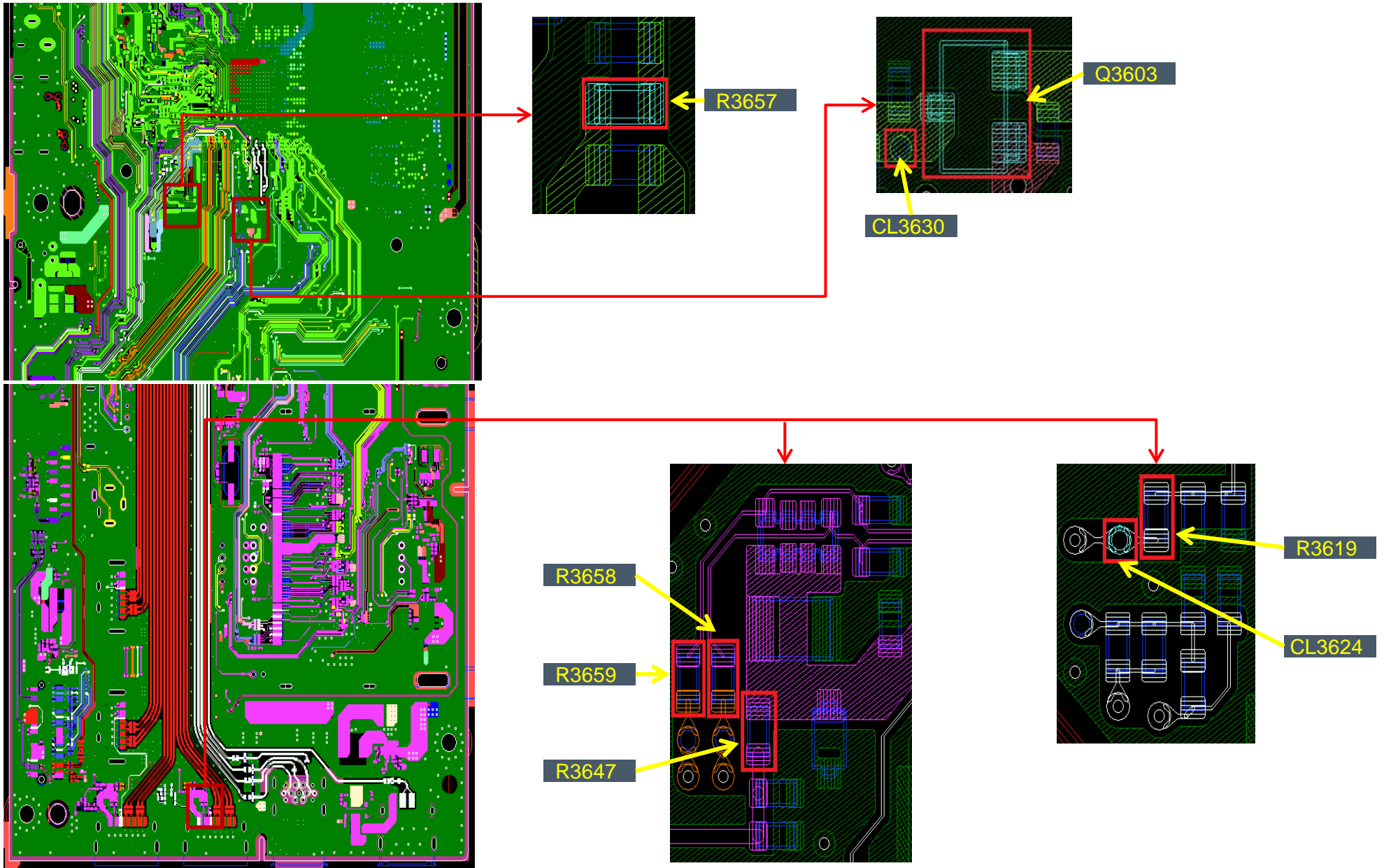
## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 2 [Supply & Signal Lines]

Power / Signal Lines	Check Point	Voltage Specification	Part to Check for NG/Broken
+5V	R3647	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3647
Hot Plug Detect	CL3624	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3619
I <sup>2</sup> C - SDA	R3658	$4.5V \leq V_{SDA} \leq 5.5V$	R3658
I <sup>2</sup> C - SCL	R3659	$4.5V \leq V_{SCL} \leq 5.5V$	R3659
TMDS CLK	RB3613	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDSCLK} \leq 3.3V$	RB3613
TMDS D0	RB3613	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS0} \leq 3.3V$	RB3613
TMDS D1	RB3614	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS1} \leq 3.3V$	RB3614
TMDS D2	RB3614	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS2} \leq 3.3V$	RB3614
+1.05V	R3657	$+1.05V \pm 10\%$	R3657
+3.3V Main	CL3630	$+3.3V \pm 10\%$	Q3603

## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI2



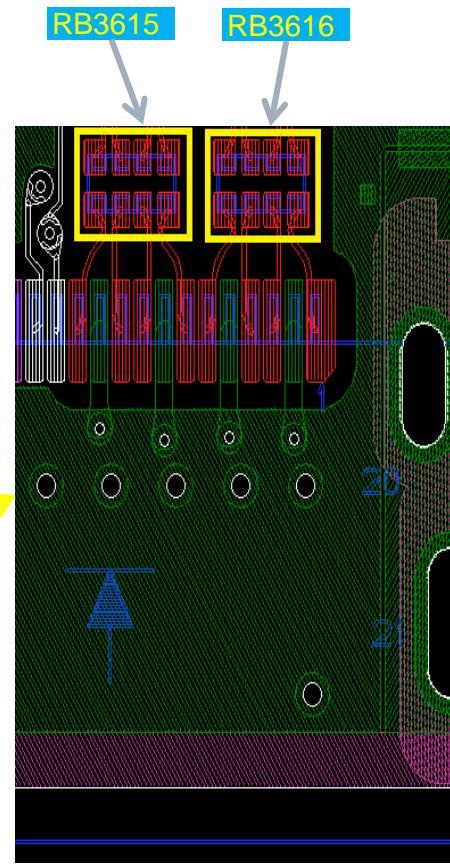
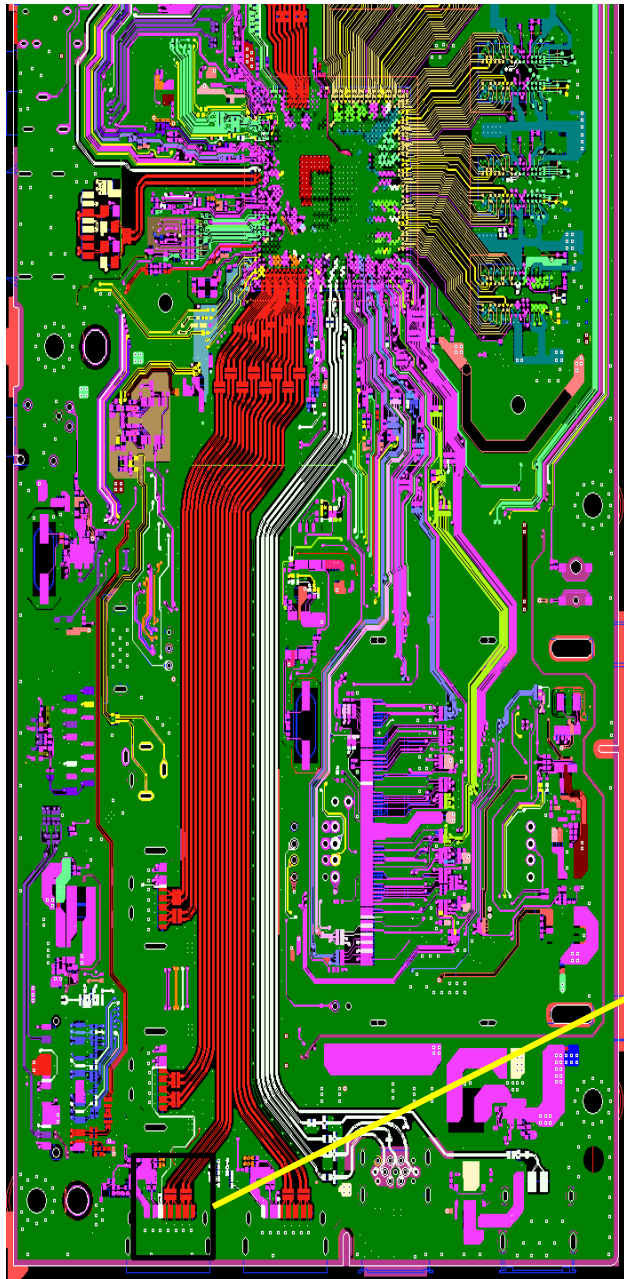
# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI2



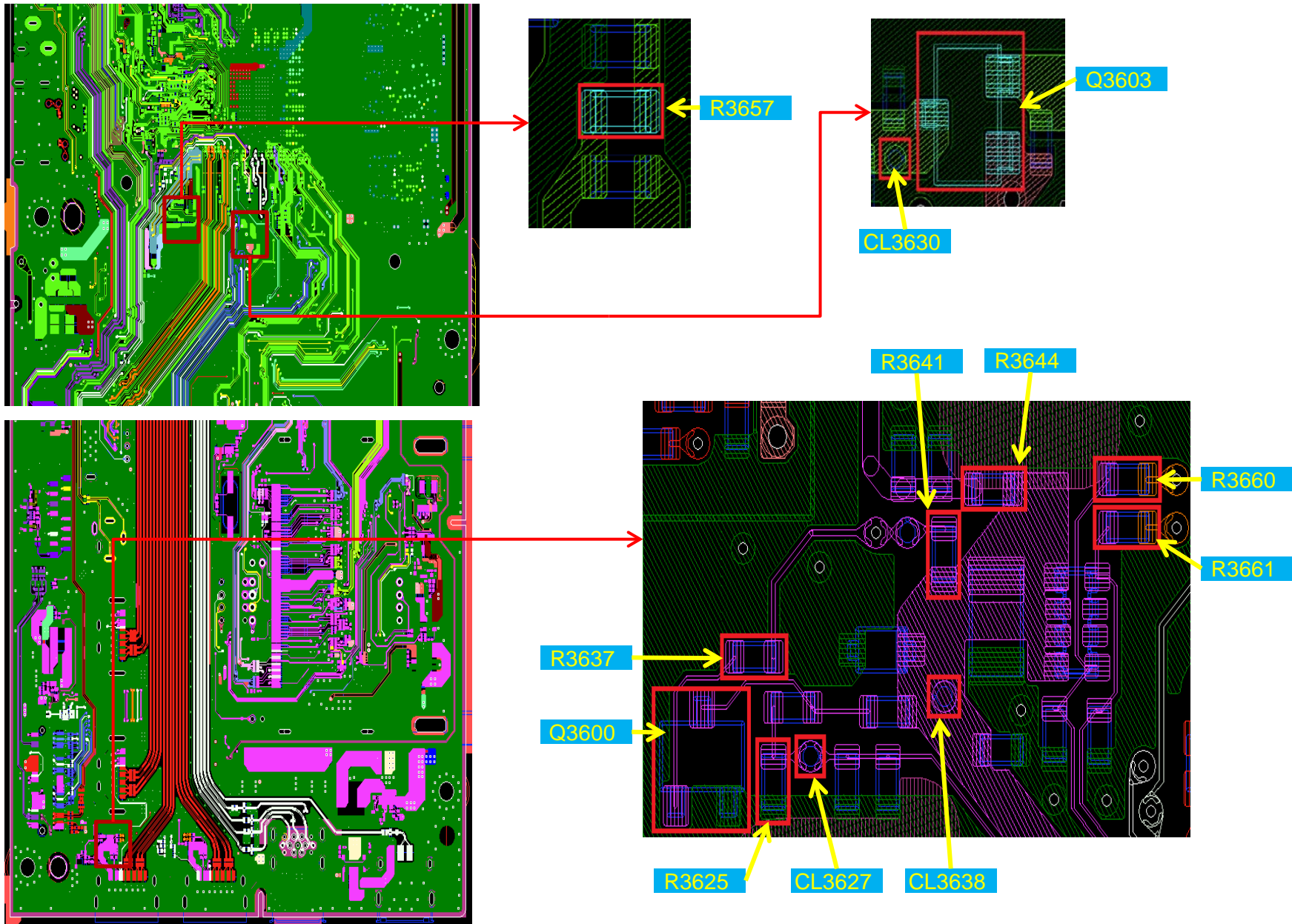
## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 3 [Supply & Signal Lines]

Power / Signal Lines	Check Point	Voltage Specification	Part to Check for NG/Broken
+5V	CL3638	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3644
Hot Plug Detect	CL3627	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3625, R3637, Q3600, R3641
I <sup>2</sup> C - SDA	R3660	$4.5V \leq V_{SDA} \leq 5.5V$	R3660
I <sup>2</sup> C - SCL	R3661	$4.5V \leq V_{SCL} \leq 5.5V$	R3661
TMDS CLK	RB3615	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDSCLK} \leq 3.3V$	RB3615
TMDS D0	RB3615	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS0} \leq 3.3V$	RB3615
TMDS D1	RB3616	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS1} \leq 3.3V$	RB3616
TMDS D2	RB3616	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS2} \leq 3.3V$	RB3616
+1.05V	R3657	$+1.05V \pm 10\%$	R3657
+3.3V Main	CL3630	$+3.3V \pm 10\%$	Q3603

# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 3



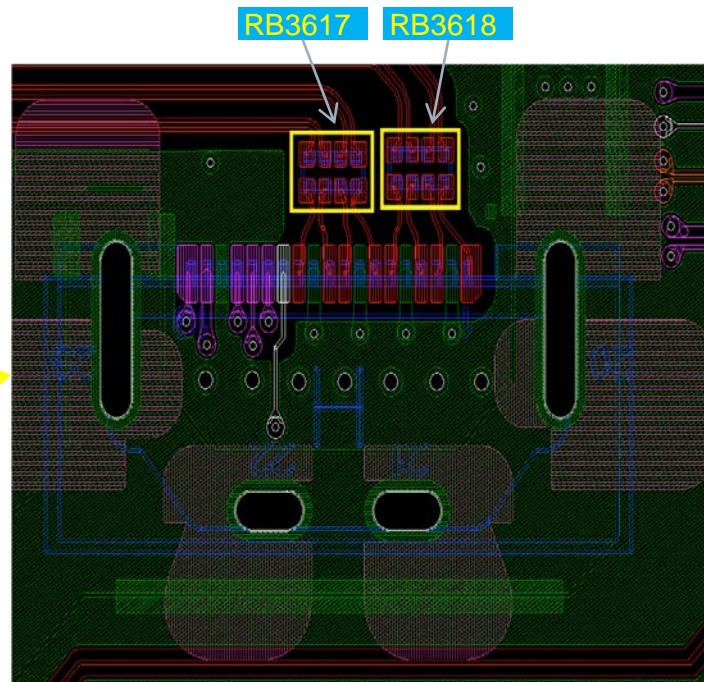
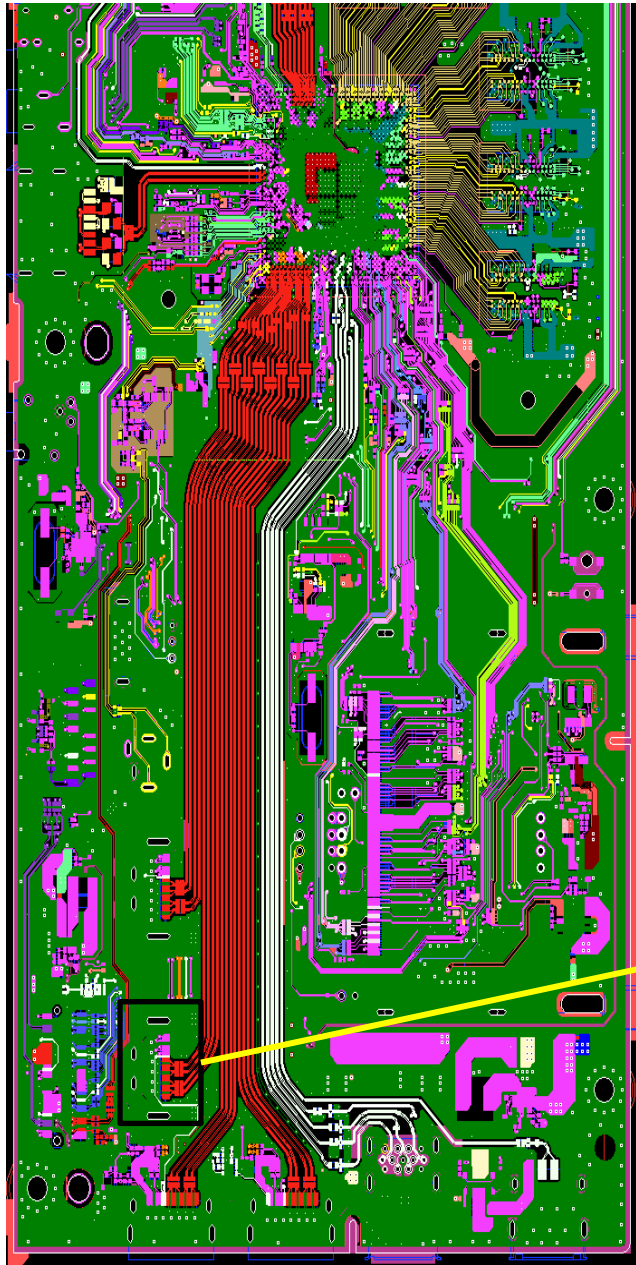
# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 3



## 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 4 [Supply & Signal Lines]

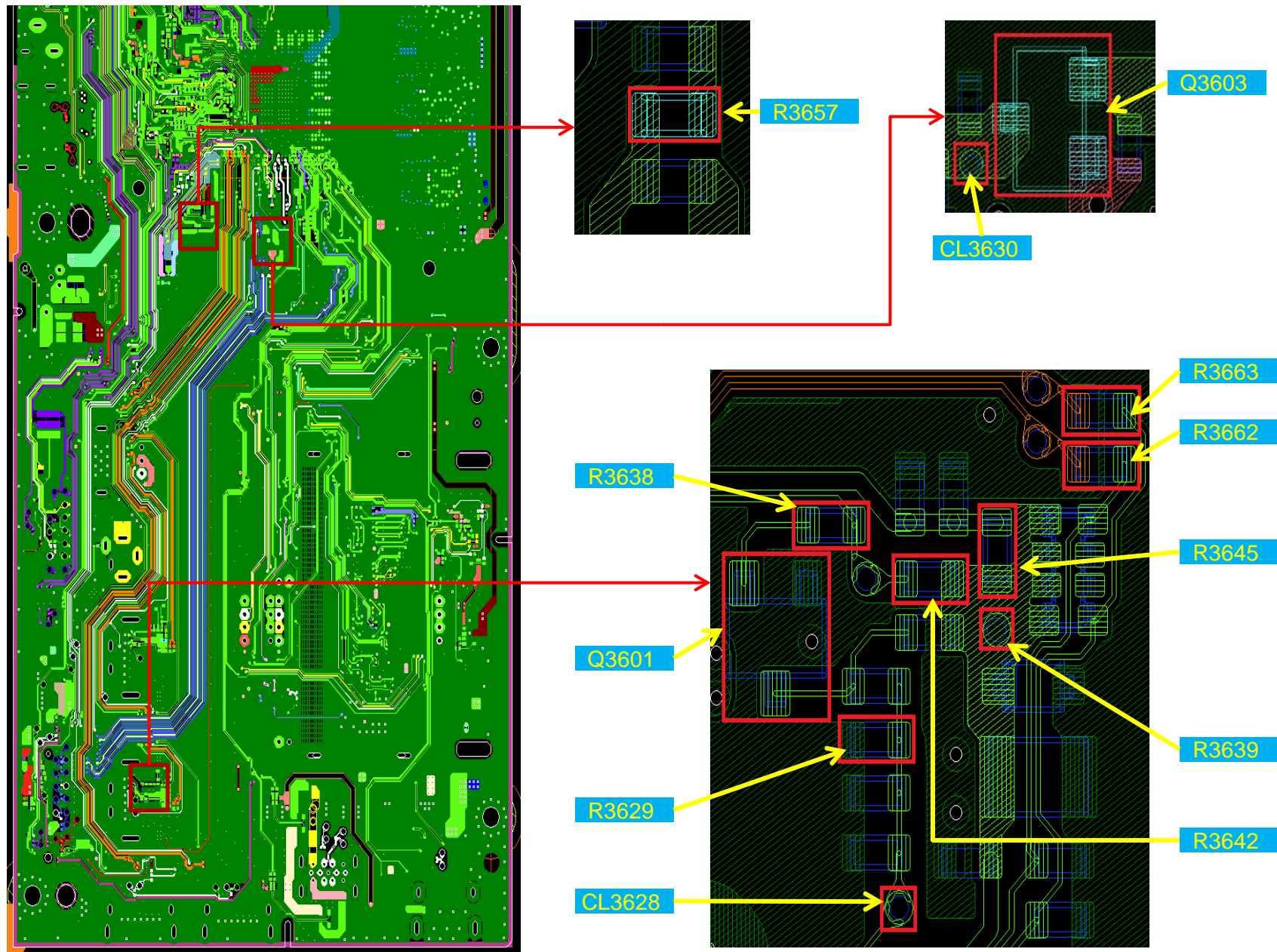
Power / Signal Lines	Check Point	Voltage Specification	Part to Check for NG/Broken
+5V	CL3639	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3645
Hot Plug Detect	CL3628	$4.8 \leq V_{5V} \leq 5.3$	R3626, R3638, R3642, Q3601
I <sup>2</sup> C - SDA	R3662	$4.5V \leq V_{SDA} \leq 5.5V$	R3662
I <sup>2</sup> C - SCL	R3663	$4.5V \leq V_{SCL} \leq 5.5V$	R3663
TMDS CLK	RB3617	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDSCLK} \leq 3.3V$	RB3617
TMDS D0	RB3617	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS0} \leq 3.3V$	RB3617
TMDS D1	RB3618	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS1} \leq 3.3V$	RB3618
TMDS D2	RB3618	$2.6V \leq V_{TMDS2} \leq 3.3V$	RB3618
+1.05V	R3657	$+1.05V \pm 10\%$	R3657
+3.3V Main	CL3630	$+3.3V \pm 10\%$	Q3603

# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 4





# 4.5 NO PICTURE: HDMI 4



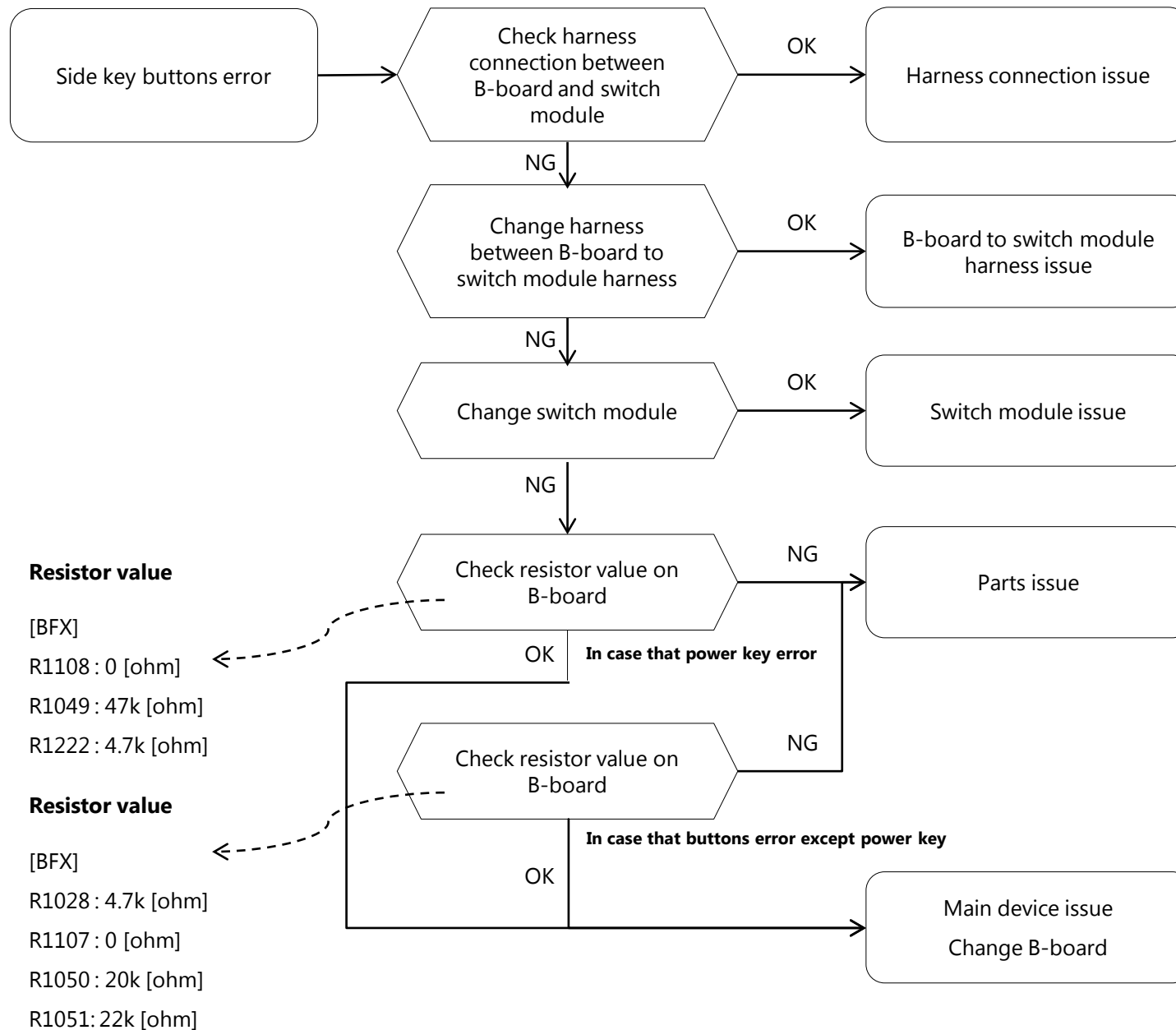
## 4.5 NO PICTURE: Part Change List & Description

Part Name	Part No.	Part Value	Part Description	Part Size
R3644 R3645 R3646 R3647	121895381	1K	RES, CHIP 1.0K (1005)	1005
R3625 R3626 R3627	121897781	100k	RES, CHIP 100K (1005)	1005
R3637 R3638 R3639	121895381	1k	RES, CHIP 1.0K (1005)	1005
R3641 R3642 R3643	121896181	4.7k	RES, CHIP 4.7K (1005)	1005
R3619	122080381	4.7	RES, CHIP 4.7 (1005)	1005
Q3600 Q3601 Q3602	872923064	-	TRANSISTOR 2SC4116YG-TE85L	S8550
R3658 R3659 R3660 R3661 R3662 R3663 R3664 R3665	121894181	100	RES, CHIP 100 (1005)	1005

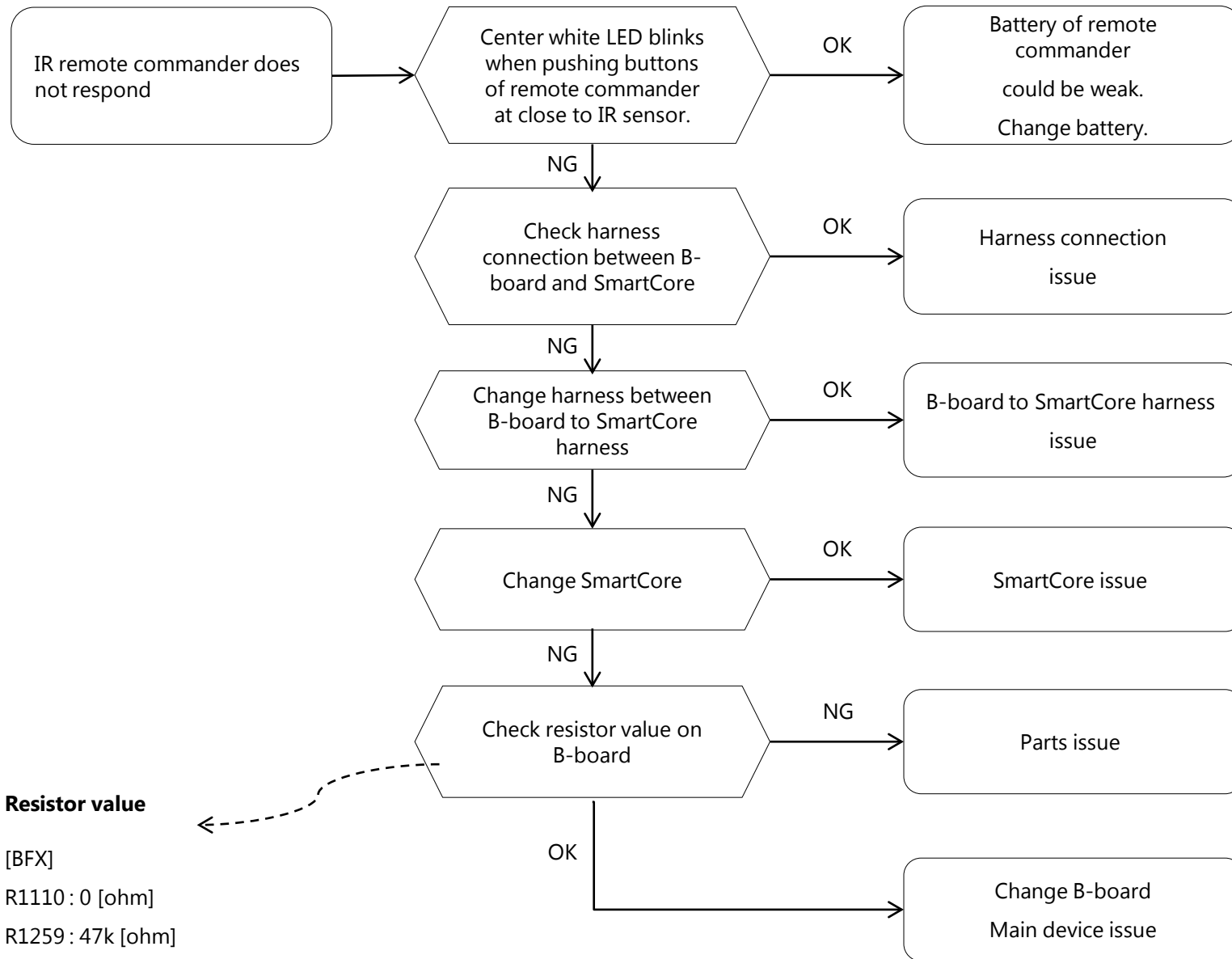
## 4.5 NO PICTURE: Part Change List & Description

Part Name	Part No.	Part Value	Part Description	Part Size
RB3613 RB3614 RB3615 RB3616 RB3617 RB3618 RB3619 RB3620	123440021	0.05	CONDUCTOR, NETWORK (1005X4)	1005X4
R3657	121899081	0	CONDUCTOR, CHIP (1005)	1005
Q3603	655356601	-	TR SSM3K324R,LSONYF	-

# 5.0 Key Switch Buttons Error



# 5.1 IR Remote Commander Error



### Resistor value

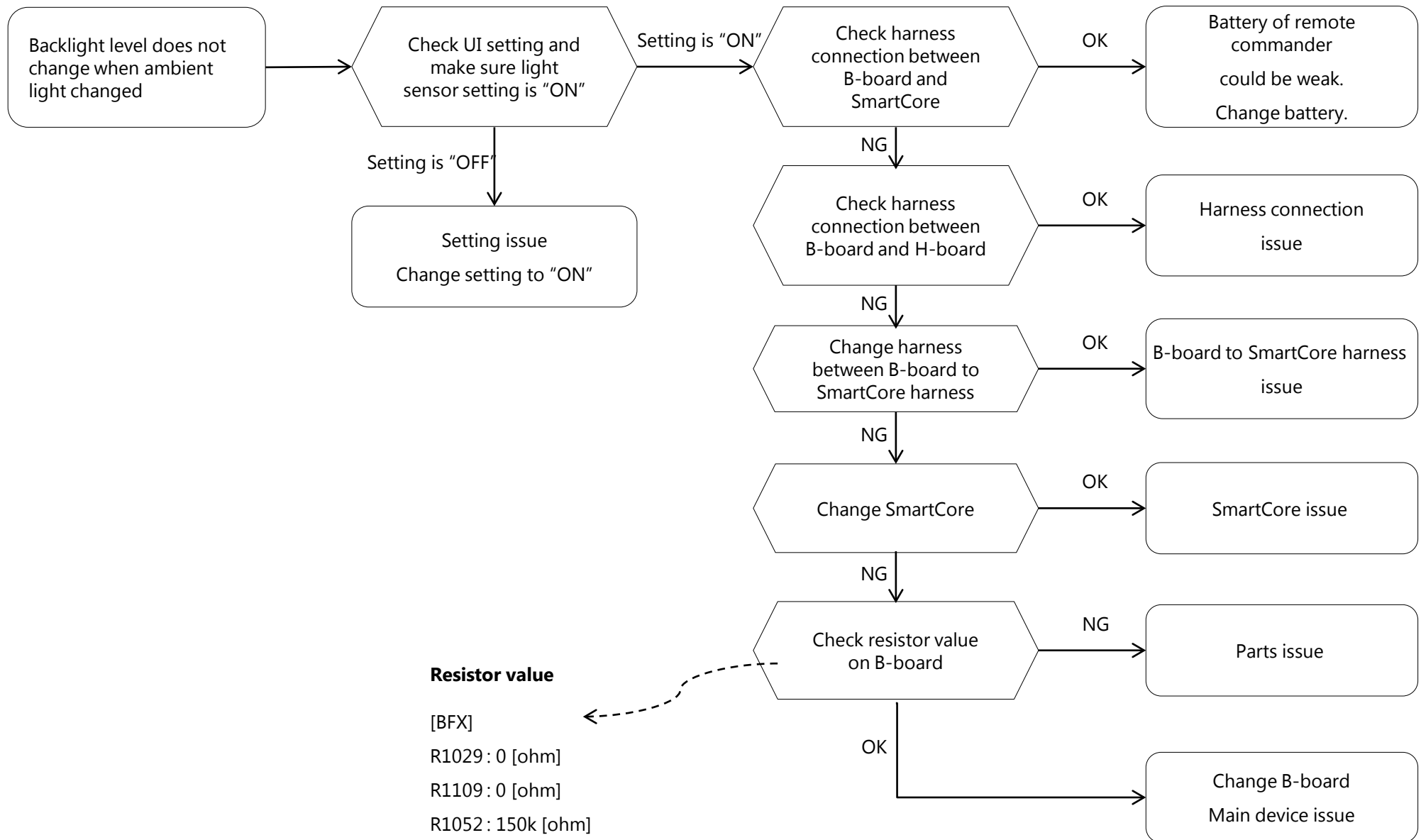
[BFX]

R1110 : 0 [ohm]

R1259 : 47k [ohm]

\* R1110 may be not mounted

## 5.2 Light Sensor Error



### Resistor value

[BFX]

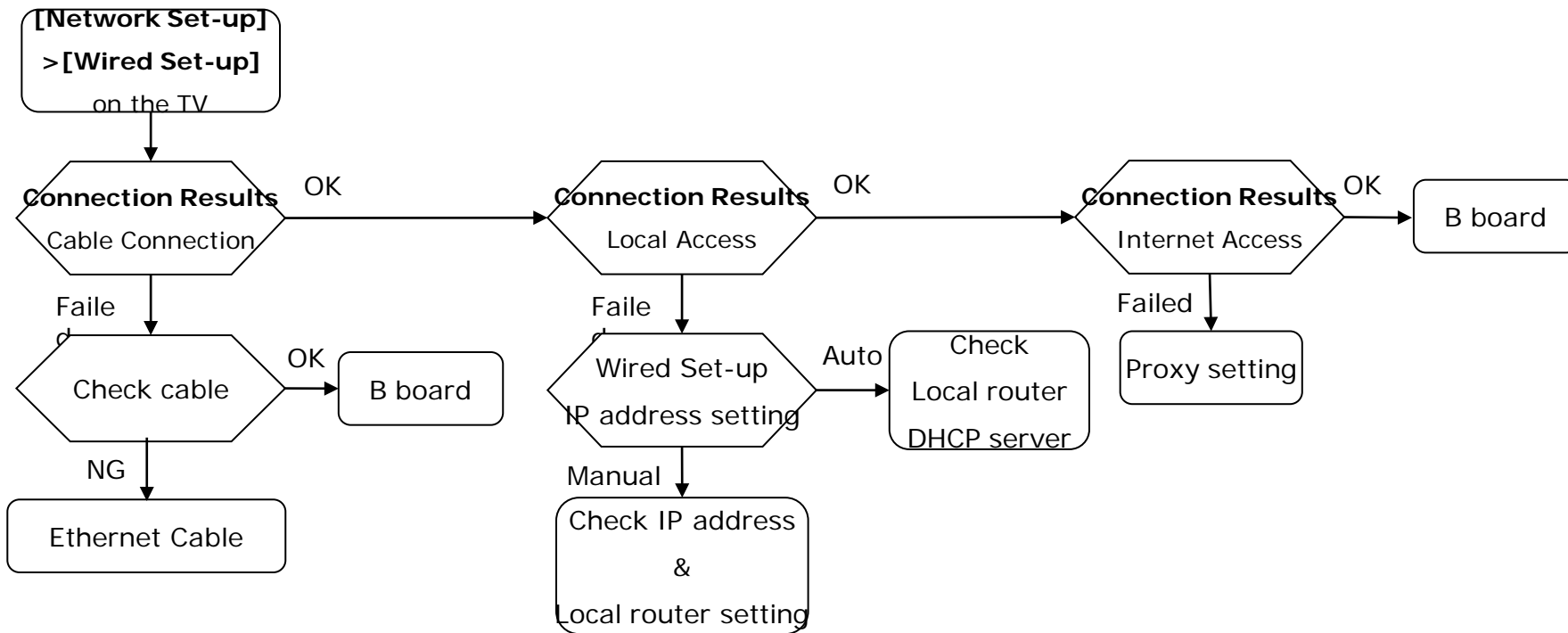
R1029 : 0 [ohm]

R1109 : 0 [ohm]

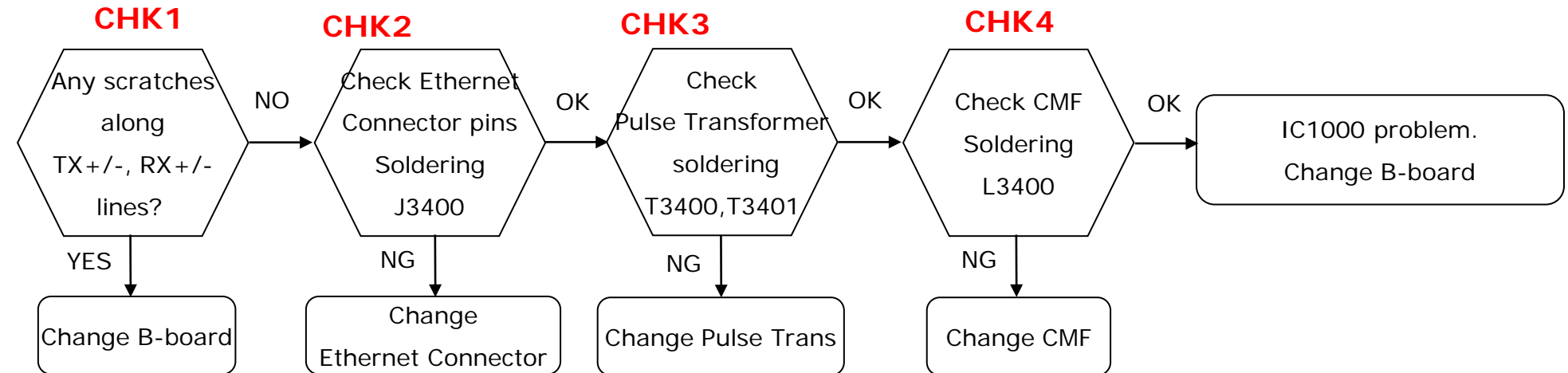
R1052 : 150k [ohm]

\* R1029, R1109 may be not mounted

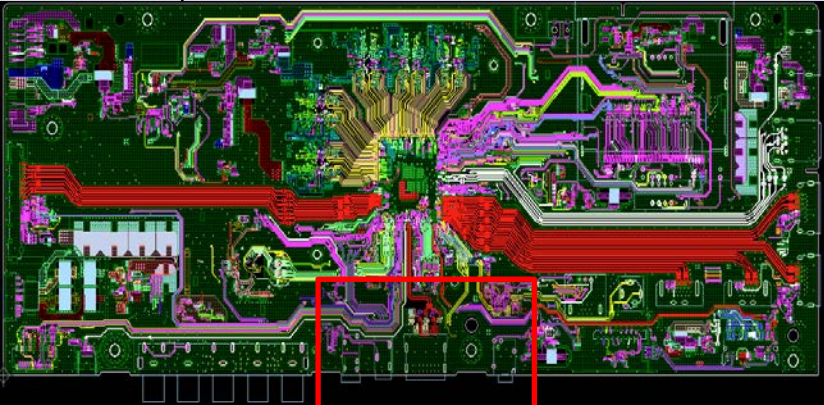
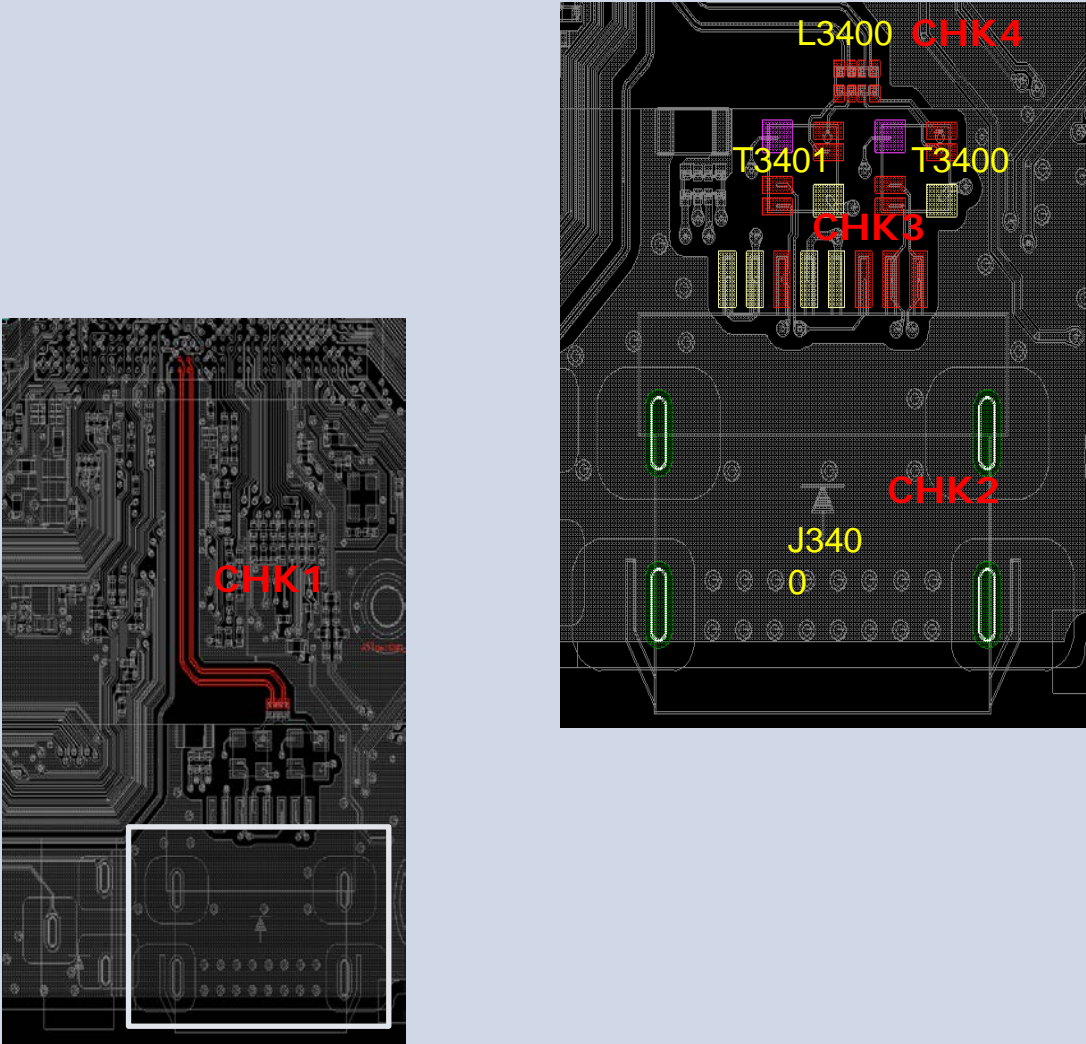
# 6.1 Ethernet Troubleshooting Flow



## B Board



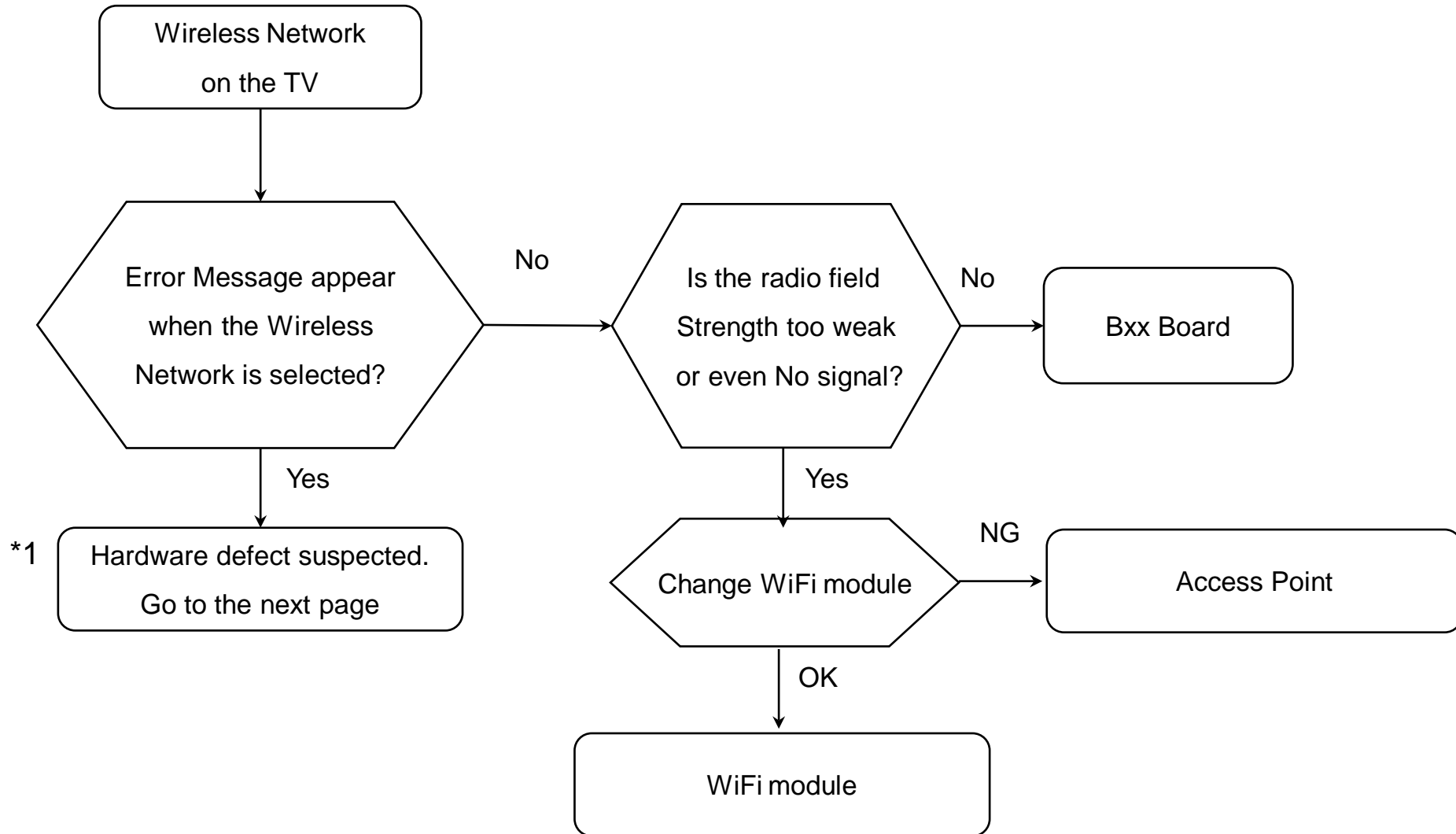
# 6.1 Ethernet Troubleshooting Flow (Checking Points)

Board Name	Board PWB (A side)	Detail
<p>BFX</p> 		

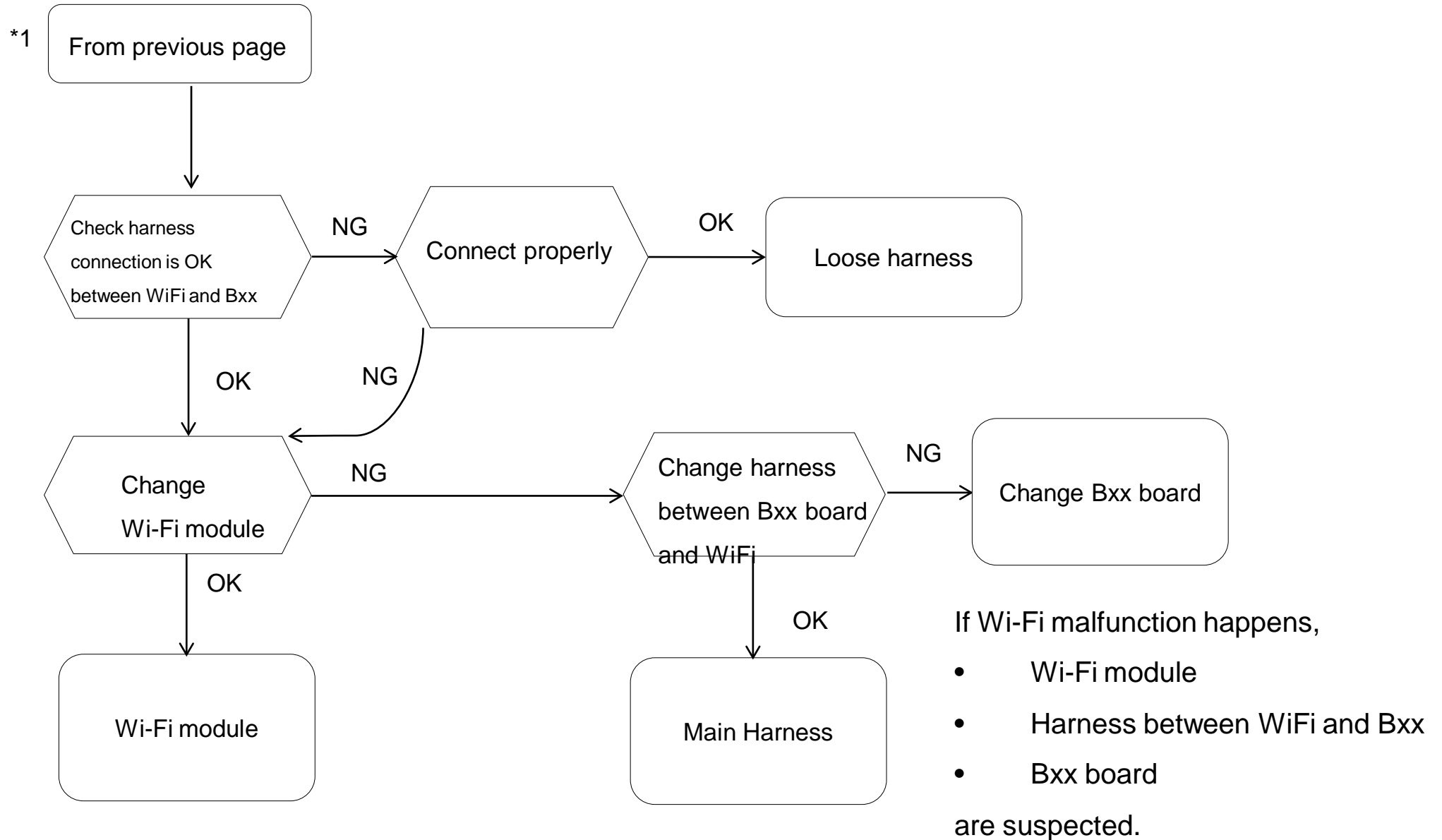


## 6.2 Wireless Network malfunction (continue)

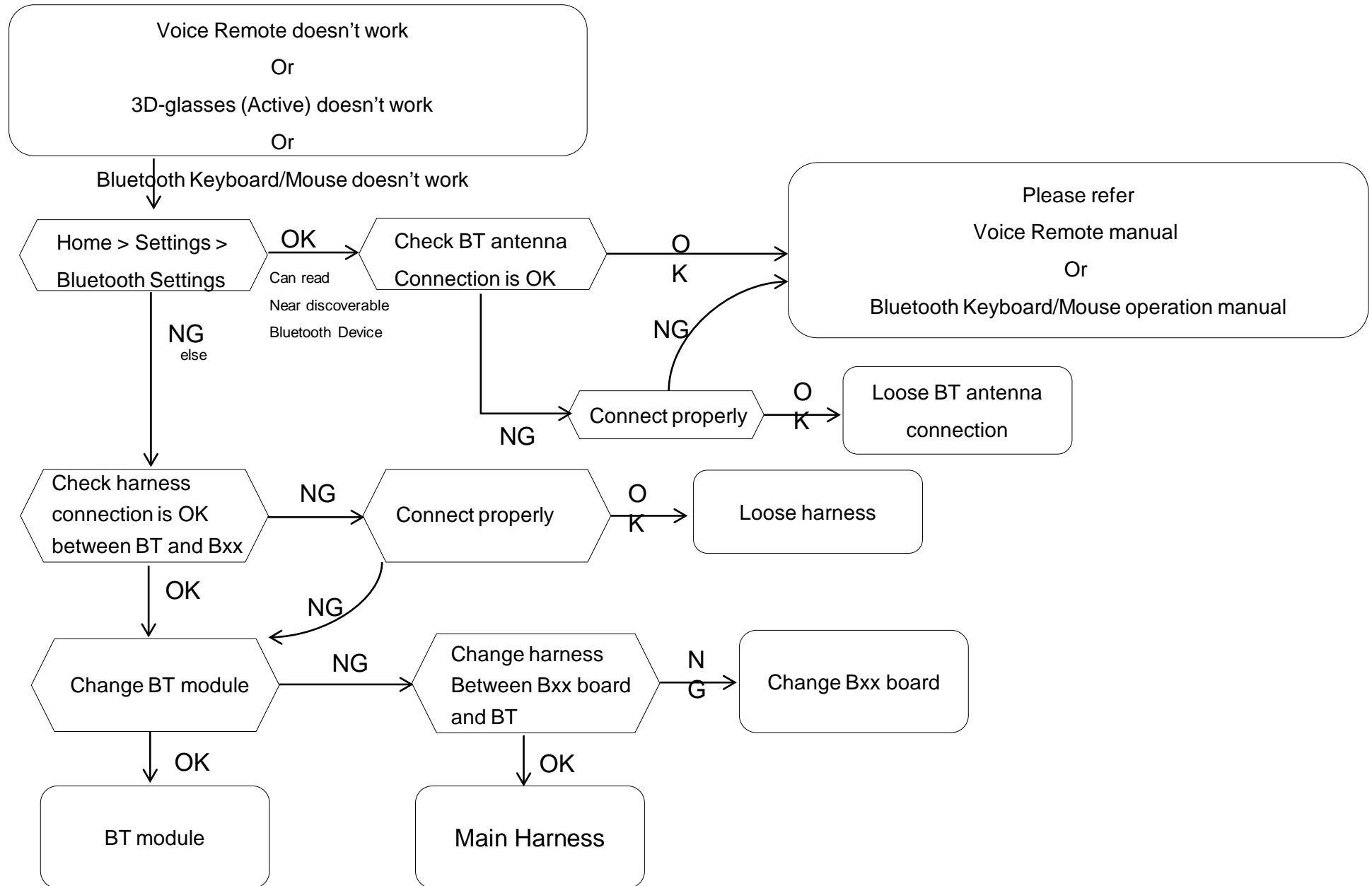
### 1) Internal Wireless Network malfunction



## 6.2 Wireless Network malfunction



## 6.3 Bluetooth malfunction



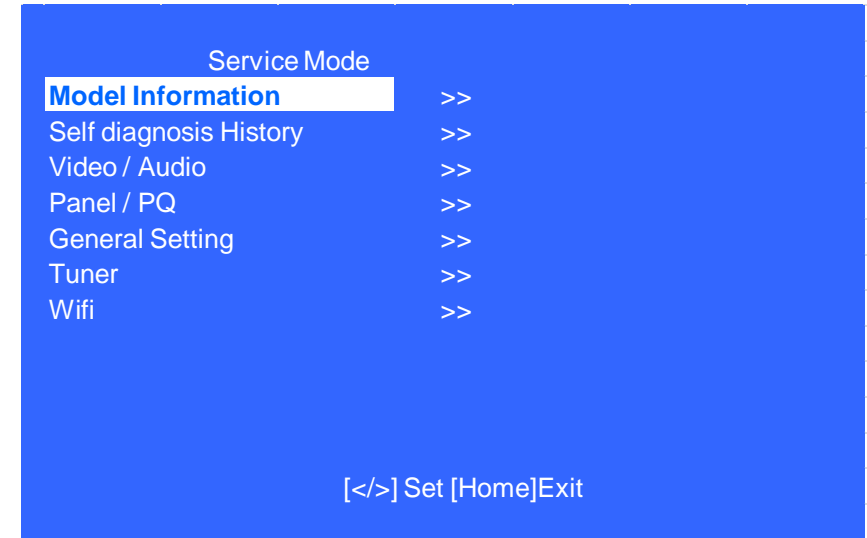
## SECTION 4 SERVICE ADJUSTMENTS

When finished the operation of service mode , please AC Plug OFF/ON the TV set.

### How to Enter Service Mode

#### From Standby Mode

1. Go to TV standby condition by remote commander.
2. Press “i+ (info)/Display”, “5”, “Volume+” then “TV power” on remote.
3. You can see Service menu on display.



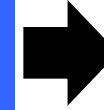
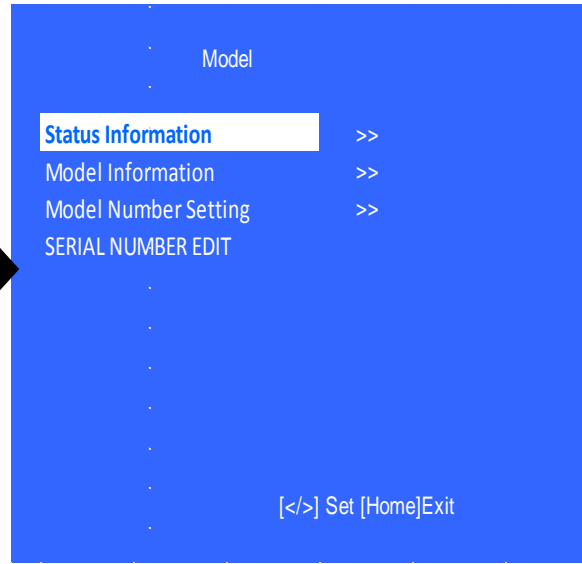
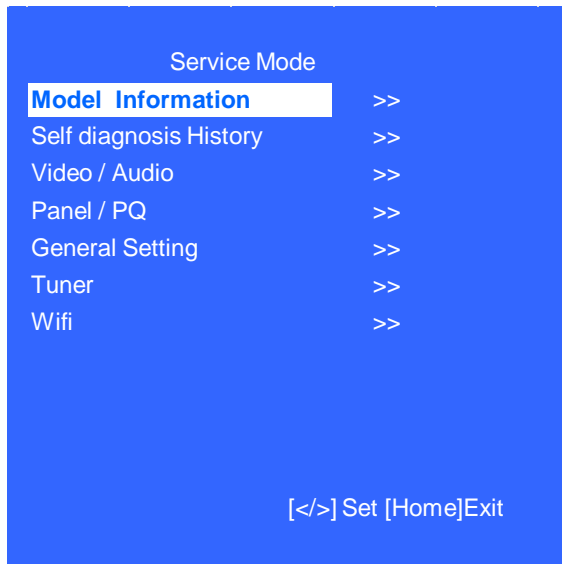
### Key Behavior Summary

Key	Behavior
Menu	Close service menu
Cursor/Enter	Return Previous page, Change portion of focus item, Enter next page of focus item, etc..
Return	Return to previous page, close service menu etc..

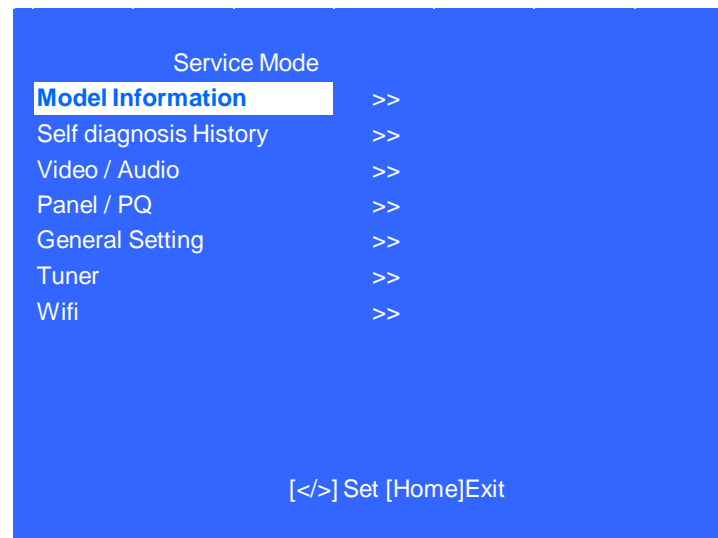
\*Service menu disappears, but the app is working in the background, If you don't do AC plug OFF/ON, remain the Service Mode App and User can see the Service Mode after RC ON

## Software Version

1) In Service Mode, select “Model Information”, press “Enter” or → button to enter Status Information

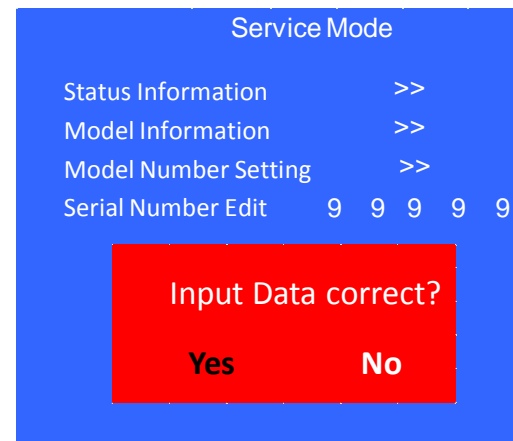
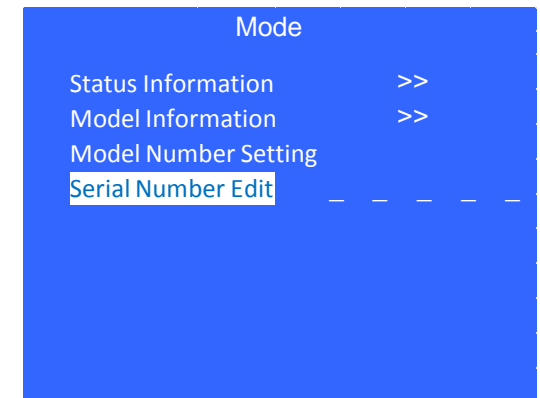
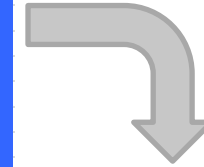
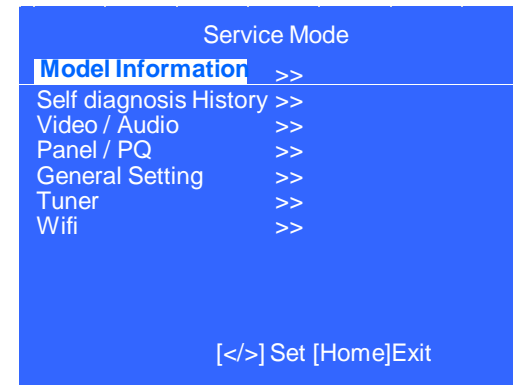


2) Press “Enter” or “Return” button to return to Service Mode



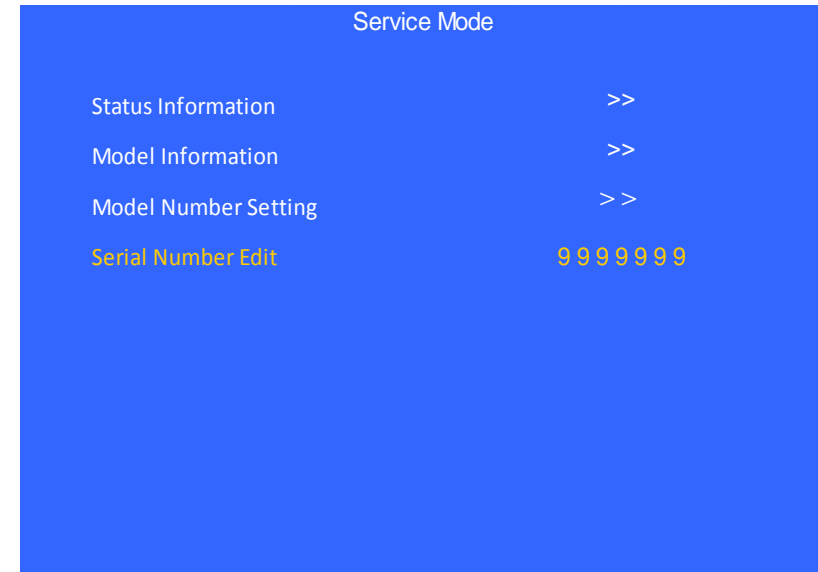
## Serial Number Edit (1)

- 1) In "Service Mode", select "Model Information" by pressing "↑" or "↓" then pressing "Enter" or "→" button to enter inside.
- 2) Select "Serial Number Edit" by pressing "↑" or "↓" button then pressing "→" button
- 3) Press "↑" or "↓" to input numbers
- 4) After user input data , press <Enter>
  - Pop-up dialog appear to confirm input data correct
  - Serial Number can be set ONLY ONCE
- 5) Press "→" or "←" button to select YES or NO. Select YES if input data is correct. Select NO if input data is incorrect. Press <Enter> to save answer.

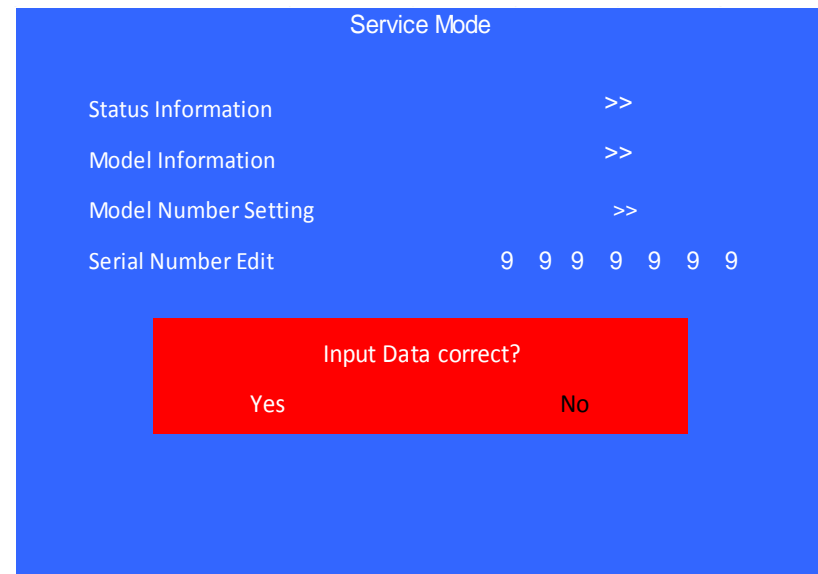


## Serial Number Edit (2)

If YES is selected, the input data is saved into EEPROM. SERIAL NUMBER EDIT is grayed out and the serial number that has been input is displayed. User will not be able to edit anymore.

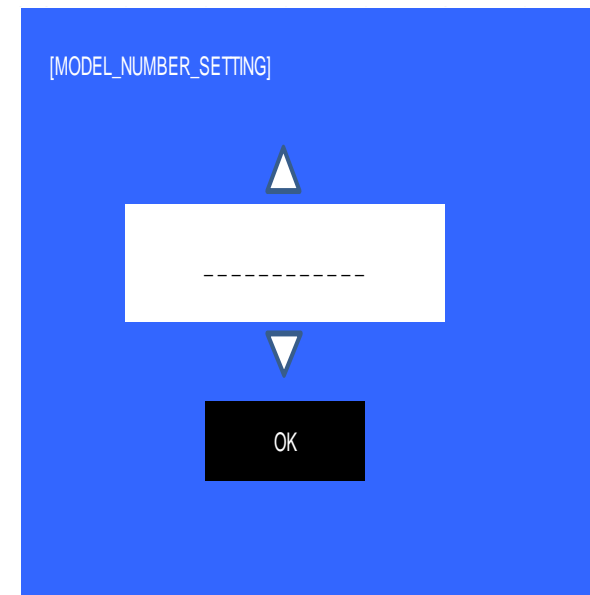
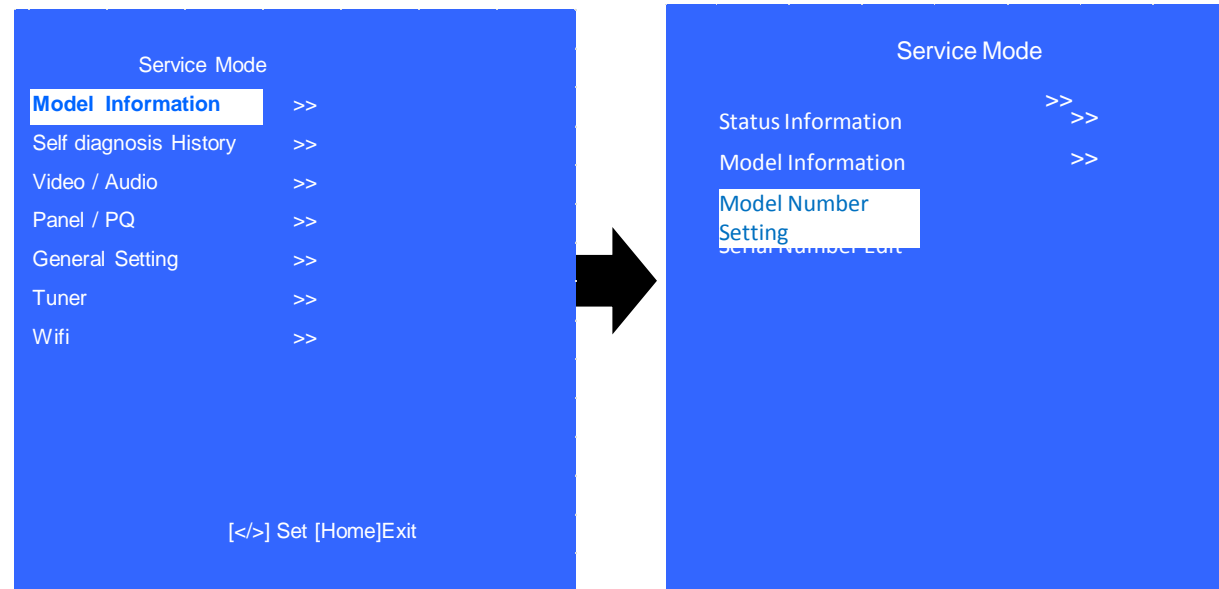


If NO is selected, the input data is not saved into EEPROM. The serial number that has been input is displayed. User can still edit the Serial Number.



## Model Number Setting

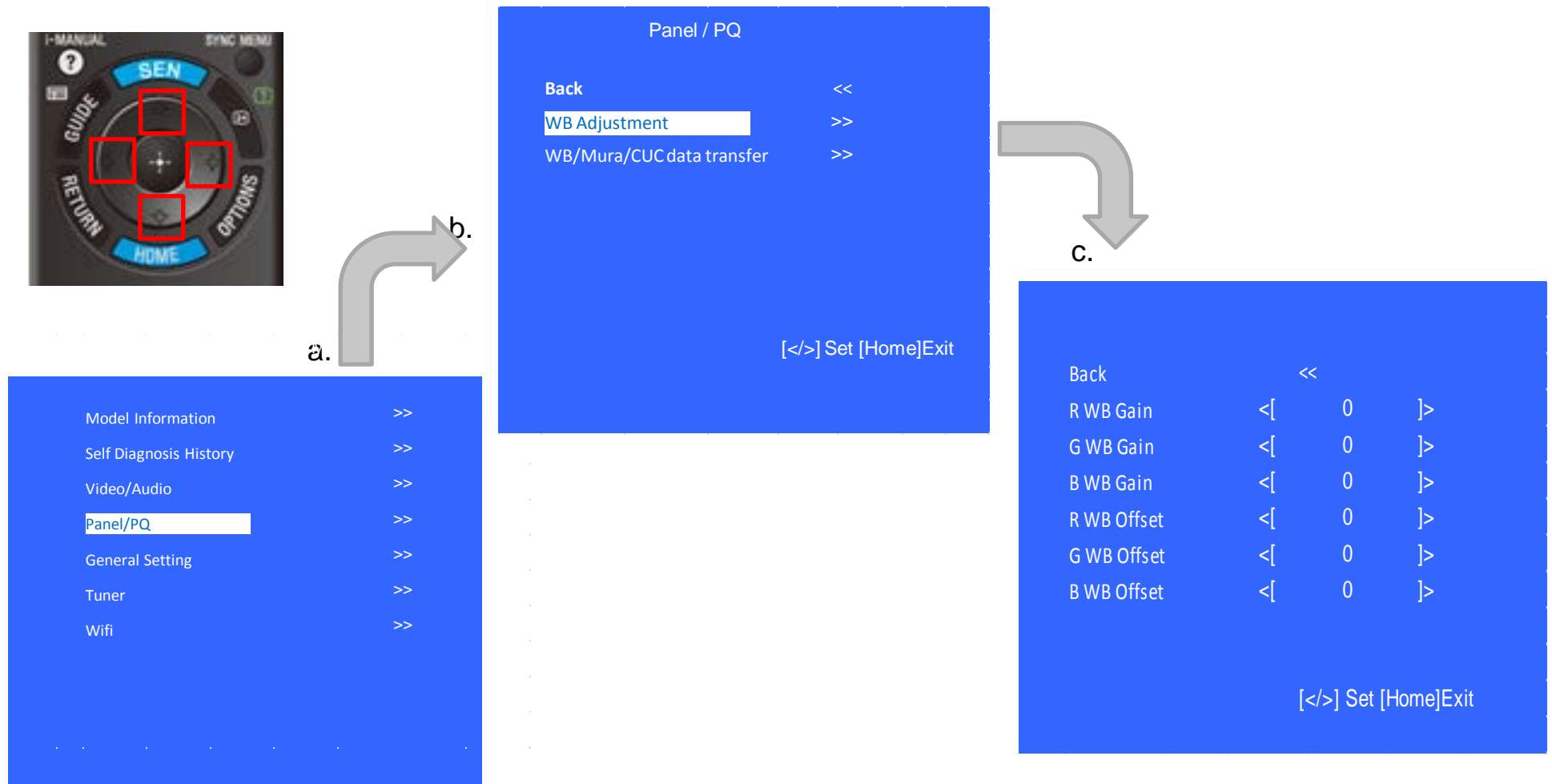
- 1) In “Service Mode”, select “Model Information” by pressing “↑” or “↓” then pressing “Enter” or “→” button to enter inside.
- 2) Select “Model Number Setting” by pressing “↑” or “↓” button then pressing “Enter” or “→” button
- 3) Press “↑” or “↓” arrow key to scroll Product Name Candidate.  
→(e.g. KDL-40X500B CO1,KDL-40X500C BR6)
- 4) Select one Product Name from the list, press <Enter> will pop dialog to inform user to confirm data  
Model dependent settings will be overwritten into EEPROM.





Please apply Main board or panel is replaced.

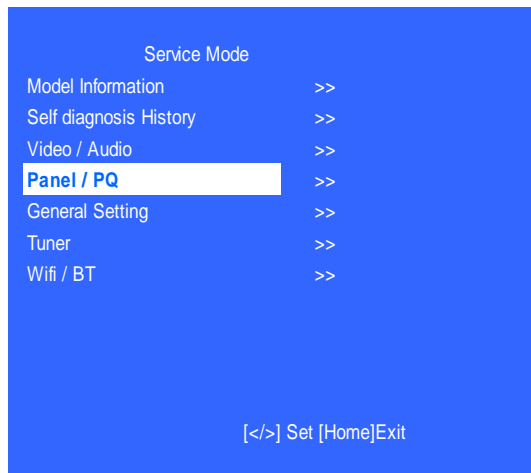
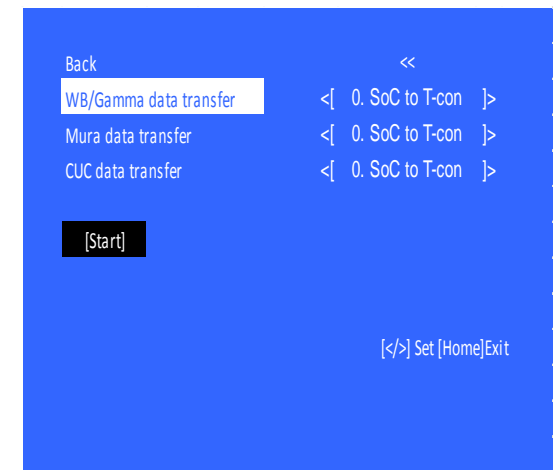
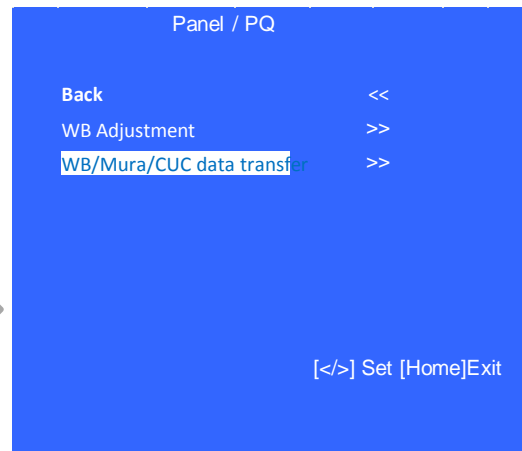
1. In "Panel/PQ" service mode
  - a. Go to "WB Adjustment" category by "↑" or "↓".
  - b. To select "WB Adjustment", press → button.
  - c. To change data , press "←" or "→" on remote commander.



## WB/Mura/CUC data transfer

Please apply Main board or panel is replaced.

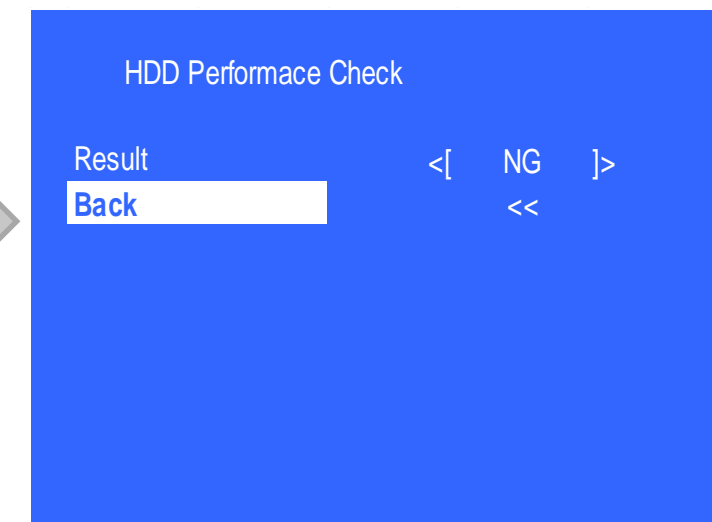
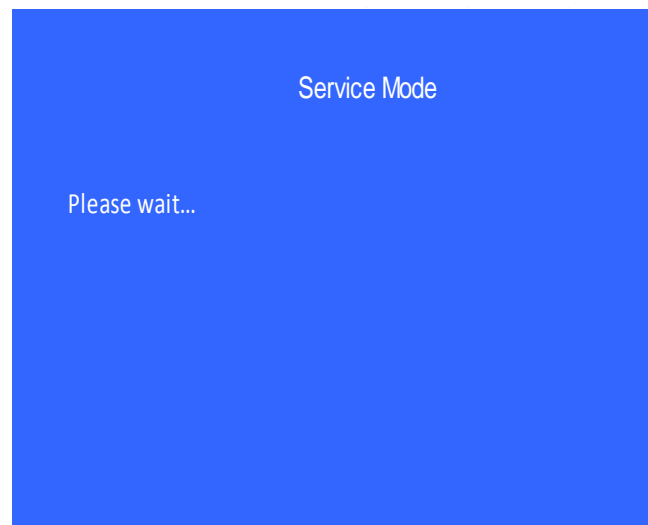
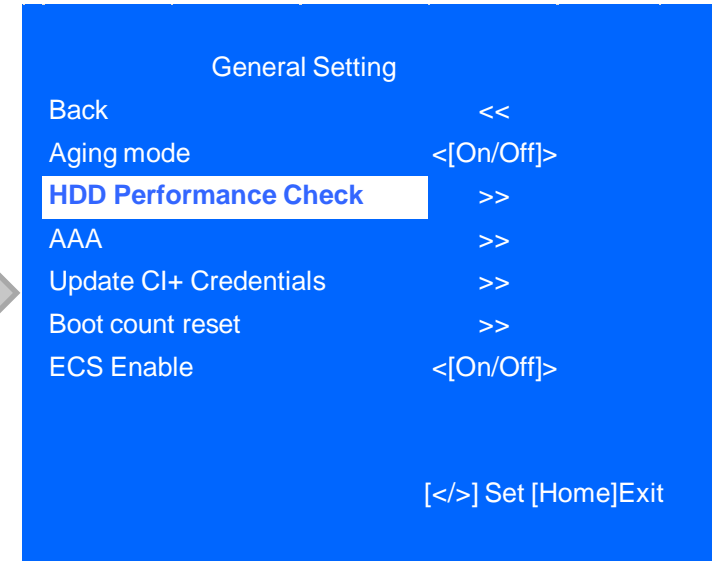
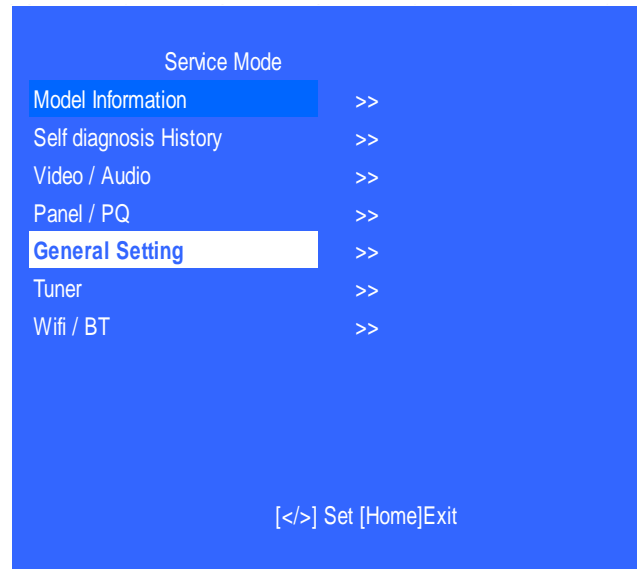
1. In “Panel/PQ” service mode
  - a. Go to “WB/Mura/CUC data transfer” category by “↑” or “↓”.
  - b. To select “WB/Mura/CUC data transfer”, press → button.
  - c. To change data , press “←” or “→” on remote commander.



2. In “WB/Mura/CUC data transfer”
  - a. Select “WB/Gamma data transfer” by pressing “↑” or “↓” on remote commander .
  - b. To change the items, press “←” or “→” on remote commander and press “Enter” button. Selectable items are:
    - SoC to T-con
    - T-con to SoC
    - Not atction
  - c. Select “[start]” and press “Enter” button to start transfer.

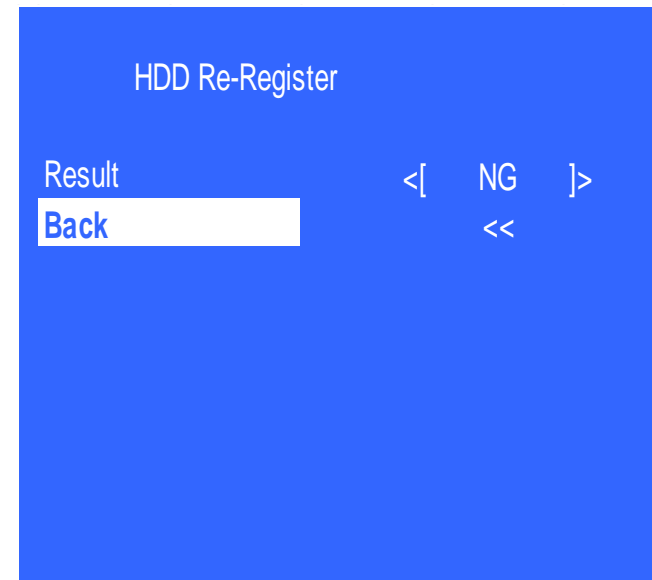
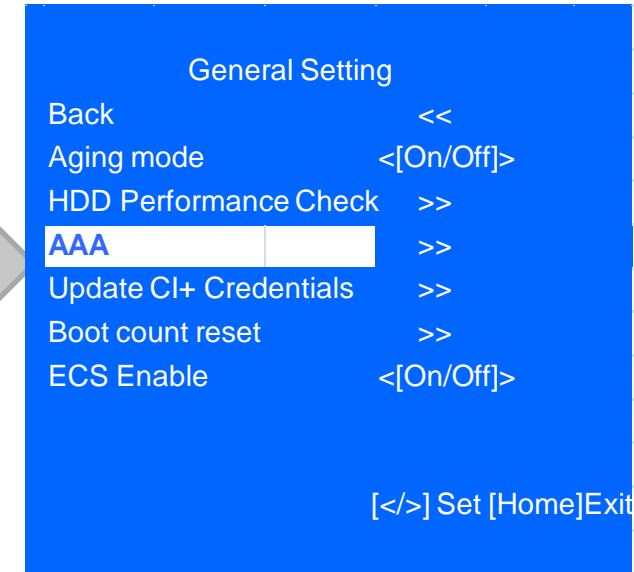
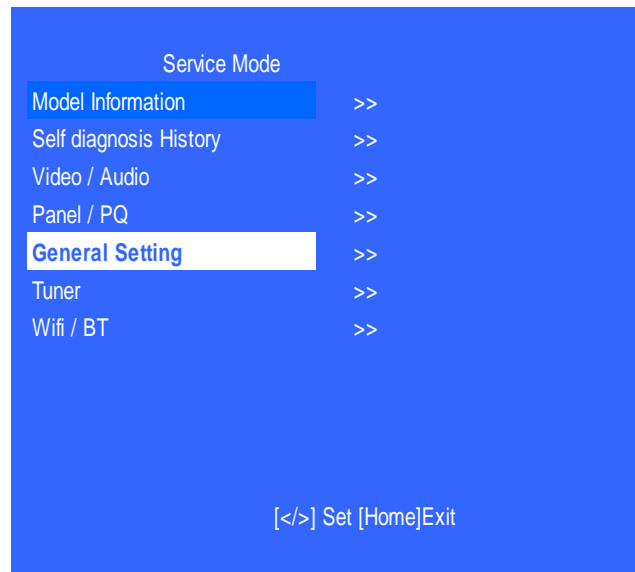
## HDD Performance Check

- 1) In "Service Mode", select "General Setting" by pressing "↑" or "↓" then pressing "Enter" or "→" button to enter inside.
- 2) Select "HDD Performance check" by pressing "↑" or "↓" then pressing "Enter" or "→" button to enter inside.
- 3) A message "Please wait ..." is displayed during performance check processing.
- 4) Result OK or NG will be displayed after performance of HDD is checked



## HDD Re-Register

1. In "Service Mode", select "General Setting" by pressing "↑" or "↓" then pressing "Enter" or "→" button to enter inside.
2. Select "AAA" by pressing "↑" or "↓" then pressing "Enter" or "→" button to enter inside.
3. Result OK or NG will be displayed after HDD re-registration is succeed/failed



## Summary of Service Control

---

Function	The flow of control
Service mode on	Display> <5> <Vol Up> <Power>
Service mode off	AC plug OFF
Item up / down	<↑> / <↓>
Item select left/right	<←> / <→>
Execute (実行)	<OK>

## How to Enter Self Diagnosis Display

### Directly go to Self diagnosis display without entering Service Mode

1. Go to TV standby condition by remote commander.
2. Press “i+ (info)”, “5”, “Volume-” then “TV power” on remote.
3. You can see Self Check.

```
SELF CHECK
Back <<
002 MAIN_POWER 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
003 DC_ALERT 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
003 AUD_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
003 HDMI_EQ 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
003 TU_DEMOD 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
004 LD_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
004 BCM_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
005 TCON_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000

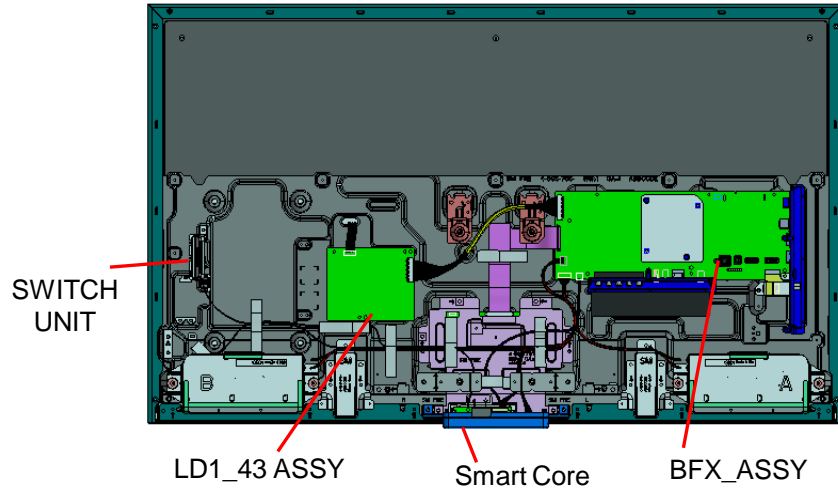
006 BACKLIGHT_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
007 TEMP_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
007 4KBE_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
008 SW_ERR 000000000000 000000000000 000000000000 000
00000 00000 00000

[Home]Exit
```

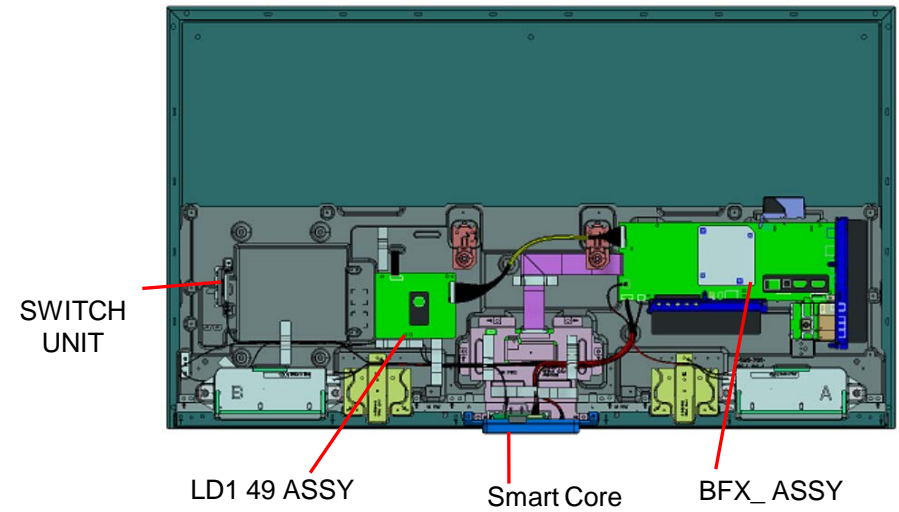
# SECTION 2 DIAGRAMS

## 2-1.CIRCUIT BOARD LOCATION

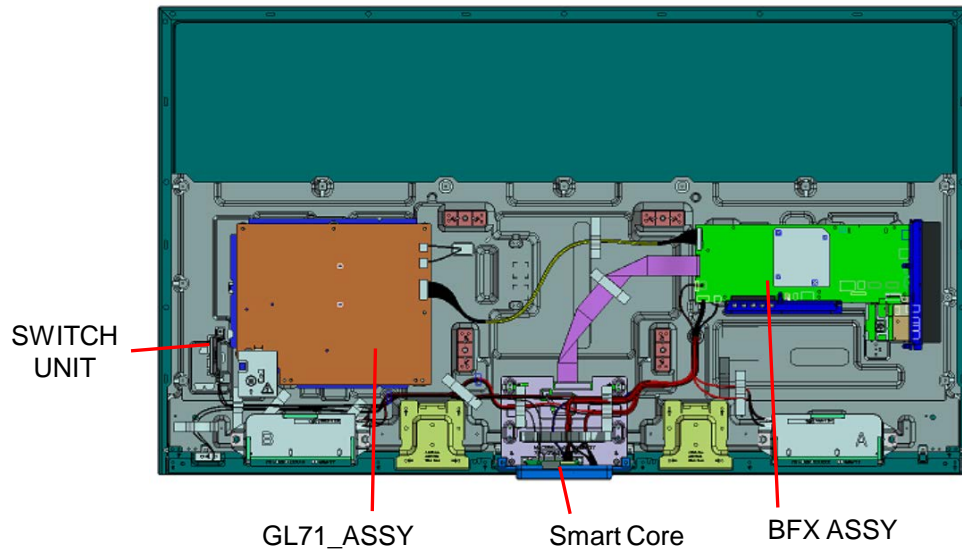
### 1. KDL- 43\*



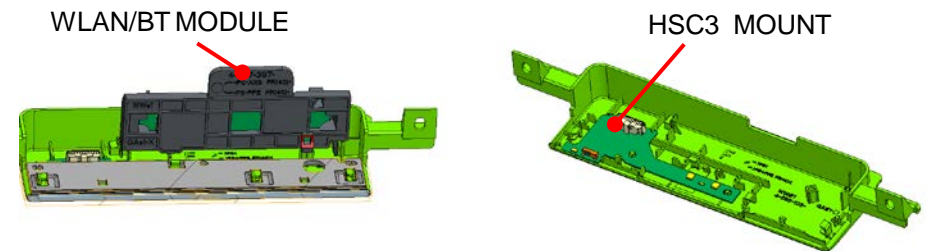
### 2. KDL- 49\*



### 3. KDL- 55\*



## SMART CORE BLOCK

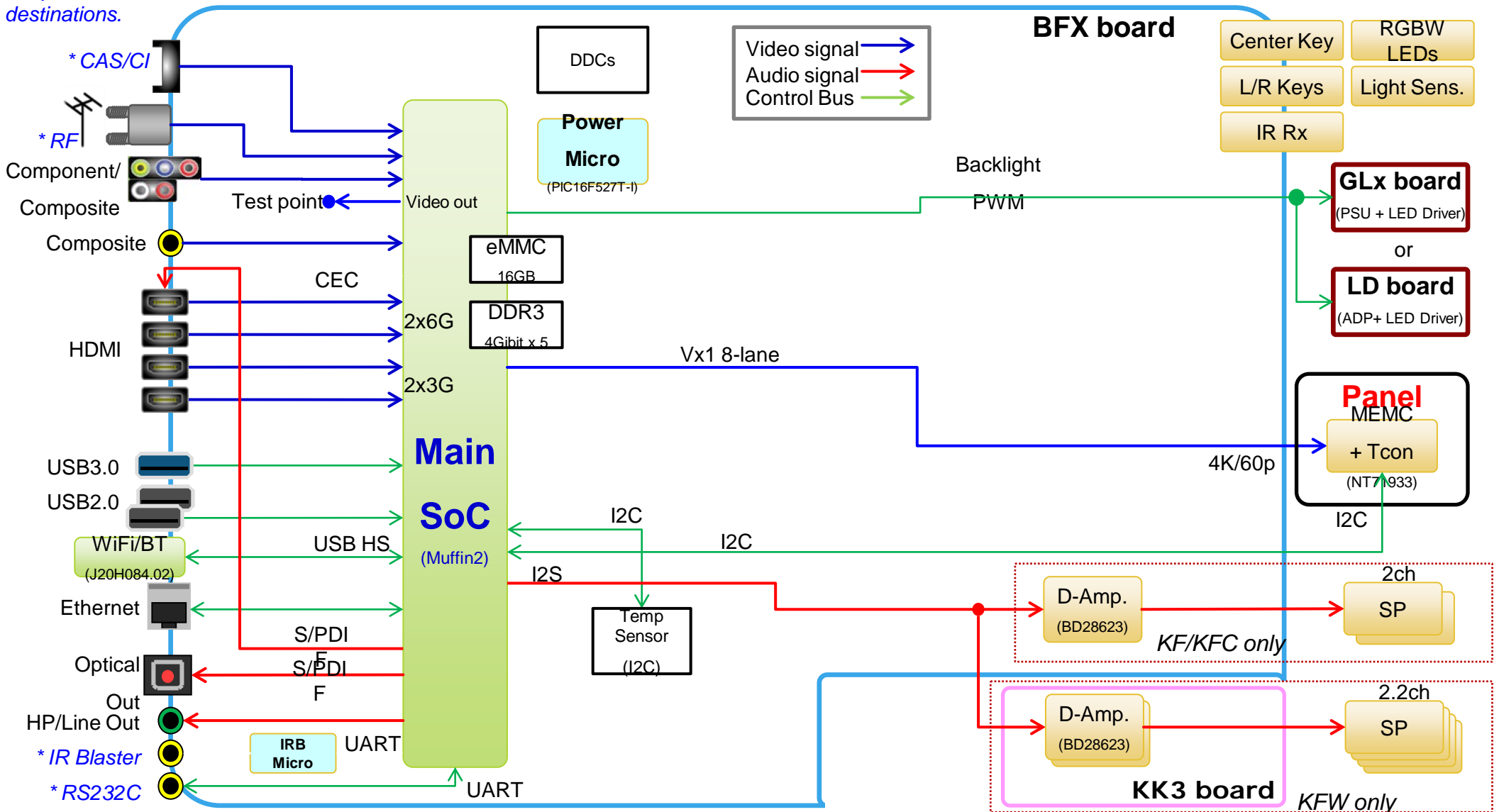


## 5-2. Block Diagram

FY17 KF/KFC/KFW

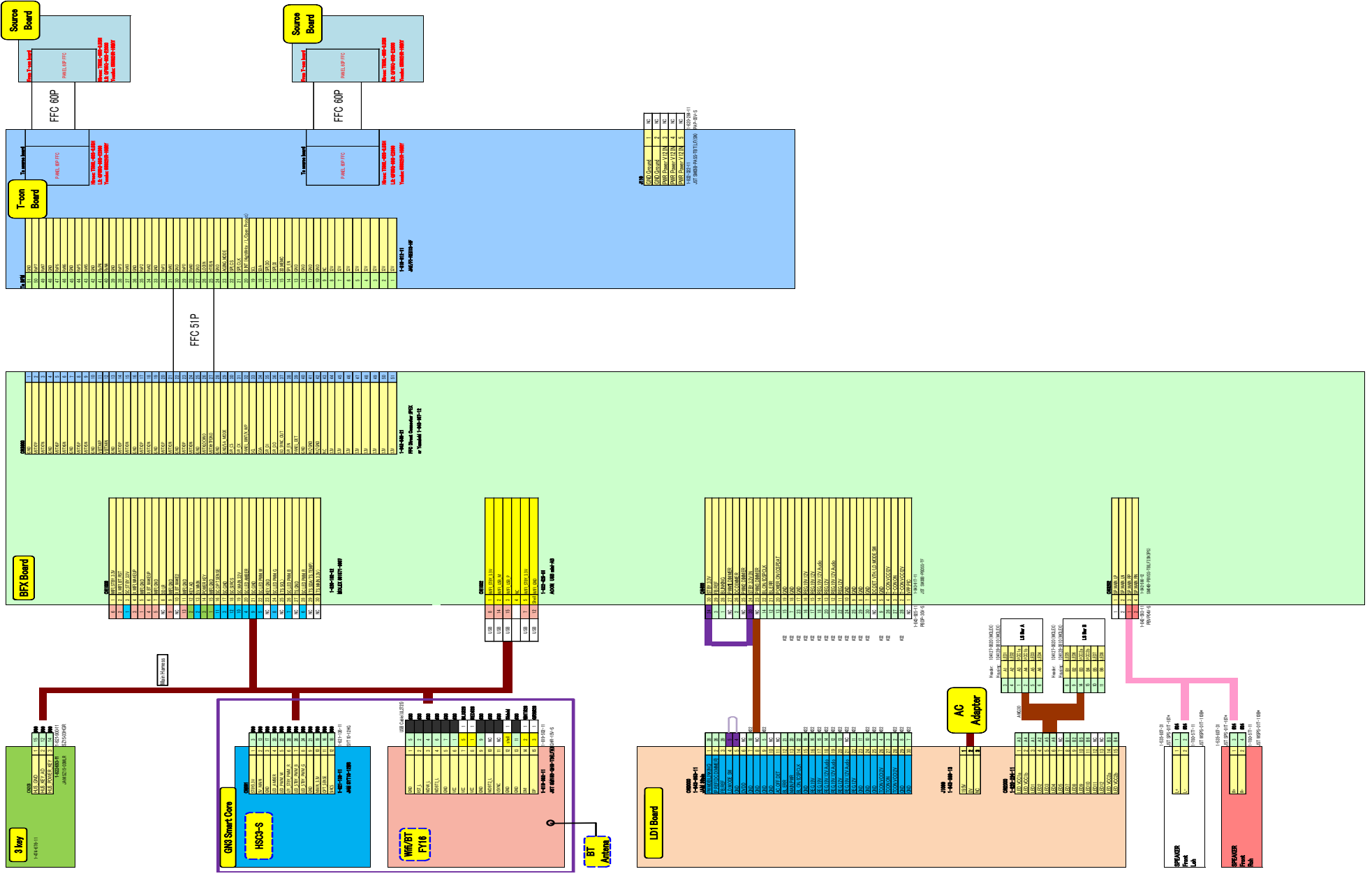
\* depend on destinations.

Some control lines are left out.





# 5-3. Connector Diagram : KF\_43





# 5-3. Connector Diagram : KF\_55

